rsday, April 8, at 9:30 2 REGULAR TRADE SAL DCKERY AND GLASSY

By POMEROY & CO. wn Stone Front Resid 85 Dearborn-av. (North Side),

LENDID SAL day Morning, April 7, at 10 a.

1084 West Harrison NEAR OAKLEY. I Front Brown Stone Re ursday Morning, April 8, at 10 o'clock

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April 29. Brawings, Authorized by Act of Luce of 1869, and Sustained by tets of Knowlexy, occurred relationships of the State, and were supervised by president of the State, sechology he

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\$100 Reward. will say to a charitable institution shift in case logistal Hernia that can be retained by the far we cannot retain with the FARKEH RETYS COMMON CENSE THUSS, Palented July
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New and Stylish

Chamber Sets!

Have just placed in stock an en-

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NY, MAPLE, and ASH; many of

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Also a line of SIDEBOARDS,

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CASES, late designs, and at

A cordial invitation to inspect

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SPIEGEL & CO.,

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An immense stock of all late styles. LARGEST INE CHAMBER SUITS in the West, all as

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The Great German Remedy.

[From the Chicago Tribune, Nov. 18, 1872.]

MME. MARIE SALVOTTI, the famous prims donns, who charmed the audience at the Wilhelm Charity Concerts few weeks ago, and who, it is understood, intends accompanying that famous violinist upon his tour to California, gave the following testimony on behalf of this remedy:

"Having repeatedly had occasion to seek reifer in severe cases of neuralgic and rheumatic pains, as well as when suffering from troublesome sore throat, if ind, after vainly trying many remedies, that nothing can compare with St. Jacobs Oil as a prompt and reliable cure for the aliments named. A number of my professional friends, who have experienced like satisfactory results, keep it as a traveling companion, and are also enthusiastic in its praise."

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The Chicago Daily Tribune.

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1880.

154 & 156 South Clark-st.,

VOLUME XL.

Dolmans,

MAIN STORE.

We have a complete line of Cloth, Satin de Lyon, and Silk Dolmans, together with a large line of Jackets and Ulsters, at our

50 All-Wool Jackets, perfect-fit-

100 Jackets, NEWEST SHAPES,

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ries, at \$8, \$10, \$12, and \$15.

Satin de Lyon Dolmans, elegantly trimmed in Passementeries and Fringe, at \$30, \$35, \$40, and \$45.

Ladies' Ulsters at \$5, \$6, \$8, and

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RETAIL STATIONERS & ENGRAVERS.

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DING AND RECEPTION CARDS,

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Afail line of Fine Correspondence Papers. Novel-is in Cards for Notes, Regrets, and Invitations. PLAIN AND COLOR STAMPING.

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the people of Chicago that we have established a

MEN'S, YOUTH'S, BOYS', AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS. and have come to be resident among you. Our system of doing busi-And have come to be resident among you. Our system of doing business has been approved in every city where we have located. We aim to keep constantly on hand everything to be found in a first-class-clothing Establishment; represent truthfully all goods sold by us; mark everything in plain figures, and have but one price, and expect by a straightforward, honorable course of dealing to do the

LEADING CLOTHING TRADE of this CITY. We cordially invite all, whether they wish to purchase or not, to visit our establishment on our Opening Day, Thursday, April 8. We want to show you what the acknowleded leaders of the Clothing Trade of the West are doing.

MABLEY, The One-Price Clothier.

We use none but good materials in our Shirts, and manufacture them in the best possible manner. Our assortment of Foreign Fancy Shirtings is unusually large and attractive.

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Our "Patent Continuous Facing" lakes it impossible to tear down the back.
It is the best Shirt in the market. Call and

156 & 158 FIFTH-AV. Dolmans, richly trimmed in Silk, Fringe, and Passemente-

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Broma

Is a preparation of pure Cocoa and highly nutritious substances, pleasantly flavored and sweetened. It contains a large proportion of theobromine, and possesses powerfully restorative qualities. Its delicacy of flavor ond perfect solubility have made it a favorite drink among thousands.

Opinions of Sminent Physicians of Boston.
We have tried the Broms manufactured by Messew.
Baker & Oo, of Dorchester, and find it a pleasaritile of food. From a knowledge of its ingredienre think it will be useful to invalids, and to persosecovaring from disease; especially to such as disillthe articles usually recommended. It also offerood nourishment for Children. HN C. WARREN, M. D. WALTER CHANNING, M ORGE HAYWARD, M.D. Z. B. ADAMS, M. D. HN HOMANS, M. D. JOHN WARE, M. D.

SOLD BY ALL GROCERS. Our Book of Choice Chocolate Receipts will be sent free to any address.

WALTER BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass

OFFICE OF THE

COUNTY TREASURER,

Cook County, Illinois.

CENCAGO, March 19, 1880.

Cook County will issue its bonds to the amount of \$1,155,000, to be known as "Refunding Bonds," bearing interest from the first day of May, 1880, at the rate of \$45 per cent per sinum, payable semi-annually on the first day of May and November in each year at the County Treasurer's Office in Chicago.

The bonds run twenty years from May 1st, 1880, and are payable at the County Treasurer's Office.

They will be issued in the following denominations:



RIBUNE BUILDING Tine Speciacles suited to all sights on so inciples. Opera and Field Glasses, Telescop scopes, Barometers, etc. Michigan Avenue.

Never Seen Again in Every single "Dollar" you expend in these Eastern Branch Clothing Stores that now surround Willeughby, Hill & Co. is sent daily to the PROPRIETORS in BOSTON and NEW YORK, and is GONE FOREVER from Chicago, except of course what the "Resident" Manager deals out to his salesmen and for store rent. Now Wilson, Hill & Co. have paid out to the "Wage-Workers" of Chicago over

835,000.00,

Thirty-Five Thousand Dollars, since the New Year came in.

Every man in Chicago is more or less interested in this statement. Think one moment; then find out if our statement is a true one; and, if you find it true, don't spend a dellar for clothes without seeing how prices compare at THE DAYLIGHT CLOTHING HOUSE, THE SUNSHINE CLOTHING HOUSE. Of Willoughby, Hill & Co., the "Restless." Compare our prices; we will help you to do it; and, if you find our prices right, trade with us, and some of the money may come back again to you and yours.

Don't you see it so? Don't you see it so? losier! DON'T YOU SEE IT SO?

The "Modern" Clothing Men, up to the times, and a little ahead, WILLOUGH-BY, HILL & CO., corner Clark and Madison-sts. Store four stories high; hole in the middle 22 feet square for old "Sol" to shine through, and put health into the Clothes we sell you. Mr. Hale will elerate you to our different salesrooms in the most beautiful car ever made. Open till nine at night.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, &c.

Rare Bargains in Fine Gem Stones, set and unset. Solitaire Ear-Rings, Finger-Rings, &c., in new styles of Settings.

Also, a superb line of new Cameo, Onyx, and other rich styles of Jewelry. FINE WATCHES, SIL-VERWARE, PRESENTA-

TION GOODS, &c. Just received, a large line of new SILVER and SIL-VER PLATE.

S. E. cor. State and Washington-sts. TO BENT.

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160 and 162 Washington-st., Near the new Court-House, suitable for Attorneys colhers. Building heated by steam, with Passenger Elevator, and kept in first-class order. Single office with good light, at E. SAM'L GEHR,

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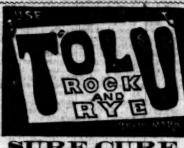
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A large Corner Office, with Vault, on the Second Floor. Apply to

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SURE CURE Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption,

Put up in Quart-Size Bottles for Family use.
Scientifically prospered of Baisam Toin, Crystalized
Rock Candy, Old Ryc, and other tonics. The Formula
is known to our best physicians, is highly commended
by them, and the analysis of our most prominent
electric, Prof. G. A. MARINER, in Chicago, is on the
label of every bottle. It is well known to the medical
profession that TOLU ROCK and RYE will afford the
greatest relief for Coughs, Colds, Indianus, Bronentitis, Sore Throat, Weak Lunus, also Consumption,
in the inclinion and advanced stages.
Used as a BEVERAGE and APPETIZER, it makes
a delightful tonic for family use. Is pleasant to take;
if weak or debilifiated, it gives tone, activity, and
strength to the whole lumin frame. CAUTION BONT BE DECEIVED TO THE PROPERTY OF TH

IF sold by BEUGGISTS, GROCERS, and VINE MERCHANTS everywhere. FOR SALE.

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Sale Barrels, 15 hoops, in dean orderFIREDHOUSE, DUTCHER & BELDEN,
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CELLUIOID (Water-proof Lines) Ouffs, Collars, and Bosoms. Price Lists and Goods sent by mail. Call or address BAENES Hat Store, 86 Madison-st., Tribune Building.

WASHINGTON.

The House the Scene of Another Disgraceful Set-To Yesterday.

Sparks, of Illinois, Informs Clymer that He Is M a a Liar,

Which He Subsequently Retracts Before the Entire Body.

The Difficulty Grows Out of Report from the Military Committee.

ie Exodus Committee Elicits Testimony at Last Satisfactory to Voorhoes.

A Southern Buildozer Who Swears that Negroes Never Were Maltreated There.

The Senate Discusses the Sloux Trans

A Peculiar Transportation Bill Introduced Recently by Hurd, of Ohio.

A LIVELY SPAT.

Washington, D. C., April 7.—The House was the theatre of another of those extraordinary "scenes" to-day which have made the name of "Beer-Garden" a fit designation of the disorderly assembly which daily pretends to legislate for the needs of the country. The Army Appropriation bill was under discussion, and the amendment proposed yesterday by Mr. Sparks, which provided that contract surgeons shall not be employed in the army until all commissioned surgeons shall have been assigned to duty with troops, and then only upon the requisition of a commanding officer, had been defeated, Mr. Sparks, who is Chairman of the Military Committee, asked permission to move a separate vote on this proposition when it came before the House. Mr. Clymer, who had charge of the bill, replied that he would not determine that question until the time came, and added that the Military Committee had not given notice of any intention to call for a separate vote, and expressed a doubt whether such was the case. Mr. Sparks became much excited at this, and exclaimed that, as Chairman of that Committee, he wanted to say that the Committee had unanimously agreed to ask a separate vote, and had authorized him to speak for them. Mr. Sparks was disposed to be quarressome, and continued that.

If MR. CLATHER INSTRUATED that he did not represent his Committee, or that he had intended to deceive the House, then Mr.

that he did not represent his Committee, or that he had intended to deceive the House, then Mr. Clymer lied. The scene here became very animated. Mr. Sparks had gone to where Mr. Clymer stood, and, leaning over the man next to him, shook his finger in Mr. Clymer's face as he uttered the offensive words. Up to this time nobody considered the matter serious, as Mr. Sparks as fond of being theatrical. Mr. Clymer was smiling at Mr. Sparks' absurd anger, but at the word "lie" he flushed with passion, and said something in a deflant tone, and shook his fist in return. Mr. Springer, who was in the chair, rapped incessantly for order, and a hundred members pushed to the front to see fair play. Mr. Hunton, of Virginia, ran to Mr. Sparks, and, eatching him on the arms, sttempted to lead him away. Mr. Conger insisted that the Committee should rise, and that Mr. Sparks' words, being grossly unparliamentary, should be taken down and read from the Clerk's deek. A long wrangle ensued, in which Mr. McLane took the position that the phrase "words spoken in debate," as contemplated by the rule, does not apply to debate in Committee of the Whole. Although this was shown to be absurd, Mr. Springer was disposed to accept it, but finally yielded to the

The words used by Mr. Sparks were then read, as follows:

"Mr. Sparks—Does the gentleman from Pennsylvania insinuate that this does not come from the Committee on Military Affairs? If he does, he lies. This is all there is about it.

"Mr. Clymer—You cannot insult me."

Mr. Sparks then wanted to make an explanation, and, after much sparring, this was allowed. He began by asking that Mr. Clymer's language immediately preceding his words read from the deak be also read, in order to show what his provocation was. This was agreed to, and the Clerk read as follows:

"Mr. Clymer—I desire to say that I have received no request from that Committee [Mill-tary]. When it is submitted to me I will determine upon it.

"Mr. Charles—I desire to the continuous that

tary]. When it is submitted to me I will deter-mine upon it.

"Mr. Sparks—I declare to the gentleman that this comes from the Committee and I was author-ized to demand this thing, and the gentleman knows it, and he cannot deny it.

"Mr. Clymer—I do not propose that the gen-tleman shall come here and assert what does not exist. There has been no request to me for the yeas and nays in the House."

exist. There has been no request to me for the yeas and nays in the House."

MB. SPARKS, IN A MOST PATHETIC, tragic tone, said that he never meant to be discourteous, but that an "impulsive" nature sometimes impelied him to say that which he afterwards regretted. But a brave man would always acknowledge his fault, and he wanted to say that, if he had been in error,—if he had done his friend an injustice,—he would withdraw the offensive words. His head might be wrong, but touching his breast tragically) his heart was right. This was received derisively by the Republican side of the House, and then Mr. Clymer made a like solemn disavowal of any intention to exasperate his friend, whom he knew to be brave to a fault, courteous to the last degree, and a man for whom he had always the highest regard. Mr. Conger, who was not sentimental, remarked that, as Mr. Sparks had made no retraction, he would like the Speaker to rule on the language. The Speaker tried to avoid the direct point, when Mr. Russell, of North Carolina, who a year see had a tilt with his colleague (Klichem), moved a resolution of censure on Mr. Sparks. Several dilatory motions were made on the Democratic side. In the meantime there was an armest consultration at Sparks' seat, after which

o demand that tolky, and the good as it, and cannot dodge it."
Clymer—"I do not propose that the gonan shall come here and assert that which not exist. There has been no request to or the yeas and nays in the House."

was unparliamentary.
The Speaker said that if he were called upon to rule upon the language he would declare it unparliamentary, but he recognized the fact that an amicable adjustment had been arrived at, and as he did not desire in any degree to revive any ill-feeling between members of the House he entertained the motion of the gentleman from Tennessee (Atkins).

Mr. Russell (N. C.) offered a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the House that Mr. Sparks, a member of the House, be under censure of the House, be under censure of the House, be under censure of the House for unparliamentary language in debate and gross violation of the rules of the House. He stated that he had notthe slightest feeling against the gentleman from Illinois, but, as he understood that gentleman's explanation, he had declined to apologize to the House for the words he had spoken. If that were so, the gentleman should be consured.

Mr. Sparks said he had before stated that he was brave enough to put himself right. The question occurred as to whether his language was competent under any circumstances. He thought not, and, thinking not, he was brave enough to withdraw it.

Mr. Russell thereupon withdrew his resolution, and the House resumed, in Committee of the Whole, consideration of the Army Appropriation bill.

THE EXODUS. Washington, D. C., April 7.—Since the exocus investigation began Senator Voorhees has repeatedly complained that the odor about the committee-room arising from the presence of colored witnesses nauseated him. To day, however, the place was not only purified, but appeared to be filled with the fragrance of the sweetest exotics by the appearance and statements, under oath, of one Curry, Mayor of Shrsveport, La. This worthy swore that the negroes and whites in Louisiana had lived peaceably ever since the War; that they loved each other dearly, and got along well together. True, if a negro killed a white man, the whites organized to keep the peace, and perhaps some negro was hurt now and then; but there was never any buildoxing. Referring to an affair in Bossier Parish, several years ago.

Referring to an affair in Bossier Parish, several years ago,

CURRY COOLLY SAID

that only five colored men were killed, notwithstanding that in the official records of Congress the names of 250 colored men appear among those that were butchered on that occasion. The colored men did not vote, Curry explained, because the radicals wouldn't let them, in order to make it appear at the North that the "bull-dozers" prevented them from voting. Their refusal to vote was entirely the fault of the Radicals. The Democrats not only wanted them to vote, but had often urged them to go to the polls and support the Republican candidates. Curry delivered his extraordinary testimony with a coolness and audacity that elicited the astonishment of all present. Voorhees was delighted with Curry's evidence, and thinks it will have an excellent effect.

ADDITIONAL TESTIMOSY.

To the Western Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April T.—The Senate Exodus Committee to-day examined Andrew Currie, Mayor of Shreveport, La. Mayor Currie said that with few exceptions the relations between the whites and blacks in the vicinity of Shreveport were of the most friendly character. The colored people, he said, are renswing the usual apring contracts, are settling down to work, and the excelus so far from that section does not amount to 1 per cent of the colored peoplation. Witness said the whites and blacks in Caddo Parish, in which Shreveport is located, enjoy alike the privilege of voting. He knew of no denial of political rights to the blacks, except in some instances where negroes were turned away from the polis on account of mistakes of their own in not registering properly. Some would register under their full names, and attempt to vote and the excellent under their full names, and attempt to vote and the excellent under their full names, and attempt to vote and the excellent under their full names.

PRICE FIVE CENTS

THE SCANDAL BUDGET.

RAILROAD FUNDING ACT. PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—The bill reject to the House to-day from the Committee Pacific Railroads proposes to alter and as the Sinking-Fund act of May, 1878 (committee Region of the Thurman act), and the act am atory thereto, in the following particulars:

First—It authorizes the Secretary of the Trury to invest the Sinking Fund of the Uracific and Central Pacific Railroads in boat the United States other than 5 per cent by or in first-mortgage bonds of the companies he may elect.

Fund.

The fourth section of the bill extends the previsions of the act, as well as those of the act of which it is amendatory, to those persons or companies who become possessors of the reads by lawful purchase or by consolidation.

The fifth section of the bill extends the previsions of the Sinking-Fund act to the Kansa Paofic, Central Branch of the Union Paofic, and Sioux City & Paofic Railroads, since those three roads were created by the same acts as the Central Pacific and Union Paofic Roads, and constitute the money subsidized roads uscreated by the act of 1865 and the acts amendatory thereto.

NOTES AND NEWS.

metron, D. C., April 7.—The House Millemmittee will to morrow vote upon the Managers of the National Asyluma for d Volunteers to take the place of the Board, of which Gen. Butler, of Massa-Bmythe, of New Hampshire, Martin-New York, and others are members lowing list, all being Democrats, has been upon by the Democrate of the Sub-Committee for action. It will be noticed as name of Benjamin F. Butler is not them. The list is: Gens. Roberts, of Franklin, of Connecticut; McMahon, of ork; McCiellan, of New Jersey; Palmer, ols; and Col. Felton, of Wisconsin. and Col. Feiton, of Wisconsin.

TABY BILL HAS A RIDER TACKED TO IT.

INSIGERATION of the Military Appropria
THAT A RIDER TACKED TO IT.

INSIGERATION OF THE STATES AND MILE APPROPRIATE

THE STATES AND MILE APPROPRIATE

TO A STATES AND A STATES AND A STATES

THE STATES a political rider, that it is appropriated or shall be an tall be like a political reason of the army to sensation of any portion of the army to se a police force or to keep peace at the any election held in any State." It is any that there will be a good deal of deliate

KELLOGG-SPOFFORD.

I has given notice that he shall toove to bring up the Kellogg-Spofford
e Senate for action. There are reications of Democratic opposition to
ement, both from reasons of princiolicy. It is said that Senators Thurrd, Wade Hampton, M.C. Butler, and
mator Wallace will oppose reopening
on, and believe that it ought to be
res adjudicata.

harbor is somewhat reduced.
THE DEPLOMATIC BILLS.
The Western Associated Press.
ON, D. C., April 7.—The Senate
on Appropriations to-day took
of Consular and Diplomatic Approand authorized it reported to the
an amendment appropriating \$4,000
or the appointment of a Diplomatic
Consul-General at Bucharest, Rou-

HOMINATED.

It is understood the President has issued a pardon for Judge John W. Wright.

THE INTEROCEANIC CANAL.

The Interoceanic Canal is in a bad way. There is trouble in the Select Committee, the members being dissatisfied with King, the Chairman, because he would not push the Monroe doctrine in the House. Of late he has been remarkably quiet, and disposed to let the whole matter drop. Various canses are assigned for this, one being that his party have so instructed him, while others attribute the cause of his apathy to the secont visit of De Lesseps.

THE RECORD.

dent sent a note saying he would be absent several days.

Mr. Wallace submitted a resolution that Mr. Thurman be chosen to preside. Adopted.

Mr. Thurman was escorted to the chair by Mr. Ferry, and he thanked the Senate for the renewed mark of their confidence and estoem.

Mr. Wallace submitted a resolution instructing the Secretary of the Senate to inform the President of the United States and the House of the action of the Senate. Adopted.

Mr. Carpenter, from the Committee on the Judiciary, reported adversely on two bills to provide for terms of United States Courts at Lincoln, Neb., and to divide Nebraska into two districts. Placed on the calendar.

Hills were introduced and referred as follows: By Mr. Beck.—To provide for the erection of a public building in Louisville.

By Mr. Williams—Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to refund certain internal-revenue taxes collected from the Louisville, Cincinnate Lexington Railroad Company in excess of the amount legally due.

A discussion ensued upon the Ponca question. Mr. Kirkwood said reports of injustice to and unfering by the Poncas were greatly exaggarated. He did not sympathize with those who always sitempted to put the worst construction on the acts of the Government.

Mr. Whyte spoke of the necessity of coming to some settled policy of treating the Indians—a policy that would not be changed on the discovery of a mine or the building of a railway.

Mr. Beek was opposed to making treaties with the Indians.—He thought we would never have peace with the Indians while their management was under the control of the Interior Department. We must do two things with the Indians.—He thought we would never have peace with the Indians that the out of the Interior Beauty and the summer of the Ute question, and that it would encourage the Indians to commit more crimes, finding they were not punished for hear. He would vote for the amendment of the Senator from Iowa (kirkwood).

Mr. Ingalis thought it unadvisable to run the law, Mr. Mr. Milliam advocated Mr. Kirkwood

tances, and some immediate action was remilian advocated Mr. Kirkwood's next. The Indiana could surrender the they were obliged to, and if they were they were considered to it they would regard it as a proof the couraged to commit more crimes. In two and the part of the Government, encouraged to commit more crimes. In two and the part of the Government take effect until the ruilty men are to be dead or to have left the United Hethought the clause should be amended include the men who committed the after the massacre.

Court has decided that, when we treat in they could be punished. The Sucourt has decided that, when we treat a landan tribes as independent nations, no jurisdiction over crimes committed the reservations.

By Mr. Stevenson—From the Committee on Mines and Mining, to provide for the survey and disposal of mineral lands of the United States. Ordered printed and recommitted.

By Mr. McLane—From the Committee on Pacific Railroads, to alter and amend the Sinking-Fund act approved May 7, 1873. Placed on the House calendar.

By Mr. Scales—From the Committee on Militia, to organize and discipline the militia of the United States. Placed on the House calendar.

By Mr. Coffroth—From the Committee on Invalid Pensions, to increase the pensions of certain soldiers and salious who are utterly helipiess on account of disease contracted in the service. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

At the conclusion of the morning hour Mr. McCook asked leavs to offer a resolution reciting the alleged outrage perpetrated upon Johnson C. Whitaker, a cadet at the West Point Academy, and calling on the Secretary of War for any information which he may have in regard to the alleged outrage, and also as to what steps, if any, have been taken in regard theresto. Mr. Cox hoped the resolution would be adopted, and the matter investigated.

Mr. Aiken objecten. He represented the district from which Whitaker came, and he felt fully competent to see that he was thoroughly protected. The authorities at West Point were now investigating the matter, and he thought it better to await that decision than to jump it conclusions hased on newspaper reports, especially as the latest report was that it was a bogus outrage.

Dogus outrage.

The Army bill coming up, on motion of Mr. Upson, the proviso was stricken out which provides that under certain circumstances commutation shall be paid to enlisted men in lieu of rations. tation shall be paid to enlisted men in lieu of rations.

On motion of Mr. White, an amendment was adopted authorizing the President, on request of any college or institution of learning having the capacity to educate 150 male students, incorporated under the laws of any State, to detail an officer on the retired list to act as President, Superintendent, or Professor thereof, who may receive from the institution the difference between his retired and full pay.

At the end of the bill Mr. Sparks, under direction of the Military Committee, offered the following as an additional section:

"No money appropriated in this act is appropriated or shall be paid for the subsistence of any portion of the army of the United States to be used as a police force to keep the peace at the polis at any election held within any State."

Mr. Keifer rose to a point of order, pending which the Committee rose and the House adjourned.

IRON INTEREST.

PULL MARKETS.

Prinsured, Pa., April 6.—The dull state of the iron trade in this city continues to be the principal subject of discussion in manufacturing circles. None of the mills shut down to-day, but it is probable that several of them will stop before the end of the week. The real cause of the difficulty seems to be the scarcity of orders, which many fear will be permanent. James M. Swank, Secretary of the American fron and Steel Association, admits that the market is dull and heavy, but he thinks that business will revive with the return of settled weather and improved reads. He thinks, however, that the card is too high, and that manufacturers will be compelled to secede from it. During the hot summer months it is customary for the workmen to receive extra compensation known as the "hot dollar." Some of them think the present flurry is to induce them to forego extra pay this season, or at least to defer making the demand at the usual time, June 1. A prominent pig-iron dealer said that the prices of pig ore are higher than the mills were willing to pay; orders are not coming in as fast as they anticipated, and the result is, some of the mills have had to suspend on that account. The lack of orders, in his judgment, is in a manner attributable to the adoption of the four-cent card; hence it is that there is a dullness in the pig-fron could be sold at prices manufacturers would be justified in paying. If they can't hold manufactured fron at the four-cent card, they can't afford to buy pig-iron at the rate at which it is now sell-ing. They have been unsuccessful in making DULL MARKETS.

HEAVY FALL IN PRICES.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—There is a decaded downward tendency in the prices of iron. The Glendon Company has lasted circulars making a reduction of \$10 per ton, bringing the rates from \$40 to \$30. Bome assign overproduction as the reason for the fall, while others claim that it is due to a determination on the part of American producers to check importation of English from Since last fail from has been going up with great rapidity, rising almost daily, little by little, from \$35 up to \$40, and \$41, and, in the case of the Glendon iron, which rules generally about \$1

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK. NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, April 7.—Hinson & Cumming, cotton commission merchants, No. 113 Water street, suspended to-day. The house was one of the most extensive connected with the Exchange. The members of the firm were unable to give any correct statement. They did not have contracts of their own amounting to over 5,000 bales, and this would not involve them more than \$2,000. Contracts with their customers were large, and to-day when called upon to put up a margin, they failed to respond, and a suspension followed. The liabilities are said to be large.

BOSTON. Bosron, April 7.—Jackson & Morse, grain ex-porters, of this city, failed to-day. The failure is believed to be due to wheat speculations in Chicago. Liabilities about \$80,000.

THE GRANT PARTY.

New ORLEANS, April 7.—Gen. Grant had a reception this forenoon at the residence of Col. James Lewis. Afterwards he visited the Straight University, where he was received by the school children. Later in the day the General visited Mayor Paton at the City-Hall. This afternoon he held a reception at the residence of Gov. Pinchback, mainly for members of the Colored Men's Protective Union. The Governor's residence was handsomely decorated. Mampairs, Tenn., April 7.—Gen. Grant will reach Memphis earlier than was expected. He telegraphed from New Orleans to-day as follows; "I will go to Memphis by rail from Vicksburg, arriving on the 12th and remain over night."

TRADE AND LABUR,

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., April 7.—The plategiass works are closed, on account of the strike.

A woman was struck by a stone, and the man
who threw it was discharged. The Union refused to permit a discharge, and, the company
insisting, the men struck.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 7.—The carpenters
are on a strike for an advance of 25 bents a day,
and building is at a standstill.

OBITUARY.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribuna.

CAMPTON, April 7.—John Bentty, the oldest settler in this town, died on the 5th inst., aged 51 years 10 months and 22 days. He was the first settler in this town. He came from Chicago in 1834, built the first house in this town, and alded in removing the Indians west of the Mississippi.

JOLIET PENITENTIARY.

Special Dispetch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Special Dispute to The Onicago Pribana.

Spunsorizado, Ill., April 7.—The Warden's report shows that there were 1.500 convicts in the Joliet Penitentiary April 1, twenty-two being formales.

PRESIDENTIAL

Another Interesting Installment of Medill-Sherman Literature.

The Editor Communicates His Views to a Galveston Journal.

Having Particular Reference Sherman's Latest Shifting of Dates.

The Secretary Will Have to Make Yet Another Shift or Else asi vilana Subside.

Minnesota Republicans to Hold Their State Convention at St. Paul May 20.

The Democrats of Iowa Send Tilden Delegation to Cincinnati,

But Are Not Successful in Agreeing upon the Unit 8 WW Rule 197 And

The Connecticut Republican Delegation

Sent to Chicago Uninstructed. George C. Gorham on Grant's Future Policy Toward the South.

MEDILL-SHERMAN. ANOTHER SPICT EPISODS IN THE CONTROVERSY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

GALVESTON, Tex., April 7.—The Galveston

News of to-morrow morning will contain the
following in relation to the Sherman-Medill controversy: "Mr. Joseph Medill, of TungChicago

TRIBUNE, now on a visit to Texas, having had
his attention directed by the News to a letter of
Secretary Sherman to the Hon. W. M. Bateman,
of Cincinnati, takes occasion to reply to the Secretary Sherman to the Hon. W. M. Bateman, of Cincinnati, takes occasion to reply to the same through the medium of our columns. The true character of the matter at issue will best be understood by the publication of Secretary Sherman's letter and the response of Mr. Medill thereto." [Here follows Sherman's letter to Bateman, printed in The TRIBUNE of April 3.] Following is Mr. Medill's reply through the llowing is Mr. Mediil's reply through the

Following is Mr. Medil's reply through the columns of the News:

"Galvistron, April 7, 1880.—To the Editor of the News: I am obliged to you for the slip containing Mr. John Sherman's letter to William Bateman, of Cincinnati, about myself, and for the tender of the use of your columns for a reply thereto. The silegations contained in the letter do not differ materially from that he had previously promulgated through his literary bureau and interviewers, except that he now assigns another date to the apocryphal controversy betwirt us. He had previously said that it was in the winter of 1877—78; he now fixes the date in the fall of 1877, in his office of the Treasury Department. I had previously shown that no such some as his literary bureau alleged could have taken place in the winter of shown that no such scene as his literary bureau alleged could have taken place in the winter of 1871-18, because at that period I was on record as a zealous advocate of the Resumption act, and was vigorously combating its repeat through the columns of The Chicago Thiau'ne, and in conversations with Congressmen. Hence it was a moral impossibility to have had a violent quarrel with him on that subject, as we were in accordance in our views on the resumption question, and both were working for the maintenance of the act; but be it noted be does not now claim or assert that I had any words with him in 1878, but fixes the date of the fall of 1877. Now, the fact is, I was neither in Washington in the fall or the winter of 1877, therefore the insance ravings, violent language.

any words with him in 1875, but fixes the date of the fall of 1877. Now, the fact is, I was neither in Washington in the fall or the winter of 1877, thereford the insame ravings, violent language, and personal threats which he so graphically describes could not have taken filace, and the whole statement is necessarily a fabrication, either dreamingly imagined or malidiously concocted. He cannot now allege some other interview at another time, for he distinctly states that I have never entered his office Since, and I was not in Washington in the fall of 1877. The anti-resumption buildosing row could not have occurred then or there, as I was a zealous advocate of resumption. It could not have happened at any time or place.

"Mr. Shorman says that I demanded that he should stop his insame efforts to enforce the Resumption at an efforts to enforce the Resumption act, and that the surplus revenue should be deposited with the National banks to enable them to relieve the people. I would regard this as libelous were it not so indicrous. I can assure Mr. Sherman that I am not one of the kind of simpletons who believe the American people ever require to be pap-fed on surplus public revenue, filtered through National banks, to give them relief. That single preposterous assertion of his is quite sufficient to stamp the whole story as base coin, uttered and circuiated for fraudulent and malicious purposes, and as such litreat it and its author with score and contempt. But while Mr. Sherman and mysolf have been in harmony on the resumption policy from the time he want into the Cabinet until the present time, and have made common effort in its behalf, we have sharply differed on fiscal policies, and it is The Tribury's criticisms on his peculiar views that have produced the present crustion of the Secretary of the Treasury he strenuously opposed its remonetization. Since the Bilwer bill became a law he has not executed it in good faith, but has shown himself an emmanded as mont of the has joined the New York Clearance House,

country,—a condition of things which itself would breed and precipitate a panic of the most tremendous and destructible possible to imagine.

"Upon all these points The Chicago Tribuna has taken sharp issue with John Sherman, as it had a perfect right to do, and would be derelict of duty had it refrained from exposing or combating them. This constitutes the real head and front of my offending in the eyes of Mr. Sherman, but he lacks the fairness of mind to admit the actual and only cause of our differences, but attempts to assign it to something at once false and absurd.

"Mr. Sherman has announced himself as a candidate for the Presidency, and organized his Literary Bureau and set it at work in his behalf. The business of such an institution is to stab rival candidates by starting injurious rumors about them, and false-hoods about editors who do not boom for the owner of the Bureau. I have exasperated Mr. Sherman undoubtedly by saying that a man holding and advancing his anti-sliver and green-back and sweeping contraction principles would be an unsafe and an unavailable candidate for the Chicago Convention to nominate. This has aroused fits fre, and, instead of retracting his obmoxious and destructive views, he pours out his little bottle of wrath on my head. Well, let him pour fit relieves his feelings or promotes his boom. Gen. Grant and Senator Blaine will hardly thank him for bringing their names into the controversy, when he is halfing them life Josh, taking them by the beard and kissing them, while his Literary Bureau is trying to stab them under the fifth rib. As to Senator Logan, he is abordantly able to fight his own beattless and take care of himself, and I have not heard that help as home with drawing and abandoning his obmexions and destructive schemes, he concocts the anti-resumption buildozing interview with me, but the cond-and-hull story of the Street will serve his purpose. The fassee he must meet are those of his own making—viz.

sponse to the call of its Chairman, the following gentiemen being present: Capt. Russell Blakeley, of St. Paul. Chairman; S. P. Jennison, Red Wing; D. Sinelair, Whichen; John Gorham, Rice Lake; W. H. Moulton, Elk River; E. R. Smith, LeSueur; C. A. Mundson, St. Peter; J. T. Williams, Markato; W. W. Braden, Preston; W. W. Spaulding, Duluth; F. M. Thornton, Benson.

A resolution was adopted to the effect that the Republican State Convention should, in addition to selecting delegates to the National Republican Convention to nominate a candidate for President, also nominate an Electoral ticket, and thus obviate the necessity of holding another Convention to perform the latter duty.

The basis of representation to the State Convention was established upon last full's election, giving each county one delegate for every 400 Republican votes, and one for each major portion of that number.

It was decided to hold the Convention at the Opera-House in the City of St. Paul on the 20th day of May, being the same day that the Democratic Convention will be held, the latter having secured the Hall of the House of Representatives as the place of its meeting.

The members of the Republican Central Committee are extremely reticent about their choice of Presidential candidate. No expression of opinion was heard at the meeting, and personal interviews failed to elicit any decided opinions from any members. The majority seemed to be in favor of sending an unpledged delegation to Chicago, unless Windom's chances for the nomination are good in which case it was decided that Minnesota should stand by Windom. Blaine, Grant, Washurne, and Edmunds each have one or two friends on the State Contral Committee, but no one was enthusiastic enough to announce the fact very decidedly.

The Secretary will prepare the call and determine the number of delegates to which each county is cutified to merrow.

IOWA DEMOCRATS.

A TILDEN DELEGATION CHOSEN.

Special Dispotch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BURLINGTON, In., April 7.—The State Demoocratic Convention, called for the purpose of
selecting delegates to the Cincinnati Convention,
met here to-day in full force, being nearly 500
strong. The result of the day's proceedings was
that a delegation strongly favoring Tilden was
chosen, although the Convention refused to instruct for any one. The Hon. Edward Johnstone, of Keckuk, presided over the gathering,
which was held in Union Hail. The Chairman
made a Tildenish speech, although he seclared
for an unpicked delegation. He brought
up the question of internal transportation, and declaimed against the thirdterm aspirations of "the would-be Caesar."
The morning was devoted to preliminaries, and
it was 30 clock before the Convention got down
to actual business. Seventy-five counties were
found to be represented. Gov. Gear, who is
nere on a brief visit, was called on for a speech,
and gave the assembled Democracy a neat A TILDEN DELEGATION CHOSEN. and gave the assembled Democracy a neat welcome to Burlington. The speech of the day was made by the Hon. John P. Irish, of Johnson County. He pronounced for honest money, bu carefully neglected to state what that was obably out of deference to the Greenback oclivities of a good many Iowa Democrats.

proclivities of a good many lows Democrats.

HE SPOKE IN THE HIGHEST TERMS
of Tilden, but seemed to consider that venerable fossil more as a person to be rallied around than as one who could be chosen by the National Convention. The only apology for a platform submitted was as follows:

"The Democrats of lows reassert and reiterate their faith in the principles of the Democrate party as taught by the fathers of the Republic. We denource the fraud and the corruption of the Republican party policy: we deprecate the policy tending to imperialism evidenced by the continued usurpation of power by the few; by which monopolies are encouraged, labor and industry oppressed, and the liberties of the people threatened. The Democrats of lowage now, as in the past, in favor of the two tirds rule in the National Democratic Convention in selecting candidates, for President and Vice-President of the United States." States.

These resolutions were offered by the Committee on resolutions, and adopted without debate. A resolution, offered by Gaunon, of Scott County, was buried by being referred and never reported back. It was

ported back. Itwas

AS POLLOWS:

"Resolved, That the Democratic party of Iowa oppose monopoly in avary shape and form, and that, standing on the old-time and traditional policy of the party, they are in favor of the hargest and most comprehensive recognition of the rights of the laboring classes."

Each Congressional District reported its ownmen for delegates, and the only fight was on the choice of the four delegates at large. T. J. Potter, Assistant Superintendent of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad, led the list of these, and will prosably be Chairman of the loya delegation. The proceedings were orderly and well managed throughout, but the lack of some definit platform and policy caused disastisfaction among many of the delegates.

THE DELEGATION.

the material prosperity of lows. The Hon. John P. Irish was next called for andmade an able political speech.

The following were chosen by their Representative Districts as delegates to Cincinnat: First District, J. J. Richardson, of Lee County; Second District, J. J. Richardson, of Scott; G. L. Johnson, of Jackson; Third District, Col. E. S. Mawern, of Delaware; C. M. Durham, of Buchanan: Fourth District, Martin Blin, of Blackhawk; John Foley, of Chickassw; Fifth District, J. J. Snouffer, of Linn; C. D. Lake, of Iowas; Sixth Histrict, S. B. Evans, of Wapello; C. H. Mackey, of Keckuk; Seventh District, George Gardner, of Polk; J. A. Pinneck, of Lucas; Bighth District, Robert H. Percival, of Pottawattamie; J. Anderson, of Pymouth; Ninth District, E. L. Bowman, E. D. Feun, of Story.

For delegates at large there were placed in nomination T. J. Potter, of Des Moines County; J. A. O. Yeoman, of Webster; Daniel J. Miller, of Loca; J. I. Bates, of Dubuque; John P. Irish, of Johnson; J. C. Morgan, of Pottawattamie; A. W. Cole, of Franklin; D. M. Harris, of Harrison. Messrs. Potter, Irish, Bates, and Morgan were elected on the first ballot. A resolution instructing the delegation to vote as a unit at Cincinnati was laid on the table.

CONNECTICUT.

REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

HARTFORD, Conn., April 7.—In the State Con-HARTFORD, Conn., April 7.—In the State Convention at New Haven to-day for the election of delegates to Chicago, the Republicans of Connecticut acted with their previous caution. The Convention was one of the largest and most thoroughly representative that has been held for years. It was understood among the members this morning prior to the calling of the Convention to order that the friends of one or two leading Presidential aspirants had not, despite last night's counsels of old political strategists, abandoned the idea of trying to put the Convention on record for this or that candidate. The Edmunds men were particularly earniest, because they really were in strongest force in the Convention. The Bisine and Grant men, who were also in good force, also proposed to

nist, because they really were in strongest force in the Convention. The Blaine and Grant men, who were also in good force, also proposed to have something to say.

Amos S. Treat, the veteran Republican politician of Bridgeport, was Permanent Chairman, and made a speech emphasizing the claims of Blaine, Grant, and Edmunds, but cautiously REFRAINING FROM EXPRESSING ANY SORT OF PREFERENCE.

Cheers greeted the mention of the first two names, and a perfectsform of applause occurred when the speaker named the favorit son of Vermont. Beyond the feature mentioned the speech was limited to arraigning the Democratic party, and portraying the danger of its success, with a Bolid South at its back clamorous and dangerous to the best interests of the country. After the appointment of the usual committees, Charles Dudley Warner, one of the editors of the Hartford Courant, which is Edmunds' organ in Connecticut, opened the ball by offering the following:

Resolved, That the Republicans of Connecticut desire the nomination at Chicago of a candidate for President who will best unite the votes of all sections of the country, and whose character is a party platform; and that we recognize in George F. Edmunds, of Vermont Igreat applause, or Ellian B. Washburne, of Illinois idliminished applause, a statesman whose nomination will need no defense.

This first gun for Edmunds

TOOK THE CONVENTION BY SURPRISE, and the first shot in opposition to this attempt

This first gun for Edmunds

1908 THE CONVERTION BY SURPRISE,
and the first shot in opposition to this attempt
to foist either Edmunds or Washburne upon the
Convention was fired by a country delegate,
who moved to insert after the name of Washburne the words; "or any other man who may
be nominated at Chicago." This suggestion was
greeted with general applained, and the Grant
and Blaine men awaited with some anxiety the
development of further opposition to Mr. Warner's scheme.

Col. Gowdy, another country delegate, made a
feeble attempt to grouse the Grant men by an
amendment favoring the ex-President, but beforce he or Warner had an opportunity for a
speech ex-Congressman Brandegee, of New
London, interposed a motion to indefinitly
postnone the resolutions and amendments alike.

and, after a brief and almost apologous tatement by Mr. Warren that he had intended his
resolution in no sense as instructions to the delgrates, but merely to determine the sense of the
Convention, he withdrew it.

The Blaine and Grant men perceived pretty
clearly by this time the exact sense of the Convention, and did not hazard a chance of having
their candidates sat down upon.

The delegates were then chosen. Those at
large are: First District, ex-Mayor Henry C.
Robinson, a prominent lawyer of Hartford; Second District, John M. Douglas, ex-Mayor and
large manufacturer of Middletown; Third District, ex-Congressman Augustus Brandeges, of
New London; and Fourth District, Samuel Fessenden, a lawyer of Stanford.

The eight county delegates included only one
or two names of much prominence. Of the delegates at-large, Robinson is for Edmunds, Douglas for Washburne, and Fessenden for Blaine. One report credits the cuttire delegation as standing:

GRANT.

HIS FUTURE POLICY TOWARDS THE SOUTH.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April Y.—George C. Gorham, of California, recently secretary of the Senate, is one of the foremost of Grant men, and he is known as one of Grant's confidential friends, and, if Gen. Grant should be nominated, would undoubtedly, from his large experience in organization, be one of his most trusty managers. Mr. Gorham has recently made an extended tour in the South, in the course of which he is reported to have had a protracted confidential conference with Gen. Mahone, dictator of the Readjusters of Virginia, who is said to be inclined to favor Grant. It has been intimated in Grant circles recently that the ex-President might startle the country with more new doctrine of reconciliation. George Gorham hitherto has been a leader of the stalwart Republicans. The Washington Post to-morrow will publish a long interview with him, however, in which he foreshadows the new policy of Grant. The following is a significant extract: shadows the new policy of Grant. The follow-ing is a significant extract:
"What, then, has become of the 'bloody-shirt'

olicy of your stalwarts?"
"There need be no bitter remembrance of the past if the future shall seem to promise rest from strife. Grant has, since his return home spoken the words of hope and of promise, which,

spoken the words of hope and of promise, which, THOUGH NOT NEW NOR STRANGE in his mouth, now find the Southern mind more restive and tranquilly inclined than when, in 1888, he said, 'Let us have peace.' There will be a great change wrought in the South by his candidacy. It will not destroy, but will deplete, the Democracy. The whites of the South once divested politically, we shall have one country instead of two."

"Then you are no longer a Stalwart?"

"If laws are resisted and voting suppressed, yes, If yood temper can be restored throughout the land by such an example as Gen. Grant is now furnishing us by his appeals to the national feeling, what need will there be of armies, and a policy of force? The struggle between the sections has been long and both sides are exhausted. The time is ripe for recondifiction, and I believe Grant is to be the species. He evidently desires to see peace and good-fellowship between the different sections of the country. He will surrender no principle, condone no offense, tolerate no denial of the right of citizens. But the soft answer which turneth away wrath, he mis, as I said, already given. In this all Republicans can uphold him, and when they do the Democratic Party will cease to be the South."

Mr. Gorham, of course, insists that the nomination of Gen. Grant is as certain as the assembling of the Chicago Convention.

BLAINE.

WESTERN INTLUENCES THROWS AGAINST RIM.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—The Inter-Occon's attempt to show that Senator Blaine has been mided in his Western campaign by the influence of Jay Gould has sayed inneh, comment and considerable amusement here where all the facts are known. BLAINE. are known. A friend of Blaine, who knows the details of his movements, says: "One of the bitterest laborers of the Grant forces in Kansas

was the Superintendent of Gould's road in that State. He carried his county against Blaine, and was conspicuously active on the Grant side. Two of the delegates elected for Grant by the district bolting Convention are attorneys for Gould's road. The Commonwealth newspaper at Topeks, known as Gould's organ, was the one bittes paper in Kansas against Blaine. Senator Ingalis, who has been favored by the Gould influence in Kansas, was against Blaine from the beginning to the end of the fight. In Nebraska the same condition of affairs exists. Ex-Senator Hitch-cock, the special friend of Gould, is the active leader of the Grant forces in that State, and the Omaha Republican, in which Gould is a stock-holder, and everywhere known as the organ of the Union Pacific Railway, has fought Blaine vindictively

FROM THE OPENING OF THE CAMPAIGN.

The same condition of affairs exists in Coloradd: while in Utah where two Blaine delegates

The same condition of affairs exists in Colorado; while in Utah, where two Blaine delegates have been elected, the railroad influences of Gould are getting up a boit to secure a bogus delegation for Grant. In Missouri, from Kansas City to St. Louis, along the line of Gould's new road, the officials and employes are working en masse for Grant. As to the Senator's frequent visits to New York, he has been there but once during the session, and an intimate friend of Blaine's, who also knows Gould very well, states that the two men pever had five minutes! conversation together in their lives. If Gould is personally in favor of Blaine's nomination his numediate friends and newspaper organs in the West have a very singular way of showing it. The truth is that Mr. Blaine is making no personal effort in any direction for the nomination. He is quietly in Washington astending to his routine duties as Senator.

He is quietly in Washington attending to his routine duties as Senator.

BE IS BLANED BY HIS PRIENDS
for his inactivity, but his reply is, if the people want him, they know where to find him; and, if they don't want him, he has no desire to force himself upon them, even if he could do so."

Mr. Charles Nordhoff claims to know that Mr. Blaine does not conceal from the third-term leaders his opinion that the ax-President ought not to be renominated and cannot be elected if he is. He is entirely frank and outspoken on this subject with them, and tells them that the third-term projectis had for the party and portentions of evil for the country, and that in his judgment it would be a grave calamity to the country if the ex-President should be elected.

AN OMIO DELECATION.

Special Dispatch to The Ghicas Tribuna.

CINCINNATI, O., April 7.—The Athens County Republican Convention to day elected delegates to the State Convention with are pronounced for Blaine. The Jefferson Country Convention held last week also elected Blaine delegates. These are the only country conventions yet held. It begins to look as if Sherman's candidacy would be ended, according to the terms of his Mansfield speech, before the Columbus Convention meets.

MATERE SCAID.

meets.

**Example 1. **Example

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

THE TROUBLES OF THE DEMOCRACY.

Special Dispatch to The Change Trabuna.

STRACURE, N. Y., April T.—Well may Little Butterens exclaim, "Things are seldom what they seem." While all looks quiet and seremeon the surface, there is trouble in the Tilden ranks. Beneath a gay and frivolous exterior lurks a canker-worm which is slowly but surely eating its way into the beart of the Tilden organisation. Lester B. Faulkner is Chairman of the Tilden State Committee. Through his influence his Committee voted down the plan of Fanders for harmony, and there is a most streamous kick all around against him. It is whispered that this has set the elements working, and there is a bare possibility of a bolt from the Tilden Convention. That there is a great deal of opposition to Tilden among his own members is a fact that cannot be contradicted. Blould a bolt occur, the dissenters would proceed to Shakspeare Hall, in which John Kelly was nominated last year, and hold a conference. They would not be likely to go over to Kelly, but would form another convention, which would nake three in progress at the same time. Shakspeare Hall will accommodate as many people as either the Grand or Wieting Opera-liouse. It is used mostly for danging purpose, but it supplied with benches for lectures.

The Tilden men are close mouthed, and are pursuing a still hunt; but, strive as they will to conceal them, the inside troubles will crop out it looks as though Tilden would may be termed and the credit for that ytrough if it may be turned and. The Kelly men are chattering like mapples, and are highly exchattering like mapples, and are highly exchattering like mappes, and are highly exchattering like mapples, and are highly exchattering like mappes, and are highly exchattering like mappes.

MICHIGAN.

REPUBLICANS FOR BLAINE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BATTLE CREEK, Mich., April 7.—A cany BATTLE CREEK, Mich., April 7.—A cammade on election-day among the Republivoters for first choice for President results follows: Haine, 83; Grant, 37; no choice, Washburne, 10; Sherman, 4; Hayes, 1; Hober Ingerioll, 2; total, 157. This was just a because among those who chanced to be at polls, and is a fair representation of the feeli of the Republicans in this city. Your copondent is informed that, at the Vibra Threshing-Machine Works, where 225 men employed, nearly all of whom are Republic seven-eighths are Riaine men. One thing not by your correspondent is the increase in fact Washburne. The ten gentlemen who, in

NOTES O CHA SOHDEZ AND THE ANTI-THIRD-TERM MOVEMENT.
Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribus.
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—It is rumored that Secretary Schurz has promised to attend the Anti-Third-Term Convention to be held in St.

HOAR AND EDMUNDS There is considerable comment here upon the letter of Senator Hoar, of Massachusetts, on the Presidential situation. Mr. Hoar, it is understood, is using his influence in favor of Edunds. SHERMAN'S BUREAU. Col. Moulton, brother-in-law of Secretary Sherman, has been here to overlook the affairs of the Sherman Literary Bureau, and is said to have thoroughly reorganized it.

PLOYD COUNTY, IA. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
DUBUQUE, In., April 7.—Floyd County has
tructed her delegates for Blaine.

MASON COUNTY, ILL.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna,
MASON CITY, Ill., April 7.—Our county sends.
A. Cargill, Samuel Bevens, William Ainsorth, and J. R. Walker to the State Convention.

and all for Cullom.

AN IOWA STRAW.

Special Dispate to The Chicago Tribuna.

EUREKA, In., April 7.—At one of our township meetings we took a vote to see who was the choice for President. The result was as follows: Blaine, 31; Grant, 7; Sherman, 1; David Davis, 4; S. J. Tilden, 2.

A STRAW.

Special Dispate to The Chicago Tribuna.

A STRAW.

Special Dispatch to The Onicago Tribuna.

RACINE, Wis., April 1.—One of the judges of election in this city canvassed the Republican voters in his ward yesterfay on the Presidential question, with the following result: Grant, 14: Biaine, 40; Washburne, 21; Sherman, 2; Edmunds, 1. The nominee of the Chicago Convention, 14.

The Republicans of this city generally read and approve The Thirbury.

GEORGIA.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Special Dispets to The Chicago Tribuna.

ATLANTA, Gu., April I.—A sharp contest was had in all wards in Atlanta last night for delegates to the County Convention, which meets here to-morrow. The contest will be carried into the Convention, where Grant men may secure a victory by having the delegation to the State Convention uninstructed. If the Atlanta delegation to the State Convention is instructed for either Blaine or Sherman to-morrow, so will be the delegates from the State Convention to Chicago.

MASSACHUSETS.

Boston, April 7.—Cananases were held in all the wards of this city to-night to select delegates to the State Convention. Returns from all but two wards indicate a preference for Sherman as first choice of delegates elected, with Edmunds and Grant about equal as second. Of the 137 delegates, thirty-eight are known to be anti-Grant. Several towas throughout the State held caucuses to-day. The returns thus far indicate in the aggregate a preference for Edmunds.

CANADA.

CANADA. Sons at Quebec—Belligerent Bid-dulphers—The Scottish-American Investment Company-Fraudulent Bills

OTTAWA, Abril 1.—A few days age, the Coal Oil Inspector of the State of Maine, and Mr. Colby, M. P., had an interview with several mem-bers of the Government, for the purpose of in-

ducing them to reduce the fire-test on imported American coal-oil. This proposal was opposed by the Canadian producers through their representatives present. They claimed that amorican coar-oil was more about that they are also to the high fire-test at present imposed on the producers are said to be opposed to the high fire-test at present imposed on American coal-oil.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuns.

Toronyo, April 7.—A large body of Jesuit's, expelled from France, will shortly arrive in Canada, and will be employed as missionaries in the Northwest, and in the sparsely-sottle districts in Northern Ontario and Quebec. A short time ago, Father Reckt, General of the Sciency of Jesus, wrote from Paris, where he resides, to the filerarchy of Montreal, saying that the members of the Scolety would be expelled from French soil, and asking if an asying an included the country above mentioned. The Archbishop of the Diocese being opposed to the Jesusit, there is not much likelihood of their obtaining any foothoid hers. There are no members of the Society in this Diocese in present.

A brief sketch of the history of the Jesuit Order in Canada may not be uninteresting: The first missionaries to New France were the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Colet of St. Francis. In 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the Recollets, mendicant friars of the Order of St. Francis, in 1824, Father De Plat, of the College at Quebe, and the Order, and substitute the Prench Jesuits which was a former of the Brook Lairet with the River St Oharies, and established the Recollets, and became the promoter hav

of the whole baue of bonds, amounting to £200,000 sterling.

The tea selzed by the customs authorities a
few days ago has been released.

Louison, Ont. April 7.—Before the defunct
of the Bidduph prisoners, charged with shooting John Donnelly.

OTTAWA, Can. April 7.—Before the defunct
Coacolidated Bank began business £8,000 of
offile of the denomination of tile, all unsigned,
were stolen. In consequence the bank issued no
oils of a higher denomination than \$5. The \$10
notes are now in circulation.

Health of Body is Wealth of Mind RADWAY'S SarsaparillianResolvent

Pure blood makes sound flesh, strong bon a clear skin. If you would have your flesh br your bones sound, without caries, and your op plexion fair, use RADWAY'S SARSAPARIL LIAN RESOLVENT. GRATEFUL RECOGNITION

RADWAY'S READY RELIEP.

weakened by an insidious disease, not only on mands our respect but deserves our gratine Dr. Radway has furnished mankind with it wonderful remedy, Radway's Sarsaparillan solvent, which accomplishes this result, and a ferring humanity, who drag out an existence pain and disease, through long days and longings, owe him their gratitude."—Medical

FALSE AND TRUE We extract from Dr. Radway's "Treats of Disease and Its Cure," as follows:

List of Diseases Cured by Radway's Sarsaparillian Resolu Chromic Skin Diseases, Carles of the Bone mors in the Blood, Sorofulous Disease, Unnatural Habit of Body, Syphilis and Ven Feyer Sores, Chronic or Old Ulcers, Salt Rickets, White Swelling, Scald Head, Ut Affections, Cankers, Glandular Swellings, Wasting and Decay of the Body, Pimple Blotches, Tumors, Dyspepsia, Kidney and dor Diseases, Chronic Rheumatian and Censumption, Gravel and Calculous Depand varieties of the above complaints to sometimes are given specious names.

We assert that there is no known remoti possesses the curative power over those dis

possesses the curative power over these distinct Radway's Resolvent furnishes. It as restores the injured parts to their sound

Witness the cases of Hannah P. Knapp Krapf, Mrs. J. H. Jolly, and Mrs. P. D. S of Mrs. C. S. Bibbins, in the Our "False and True" Space for

One Dollar per Bottle.

MINUTE REMEDIA

In from one to twenty minutes, never fall relieve PAIN with one thorough application matter how violent or exeruenting the pain, RHEUMATIC, Bod-ridden, Infirm, Crips Nervous, Neuralgie, or prostrated with dismay suffer, RADWAY'S READY HOW WILL ARROW TO SEE THE WILL ARROW TO THE WORLD THE WILL ARROW TO THE WILL ARROW

Inflammation of the Kidneys, Inflammatics of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Bowels, Congession of the Lungs, Sore Throat, Difficult Breathing, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysteries, Croup, Detheria, Catarrh, Influenza, Headachs, Toomes, Neuralgia, Rheumatiam, Cold Chills, Ague Cathiblains, Frost Bites, Bruises, Summar Caplaints, Coughs, Colds, Sprains, Pains in the Chest, Back, or Limbs, are instantly relieved.

FEVER AND AGUE Fover and Ague cured for Fifty Cents. Description of a remedial agent in the world had recure Fever and Ague, and all other Maint Billous, Scarlet, Typhold, Yellow, and defevers (aided by RADWAY'S PRIZE) so quite MADWAY'S READY RELIEF.

It will in a few moments, when taken according to directions, oure Cramps, Spanns, Sestomach, Heartburn, Sick Headnete, Diamburnetty, Colio, Wind in the Bowels and Internal Pains.

Travelers hould always carry a bottle of his way's Ready Relief with them. A few does in water will prevent sickness or pains from coff water. It is better than French brands bitters as a stimulant.

Miners and Lumbermen should always by wided with it.

CAUTION. All remedial agents capable of destroying by an overdose should be avoided. Ropoplum, strychnine, arnica, hyosciamus, an oppowerful remedies, does at certain times, in small doses, relieve the patient during the tion in the system. But perhaps the does, if repeated, may agravate and inche suffering, and another dose calls do There is no necessity for using these uneagents when a positive remedy like Radve Ready Relief will stop the most encountry in either infant or adult.

The True Relief.

Radway's Ready Relief is the only tensor

Radway's Ready Relief is the only rentagent in vogue that will instantly stop pain.

Fifty Cents Per Bottle.

RADWAY'S REGULATING

Natural in their Operation.
A VEGETABLE SUBSTITUTE FOR CAL sweet sum, purge resulate, purify, cleans strengthen.

RADWAY'S PILLS, for the cure of all discorting the Stomach, Liver, Bowels, Kidner, der, Nervous Diseases, Headache, Constitution of the Howels, Flaid changements of the Internal Viscoration of the Howels, Flaid changements of the Internal Viscorations and the Howels, Flaid changements of the Internal Viscorations of the Governments, or rious drugs.

By Observe the following symptoms ing from Diseases of the digestive organistication, Inward Plies, Fullness of the Heathburn, Disgust of Pood, Fullness of in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sink Fultering at the Heart, Choking or Sufficient of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sink Fultering at the Heart, Choking or Sufficient of the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sink Fultering at the Heart, Choking or Sufficient of the Stomach, Sufficient of the Stomac

READ "FALSE AND TRUE.
Send a letter stamp to BADWAI & O

Est Warren, cor. Charele-st., New Scar
Est Information worth thousands will by you.

LOCAL 1

The Republican lector

Prospective Contests -Hildreth's

There was no sign eftement. This was that the contest was at and partly because it day night who was et of one Alderman and The defeated did not nelves, and the victors their triumph, so the dise one which follow malls is. The following are

iam Tobin, and Ji morning at the po-and West Fourter which had arisen night before-number of voi ceeded the num about 100, and the abrupt terminative vectorday mornin abrupt terminati yesterday mornin eided to admit all that every ballot book or by affiday devotes cast duri noon the clerks he hence the error w The vote in the tollows: Duffy, Bellefield, II. The

It will be remembere in the employ of the U in 1875, became deeply frauds, which were un a large of the U in 1875, became deeply frauds, which were un against him. He pearance before the on the eve of the deeply of the total five from an upclass hotel in Windsor After the whisky e Hidreth's friends here a pardon, which was the President of the payment of a fine oprosecution, he having the monthy was cover treasury, and Hildrethe dust of her Gracian Chicago.

hicago. At the city ele

Riordan.
Gardner.
At a meeting of the C
Ballard presented the
resolution, which were
dissenting voices—Ald.
and Ryan.
"Whereas, It appear
roturns of the votes of
for the office of Aldern
held on the 3d day of A
Hildreth received a nin
in said ward for Aldern
"Whereas, It furth
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that said James H. Hill
election, convicted, in
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"Resolved, That the
by reason of such comb
by declared to be, inel
Alderman from the Se
Chicago, and that he be
the City Council."
Barred out of the C
manner, Hildreth took
office and sought legal
in an application to Ju
mandamus to compel

the application.

An appeal was taken hefore whom the case months until April 28, 1 after the crooked Gau when Judge Bailey ren ing the decision of the Tae Judge said that whether a mandamus. City Council to admit The law was well sottle which the petition so required the exercise would not he; and whe involving discretion in

ourts or d by a procee

BADY RELIEP.

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RECOGNITION

long-standing Disease and ling art; that reasoning arms defect and supplies tep by step—by degrees—tep by step—by degrees—tep disease, not only comdessive our gratitude, that mankind with that the disease allowed mankind with the lishes this result, and sur-

ND TRUE.

Radway's "Tro

ases Cured by parillian Resolve

of Ulcers, Sait Rheum, ng. Scald Head, Utcine andular Swellings, Nodes, the Hody, Pimples and Sepsia, Kidney and Hadenstein and Calculous Deposit, ove complaints to which solve complaints to which solve complaints to which solve complaints to whose cours names. It cures rom the foundation, and ris to their sound conditions and the total solvent and stopping. Supering to The Systaterial is formed. This is cer of Radway's Resolvent, ratem has been salivated, yer, Corrostve Sublimate becomes demostred in the

TUMORS.

taking parucular referent f chronic diseases reache tan RESOLVENT. Invalid t consult our writings i idea of the promise amedies.

r per Bottle.

REMEDY

tes, not hours, to relieve

Ready Relief.

dneys, Inflammation of the n of the Bowels, Congestica Throat, Difficult Breathing, art, Hysterics, Croup, Diph-nuz, Headache, Toothache, op, Cold Chills, Ague Chills, ea, Bruises, Summer Con-ids, Sprains, Pains in the s, are instantly relieved.

ND AGUE

ed for Fifty Cents. There ent in the world that will, and all other Majarious hold, Yellow, and other AY's Prizes so quick a

ents, when taken accord-re Cramps, Spasms, Sour-Sick Headache, Diarrhes, d in the Bowels, and a

ays carry a bottle of Rad-th them. A few drops in

capable of destroying life dhe avoided. Morphine idea, hyoseignus, and other as at certain times, in very is patient during their acreate for using these uncertain veremedy like Radway's pp. the most excructating entailing the least difference Relief.

ef is the only reme

Spothing Aperican, Act diways Reliable and their Operation. STITUTE FOR CALONEL

elegantly coated with ulate, purify, cleanse, and

r the cure of all disorders. Bowels, Kidneys, Blad-Headache, Constipation, on, Dyspepsia, Bliloumes of the Bowels, Piles, and intornal Visceen. Ware out cure. Purely vessia-roury, minerals, or delete.

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be, and Sudden Flushes of
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Ove-named disc.

DRUGGISTS.
SE AND TRUE.

TO RADWAY & CO., To the thousands will be seen

Per Bottle.

TION.

ors by RADWAY

There was no sign yesterday of election ex-element. This was partly owing to the fact that the contest was at no time an animated one, and partly because it was certainly known Tue-day night who was elected, with the exception of one Alderman and the West Town Collector. The defeated did not make any display of them-alves, and the victors were not overexultant in the striumph, so the day was much quieter than the triumph of the content of the conten

The following are the revised figures of the vote on Collector in the West Town,—the Commissic candidate being omitted because of cutting no figure in the contest. The returns are contest.

William Tobin, and his delito was recused.

COMPARATIVE VOTS.

Taking the vote on Supervisor, which more nearly reflected the party strength, the following figures show the number of ballots which were east at Tuesday's election:

in me cases out of ten the contestant has the worst of it, and that, if he does get in, it is only at the fag end of a term.

There will also be contests, it is understood, in a number of other wards. Duffy will contest Hildreth's seat in the Seventh, on the ground of filegal voting in all the districts, and of gross pregularities in the Third. Mr. Geobegan, it is understood, will contest Mr. Burley's seat in the Eighteenth, on the ground that in one precise the judges gave forty-two votes to Br. Burley which were found in the town lox. In the Tenth Ward Mr. Cruver's friends are urging him to contest the seat of Schroeder, who beat him by eighteen votes. There was some talk, also, of McGrath's putting in his claim to having been elected in the Fourteenth, where Stauber is about forty shead, but the intilkely that this claim will be pushed.

WILL HILDRETH RE LET IN?

It will be remembered that Mr. Hildreth, while in the employ of the United States as a Gauger in 1876, became deeply involved in the whicky frauds, which were unearthed that year by Col. A. C. Matthews, then Supervisor of Internal Revenue. He was indicted by the United States Grand Jury, who found some nineteen counts against him. He gave ball for his appearance before the District Court, but on the eve of the day set for trial fied to Canada, where he remained for several months, watching the American shore of the Betroit River from an upper window of a second-class hotel in Windsor.

After the whisky excitement had subsided,

dissenting voices—Aid. O'Brien, Lawier, While, and Ryan.

"Winderman, It appears from a canvass of the returns of the votes east in the Seventh Ward for the office of Alderman at the city election held on the 3d day of April, 1877, that James H. Hildreth received a plurality of the votes east in said ward for Alderman; and

"Winneas, It further appears from the report of the Judiciary Committee of this Council that said James H. Hildreth was, prior to said election, convicted, in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Hilmois, of malfeasance in office; therefore, be is

"Resolved That the said James H. Hildreth, by reason of such conviction, is, and he is here by declared to be, ineligible to hold said office of Alderman from the Seventh Ward of the City of Chicago, and that he be not entitled to a seat in the City Council."

Barred out of the Council in this summary manner, Hildreth took his pardon to a lawyer's office and sought legal advice. This culminated in an application to Judge Rogers for a writ of mandamus to compel the Council to rescind their action and give him admission to a seat in the Council Chamber. Exhaustive arguments were made on both sides of the question, and on July 26, 1877, Judge Rogers decided adversely to the application.

An appeal was taken to the Appellate Court,

the Council Chamber. Exhaustive arguments were made on both sides of the question, and on July & 1877, Judge Rogers decided adversely to the application.

An appeal was taken to the Appellate Court. Defore whom the case slumbered for several months until April & 1878,—a little over a year after the crooked Gauger had been elected.—when Judge Bailey rendered his opinion, affirming the decision of the Court below.

The Judge said that the main question was wetter a mandamus would lie to compel the City Council to admit Hildreth as a member. The law was well settled that whenever the act which the petition sought to have performed required the exercise of discretion, mandamus would not fie; and where the law imposed a duty involving discretion in the premises a mandamus would not lie. In general terms, the principle was that a mandamus would he to compel the performance of duties purely ministerial in their nature, and so clear and specific that no siement of discretion was left in their performance; but that as to all acts or duties necessarily calling for the exercise of judgment and discretion on the part of the officer or body politic, at whose hands their performance was required, mandamus would not lie. In the present instance the Council had power to pass on and determine the election and qualification of its members, involving the exercise of judgment and discretion, and which was quasi-judicial in its nature. Had they refused to act, they might be roomed and determine the election and qualification of its members, involving the exercise of judgment and discretion, and which was quasi-judicial in its nature. Had they refused to act, they might perhaps have been compelled by mandamus to Proceed and determine the election and qualification of a member, but the result they might lead to the exercise of a discretion. A writ of mandamus could not not be employed to correct an error after it had been committed than to prevent the commission of an error by directing in advance what decision should be made.

The J

The election of town officers for the Town of Evanston occurred Tuesday in the Town-Hall. Strong opposition was made on the offices of Town Clerk and Collector, but the regular ticket was elected by 150 majority. The vote was larger than usual, 404 being cast. The following are the elections: Supervisor. Max Hahn; Town Clerk, J. R. Fitch; Assessor, Joseph M. Lyon; Collector, S. V. Kline; Commissioner of Highways, John C. Murphey; School Trustees, T. A. Costrove, for two years; A. A. Exilines, for one year. EVARSION.

School Trustees, T. A. Cogrove, for two years; A. A. Exlines, for one year.

LAES VIEW.

The town meeting or election for town officers held Tuesday resulted in the election of the nominees of the Convention held a week before—vis.: Edgar Sanders, Supervisor; Ell P. Chatteld, Assessor; Occar Charles, Collector; James J. Wilson, Town Clerk; Nicholas Hausen, Commissioner of Highways; Lanty Kennedy, Overseer of District No. 1; Edward Chant, Overseer of District No. 2; Jacob Schneider, Overseer of District No. 2; Jacob Schneider, Overseer of District No. 2; Franz Baer, School Trustee; and George W. Parkes, Police Magistrate. The ouly opposition was on Overseer of Highways for District No. 1, Kennedy beating William Temple by a vote of 589 to 283; and on Police Magistrate, Parkes beating R. 8. Andrews by a vote of 480 to 183. This opposition called out a pretty fair vote, the total cast being 687.

The saloon question in some districts was quite lively. Last spring the town was by ordinance divided into seven saloon districts, the residents in each being allowed to vote for or against any one or all of the saloons in their separate or respective districts. This vote resulted as follows: In the First and Fourth Districts there was no vote for or against saloons; in the Second District, where there were 321 votes cast, the highest vote cast for any saloon was 114, and the highest against 13, or a total of 187 out of 321. In District 5 the highest vote for was 14, and against 9, out of a vote of 72.

Notwithstanding the fair vote cast, there was a large number of voters in each precinct who could be easily accounted for who did not put in an appearance, but it is expected that next fall's election will call out the full vote of the town.

BEER

The Brewers of Iowa in Convention at Cedar Rapids—Beer as a Refining and

Civilizing Agent.
Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
CEDAR RAPIDS, In., April 7.—The Iowa State CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia., April 7.—The lows State Brewers' Association met in annual convention here to-day, about 100 delegates being present. Vice-President Maginis, of Cedar Rapids, opened the meeting by an address of welcome, and Mayor Smith was then introduced, who very cordially welcomed them to the city as business men, and extended the hospitalities. President Henry Koehler, of Davenport, followed with his annual address. He thanked the people for their welcome, and hoped the brewers would realize the importance of cooperation. This done, they would be free from the persecutions of temperance fanatics. He claimed that beer was a civilizing and refining agent, driving out stronger beverages; sharply criticised temperance people for attempting to break up a great industry, and render valuelees \$500,000 worth of machinery. He looked upon temperance people as enemies of progress and liberty. A committee was appointed to draft resolutions thanking the Legislature for its action on the temperance question. The Treasurer's report shows a balance of \$902.45 in the treasury. A delegation of women from the Women's Christian Temperance Union appeared in the hall during the President's address, but were invited out. D. R. Dungan, of Mt. Pleasant, has challenged the brewers to meet him in debate on temperance. The proceedings were in German.

ARMY REUNIONS.

The Forty-fourth Indiana Regiment at Kendallville-Meeting of Old Soldiers at Manchester, In.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tvibuna.

FORT WATER, Ind., April 7.—At the reunion of the Forty-fourth Regiment of Indiana Volunteers, held at Kendallville, an organization was to-day effected, with the following officers; Maj. W. D. Bingham, Lagrange, President; Dr. J. H. Revick, of the Lagrange Standard, Vice-President; G. W. Gordon, Auburn, Secretary; Frank M. Willis, Waterloo, Treasurer. The next reunion will be in this city Fob. 16 and 17 next, being the anniversary of the capture of Fort Don-

will hit begins that this claim will be pushed.

WILL HILDERTH RE LET IN?

One of the first questions to come before the new Council will be the eligibility of J. H. Hilderth, Alderman-elect from the Seventh Ward, to a seat among the City Fathers.

It will be remembered that Mr. Hildreth, while elected President; Capt. E. B. Soper, Vice-President; Abner Dunham, Secretary and Treasurer. It was decided to hold reunions every four

years.
Maj. D. W. Reed was appointed Historian, with a view to publishing a complete history of the regiment as soon as details can be gathered.
Arrangements were also made for publishing the proceedings of this reunion with M. E. Comstock, of Dubuque, to superintend the printing, with instructions to send a copy to all members not present.

the proceedings of this reunion with M. E. Comstock, of Dubuque, to superintend the printing, with instructions to send a copy to all members not present.

The ladies of Manchester served a bounteous banquet at 1 p. m., after which came the toasts; "The State and Nation" was responded to by H. C. Curtiss; "Army and Navy," by the Hon. I. W. Tirrillat; "Children of the Twelfth Iowa," poetical recitation by Florence L. Dunham, a 7-year-old daughter of Abner Dunham: "Hard-tack and Coffee, by Capt. E. B. Soper; "The Girls We Left Behind Us," by Harvey Smith; "History of the Twelfth Iowa."

The "Poetical History of the Regiment," by W. L. Henderson, created great enthusiasm.

"The Wives, Mothers, Daughters, and Sweethearts of the Twelfth Iowa" brought a hearty response from J. E. Simpson; "Our Gallant Dead,"—response from R. P. Clarkson.

After the toasts came the presentation of gold-headed canes to Col. J. J. Woods and Abner Dunham, the canes being bought by members of the regiment.

The reunion adjourned to meet four years hence, with cheers for the flag we carried.

ROCKFORD METHODISTS.

ROCKFORD METHODISTS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BELYIDERR, Ill., April 7.—Yesterday the Methodist ministers of the Rockford District closed their Conference here. The program for the afterneon was highly interesting. The Rev. T. P. Marsh, of Rockford, delivered an instructive and entertaining address on the "Philosophy of Faith." The Rev. A. Reynoids read a paper on "The Intermediate State." The Rev. G. L. Stuff gave his views on the question of Bible study. "The Functions and Fields of Presiding Elders," were told by the Rev. W. S. Harrington, and upon this topic an interesting discussion ensued. The Conference passed a resolution to advise the General Conference to merge the Missionary. Church Extension, and the Freedman's Aid Societies into two departments, to be called the Foreign and Home Missions.

An address upon "Tempercance" by the Rev. W. H. Burns, of Elgin, closed the Convention.

ANOTHER CANAL MEETING. PEORIA, Ill., April 7.—Mayor Harrison, of Chi-cago, has called a meeting of the Canal Com-mittee appointed at Ottawa to meet here to-morrow. Prominent men from different parts of the State will be present, and a mass-meeting will be held in the evening.

MORTUARY.
OTTUMWA, Ia., April 7.—Mr. Thomas W. Bichelberger, late city editor of the State Register, of Des Moines, was buried at Bloomfield, his old home, this afternoon. His body was taken ther from Des Moines by a special train, escorted by representatives of the press from that city and the Rev. Dr. Jenckes, of the Episcopal Church.

MESSES. C. L. BRUNDAGE & SON, Druggists, Muskegon, Mich., write: "St. Jacobs Oil has a wonderful sale. We sold eight bottles at retail yesterday. This will give you some idea of how well it is liked in this section." Malt Bitters build up anew the nervous, osse ous (bone), and muscular system.

THE TRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES. IN ORDER TO ACCOMMODATE OUR NUMER-ous patrons throughout the city, we have estab-lished Branch Offices in the different Divisions, as designated below, where advertisements will be taken for the same price as charged at the Italia Office, and will be received until 8 o'clock p. m. during the week, and until 9 p. m. on Saturdays: J. & R. SIMMS, Booksellers and Stationers, ES Twenty-second-st. Twenty-second-st.
W.F. BOGART, Druggist, 645 Cottage Grove-sv.,
northwest-corner Thirty-fifth-st.
H. W. BUCHMAN, Druggist, corner Thirty-first and

Stale-sia. WEST DIVISION.
CHAS. BENNETT, Newsdealer. Stationer, etc., 99
West Madison-st., near Western-sv.
TH. SONNICHSEN. Druggist, 349 Blue Island-sv.
comer of Twolth-st.
H. C. HERRICK, Jeweier, Newsdealer, and Fancy
Goods, 749 Lake-st., corner Lincoln.
H. F. KRAFT, Druggist, 641 West Madison-st., corner
Faulina. LOUIS W. H. NEEBB. Printing and Advertising Agent, News and Stationery Depot, do Bast Divisions, between lasale and wells.

L. EURLINGHAM & CO., Druggists, 45 North Clark-st., corner Division.

PERSONAL-M. A. C.: BE SURBIAM VERY SOR-to hear of the trouble that has come to you

T stone-front house on Throop-st., heat
\$5.500.
Two-story and basement stone-front on Elizabethst., near Madison, \$5.500.
Two-story and basement stone-front on Ada-st.,
and Madison, \$5.500.
Two-story and basement stone-front on Ada-st.,
and Madison, \$5.500.
Two-story and basement brick,
Two Park-sv., 30-foot lot, 3-story and basement brick, 23 Bouth Hoyne-st, near Van Buren, good 3-story frame, only 23.50.

The above are bargains and good, cheap houses; look at them, and call.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT,

Took at them, and call.

GRIFFIN & DWIGHT.

Corner Washington and Halsted-ets.

FOR SALE—

BUSINESS PROPERTY—

A first-class stone-front store, on Handolph-st. near Fifth-av, producing \$to 10 per cent income.

Large 3-story brick store, fasts above, on Blue Island-av, is first-class improvement; has rented for past three years for II per cent of price.

Two-story brick store, on West Twelfth-st. near Clinton-st.

Three-story brick store, fasts above, on Indiana-st. near corner of Clark-st.; all very cheap, and on easy terms. E. S. HAWLEY, N Howland Block.

POR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT ON WASHINGTONst., near Haisted, \$4,500; house in complete order;
will rent at \$45 per month. GRIFFIN \$ DWIGHT,
corner Washington and Haisted-sts.

POR SALE—VALUARIE PROPERTY IN THE
North Division—Lote fronting on North Haistedsts, between Division and North-av., also on Northav., between Hawthorne and Clybourn-avs., wooden
block payement, sewer, water, and gas; also lote
fronting Weed, Blackhawk, and Rees-sts. JOHN A.
YALE, 189 Le Salle-sts, Room 6.

POR SALE—DOCK PROPERTY ON THE NORTH
Branch and North Branch Canal between Chicago-av. and North-av. Chicago Land Company, Room

, 26 Clark-st. FOR SALE—RIVEE PROPERTY FOR DOCK OR manufacturing purposes—600 feet on North Branch, near Division-st, in two parcels, a bargain. JOHN A. YALE, 158 La Salle-st., Room 6. CORN A. IALE, 19 LA Salle-st, Room 6.

OR SALE-S LOTS, KENWOOD-AV., CORNER LOTS, Two-story brick house, North Onkley-st., near Purk-sv., SLE. Sci. 10, with cottage, Oak-sv., near West Indians, 1,500 or house, Right Bothest, near West Indians, 1,500 or house, Right Bothest, near the standard of the control of Thirty-seventh-st. J. W. FARLIN, 6 Rest Washing-

FOR SALE—FOUR MICHIGAN-AV. RESIDENCES
between Eighteenth and Twenty-second-sta.
Best bargains on that boulevard. H. M. SHERWOOD,
75 State-8. Dest Dargains on that boulevard. H. M. SHERWOOD, 70 Saile-81.

POR. SALE—ONLY \$1,000 CASH. \$500 IN ONE year, and \$3,500 at the end of five years, with 6 per cent, will buy a nice stone-front house on South Side that sold in 1873 for \$10,000. MATSON HILL, W Washington-st.

POR SALE—TWO FRAME STONE AND RESIDENCE CONTROLLING WASHINGTON-STONE STONE AND RESIDENCE STONE SOUTH OF STONE SOUTH STONE STONE SO

POR SALE—NO. 27 WEST CONGRESS-ST., NEAR I Horne, 2-story and basement, lot 20x125; terms to suit. MEAD & COE, 149 La Salle-st. POR SALE - LARGE 2-STORY COTTAGE, 1856
EDITERIOR SALE - LARGE 2-STORY COTTAGE, 1856
EDFF, ROOM 14, ECIRK-94.
POR SALE - THOSE BLEGANT STONE FRONTS
T on Thirty-fith-st, at head of Grand boulevard;
will be rented if not sold this week. MEAD & COE,
16 La Salle-94.

will be rented if not sold this week. MEAD & COE, 16 La Salle-st.

FOR SALE-\$4,800-NEAR HEAD DREXEL BOULT everd, two-story house; dining-room and sicchen on first fidor; furnese, gas-fatures; large lot, with barn; easy terms. D. W. POTTER, 10 Dearborn-st., Room S.

FOR SALE-BY H. C. MOREY, 55 CLARK-ST.; Two-story and basement brick house on Warrensy, east of Central Park, modern improvements, lot 2013, and 15 S.500.

FOR SALE-LOT 3XIS, WITH COTTAGE NO. 25 Park-av., at what the land is worth. Also lots near parks. D. LEONARD, 116 Washington-st.

FOR SALE-TO WARREN-AV., 3-STORY FRAME house, with lot 3XIS. Price, \$2,000. H. POTWIN, 126 Washington-st., Room 44.

FOR SALE-DOUBLE TWO-STORY AND BASEment brick stores, tenements above, Madison-st., near Westlork.

Washington-st.

POR SALE-WE HAVE A LARGE LIST OF houses and jots of various kinds ranging in price from \$1.50 to \$2.50 that we would like to sell before they are rented for next year. Please call and get particulars if you want to buy. J. P. WHITE & CO., Room 4, 50 Clark-st., Resper Hick. NOON 4, 50 CHAR-SI, MESPET BIOCK.

T. S., house and 30-foot lot, 50,000. A less valuable house and iot on Ellis-set, or Dresch-boulevard, near city limits, will be taken in part payment. \$A.750N HILL, 57 Washington-St.

POR SALE—FIFTY ACRES CORNER TWELFTH-1 st. and Crawford-av. This is a very desirable piece of property, and offered at a bargain. E. R. HORD & CO., Room 5, 185 Fifth-av.

POR SALE—STORY OCTAGON BRICK. WITH 2-story brick barn, lot 5x130; South Side; \$7,000; bargain, PIERCE & WARE, 181 Le Salie-st.

POR SALE—STORY FRONT, ON MICHIGAN-AV., near Fourteenth-St. \$10,000; possession May L. MATSON HILL, 57 WASHIRKON 2, 36 PARK-AV., OC. FOR SALE-VERY CHEAP, 345 PARK-AV., OC-tagon brick house, choice in every particular. R S. FLEMING, 151 South Lancoln-st., owner. TOR SALE 44.80 WILL BUY A GOOD HOUSE, With lot Strike feet, in desirable location on the South Side, if sold immediately; easy of access the Hydrogen on parior floor. MATSON HILL, W Washington-side,

TOR SALE-692 MONROE-ST, CORNER HONORE, 2-story and basement brick, with all modern conveniences; 10t Maria. A bargain. H. POTWIN, IN Washington-st., Room 44.

TOR SALE-HOUSE, AND LOT 25X100 FRET, IN-diana-av., near Twenty-third-st., ronted for 570 per month; price, 57,503. MATSON HILL, 57 Washington-st. dians-av., hear I wenty-inite-st., ronted for \$10 per month; price, \$1.00. MarSon Hill. 5 Washington-st.

Por Sale — IRX160 FEET. INDIANA-AV., Porthwest corner of Twenty-inith-st. cast and couth fronts. MarSon Hill., \$7 Washington-st.

FOR Sale—BETWEEN THE BOULEVARDS, I near Thirty-ninth-st., 10-room residence; no basement; a bargain. Call soon. KESLER BROS., 16 La Salle-st.

FOR Sale—MY RESIDENCE ON WENTWORTH-nouse, II rooms, good barn, lot Suilst feet, clear. Will sell at a sacrifice on casy terms. J. C. CHURCH, Englewood, III.

FOR SALE—92 MONROE-ST., STONE-FRONT; I dining-room and kitchen on parior floor; complete in every detail. H. POTWIN, 126 Washington-st., Room 44.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT—Sig00—MARBLE—front house southeast corner South Park-av. and Twenty-fish-st.; dining-room and kitchen on parior floor; billiard-room, extra kitchen with dumb-waiter, storage and coal-rooms in basement; \$ bed-rooms; all improvements; sine brick bern and issundry. JAS. B. Gall-loway, \$6 Clark-st., Room 26.

FOR SALE—143 WESTERN-AV., STONE-FRONT; three rooms deep; very decirable at the price. H. FOTWIN, 126 Washington-st., Room 4.

SUBURBAN REAL ESTATE.

POR SALE—DESIRABLE SUBURBAN RESIdense—Good house and barn, with one sere of
ground, three minuted walk from station in neighboring rural city; commutation reasonable; built and always owned by a gentleman in business daily in Chicago; will be sold on distress at a great sacrifice. Inquire of H. L. HAMMOND, in T. La Salie-8.

TOR SALE—CHOICE RESIDENCE PROPERTY
L at Englewood, lake water, etc., only fill per foot;
and the property of FOR SALE—AT ENGLEWOOD—SPLENDID NEW
To-room residence; just the thing for small family;
convenient to depote and markots; nice lot; lake
water. KESLER BROS, 185 LA Salie-st. Water. KESLER BROS., 146 La Selle-st.

TOR SALE—RENT—OR EXCHANGE—HUUSES,
lots, and acres at Hinsdair; the highest land and
lowest price of any suburt. O.J.STOUGH, 128 Dearborn.

TOR SALE—80 ACRES CLOSE TO DEPOT,
within few miles of city limits, at a great bargain.

HENRY WALLER, JR., 97 Dearborn-st. REAL ESTATE WANTED.

WANTED—THE BEST BRICK HOUSE AND LOT on South Side, east of State-st, that can be bought for \$5.50 cash; must be modern style. Address for pose week, B is, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO BUY—LARGE WELL-LOCATED lot, with fair house and barn, east of Michiganav, north of Fifty-third-st. Give number. Not over \$5.00. Address B is, Tribune office.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS.

POR SALE—FUNNITURE OF PRIVATE HOUSE, and carpets. B& Tribune office.

FOR SALE—THE ENTIRE CONTENTS OF A large boarding house, at 154 North State st., consisting of furniture, stoves, bedateads, and bedding, commodes, wash-bowles and pitchers, carpets, etc.; coods will all be sold within ten days. BUILDING MATERIAL.

POR SALE SO,000 COMMON RED BRICK, COM-ner Milwaukee and Western-ays. T. MISMER. POR SALE SO,000 GOOD MERCHANTABLE RED brick. Samples can be seen at Room 95 Metro-politism. Block, corner. La Salie and Randolph-sta Also quantity of red pressed for fronts.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A. GOODRICH, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, IM DEARtienes. Business quietly and legally transacted.

D. HARRY HAMMER, JUSTICE OF THE
S. Chattel-mortgages, etc., schnowledged.

BOOKS.

CASH PAID FOR BOOKS, MAGAZIMES, AND
CHAPIN'S, corner-Madison and Dearborn-sta.

TO RENT-HOUSES TO RENT-HOUSES.

West Side.

To RENT-SIS PER MONTH-FINE PSTORY
In brick house, B Grenshaw-st.
III-Story brick, I Grenshaw-st.
III-First two floors of 3-story brick, II Grenshaw-st.
III-Large cottage, IIS West Taylor-st.
III-Large cottage, IIS West Taylor-st.
III-S large rooms, IO Havvard-st.
III-First store with good living rooms in rear, 55
South Western-sv.
Tourier at 300 Western-sv.

TO RENT-SI WEST MONROE-ST.-S-STORY
and basement brick, II gooms, modern conveniences, barn. E. SLOSSUN & CO., ISS La Salle-st.
TO RENT-BY GRIPFIN & DWIGHT, CORNER
Washington and Haisted-sta;
30 West Washington-st., an elegant brick house,
ISS.

West Washington-st., an elegant brick house,
ISS.

30 Fark-sv., stone-front, II rooms, 200

Washington and Haisted-sta;

200 West Washington-st., an elegant brick house,

307 Park-av., stone-front, II rooms, 260.
Several good stone and brick fronts on Adams,
Jackson, and other streets.
See large list in to-day's Daily News.

To RENT—THERE 2-STORY AND BASEMENT
I stone-front houses, 607, 681, and 63 Adams-st.; two
three-story stone-front houses, 262 and 267 Ashiandav. J. A. KING, 51 Lake-st.

TO RENT—45 PER MONTH—ELEGANT MARBLE
front house, 262 West Jackson-st.; parior, dimingroom, and kitchen all on one floor; has all modern
improvements; in first-class location. Inquire at 135
Dearborn-st., in bank.

TO RENT—HOUSE ET LOOMIS-9T., MARBLEfront, dining-room and kitchen on first floor, modeern improvements; can have barn if desired; also
house 17 Loomis-st. liquire of KING & CURTIS, 186
Washington-st., Room 25 and 77.

TO RENT—456 PER MONTH—8-STORY BRICK
26 West Congress-st.
Inquire at 135 Dearborn-st., in bank.

TO RENT—194 WALNUT-ST., NEAR ASHLANDav. 3-story and basement marble front, 10 rooms,
with all modern improvements; Ex. 30. Apply to GEO.
G. NEW BURY, 164 La Salie-st.

TO RENT—196 WEST FIFTERNTE-ST., COTTAGE
Adakson-st.

Jackson-st.

TO RENT—69 WEST FIFTERNTH-ST., COTTAGE containing frooms with large closets, south front, bay window; barn for two horses; premises can be seen. ROBERT H. WALKER, Room 3, 167 Dearbornseen. HOBERT H. WALKER, Room 5, 16 Dearbornst.

TO RENT-116 OAKLEY-AV. AND 36 MONROE—
1 st., stone-fronts, dining-room and kitchen on parlor floor, gas-fixtures, furmace, etc.; streets paved.
H. POTWIN, 18 Washington-st., Room 44.

TO RENT—A 3-STORY AND BASEMENT STONEfront house and barn. II Park-av., with 14 rooms,
furnace, and gas fixtures. Inquire of R. C. ROUNSAVELL, 25 Ontario-st., and so on the premises.

TO RENT—6, 7, and 8 ROOM COTTAGES AND
6 flats on Madison-st., Park-av., and Wainut-st.
D. LEONARD, 18 Washington-st.

TO RENT—MICHIGAN-AV., NEAR THIRTY—
1 first-st., two-story and basement house, modern
improvements, with barn. EELLER BROS., 16 La
Salle-st. TO RENT-BY J. C. MCCORD, 154 LA SALLE-ST.

50 Carroll-av., two-story and basement stone, all
modern improvements, only 55.

TO RENT—12 SIXTEENTH-ST, 4-STORY, 15-ROOM dwelling, with all modern improvements; 20c Wabash-sv., 16-room frame dwelling; 1510 Wabash-sv., corner Twenty-ninth-sk., 10-room frame dwelling; 1610 Sabash-sv., near Twelfth-sk., 10-room frame dwelling; 1610 Sraint-sv., near Twelfth-sk., 10-room frame dwelling; 1625 Frairie-sv., 15-room stone front; 162 Frairie-sv., 15-room ston Room 5.

TO RENT-OR FOR SALE 575 PER MONTH
Marble-front house southeast corner South Par
av. and Twenty-fifth-st.; dining-room and kitchen o
parlor foor; billiard-room, extra kitchen with dum
waiter, storage and coal rooms in basemens; eigbedrooms; all improvements; fine brick barn as
laundry. JAS. B. GALLOWAY, 56 Clark-st., Room; Jaundry. JAS. B. GALLOWAY, & Clark-st., Hoom & TO RENT-NO. 998 (OLD NUMBER) MICHIGAN-av., 3-story and basement frame; will be put in thorough repair and ready for early possession. April 30, or earlier. ALFRED W. SANSOME, Room 7, 110 La Salle-st.

TO RENT-608 MICHIGAN-AV., RETWEEN SIX-1 teenth and Eighteenth-sta. (new No. 189), a first-class 3-story and basement house, 115 per month. No boarding-house. Apply to A. REED & SONS, 191 State-st.

der. Look at them. Possession May I.

O RENT—A STONE-FRONT DWELLING, 3
stories and basement, is rooms. Prairie-av, near
iritiels-st., to a good party, able to furnish it nicely,
board the owner and wife. Address B 3, Tribune.

O EENT—7-ROOM COTTAGES WITH MODERN
improvements, 36 Cottage-Grove-av, and 56
ove Park-av.; 25, 250. J. T. DALK, 15 Tribune office. TO RENT—IS ALDINE SQUARE, 36 PER MONTH.

Apply to J. S. Grinnell, Cky-Hall.

TO RENT—DWELLINGS 16 AND M TWENTY—first—st., near Wabash—st., Prome conveniently arranged for easy housekeeping, large basement, furnace, gas fixtures, baths, but and cold water, etc., very convenient to business, and accessible by every convenient to business, and accessible by every convenient to business, and accessible by every south Side street—car line. Apply at Room 16. Bit Clark—st., or at 967 Wabash—av., corner Twenty-first—st. Clark-st., or at 6ff Wabash-av., corner Twenty-first-st.

TO RENT-TWO 8-ROOM ONE-STORY AND A
L helf cottages, Nos. Elf and Eld Twenty-inith st.
Also No. 1085 Michigan-av., 3-story and basement
brick, with modern conveniences and large barn.
Also 1057 and 1081 Michigas-av., 3-story and basement with all modern conveniences. B. G. HAMILton, Room I. 128 South Clark-st.

TO RENT-NEAR THERTY-NINTH-ST. AND
Cottage Grove-av., two-story house, 10 rooms;
no basement; Ene neighborhood. KESLER BROS.,
146 La Salle-st. TO RENT-BIT WABASH-AV. 9 ROOMS; MOD-ern improvements; parlor, dining-room, and hitchen same floor; 80 per month. HUGO WANGE-MAN, 5 Washington-st. Room is. TO RENT-DWELLING NORTH OF TWENTY-lifth-st., 5 rooms and cellar; rent 80 per month. Address B 20, Tribune office.

North Side. North Side.

TO RENT—BY E. S. DREYER & CO.,
S. Washington-st.:
No. 430 North State-st., 3-story basement and subcellar marble-front \$25.50.
No. 434 North State-st., same class of house, with
barn: elegantly furnished; 500 per month.
Both of these houses have all the modern conveniences, and will be rented to private parties only.

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1-THE 4-STORY BROWN
stone front dwelling 43 Dearborn-av. GEO. S
BULLOCK, 46 State-st.

TO RENT-NO. 22 NORTH LA SALLE-ST
-13 rooms, all modern improvements, 3-story ambasement brick. Apply to K. ANTHONY, 91 Wash 1.—15 rooms, all modern improvements, 3-story and basement brick. Apply to E. ANTHONY, H Washington-st.

TO RENT-3M OAK-ST., NEAR RUSH, 2-STORY and basement brick; modern conveniences; barn and 50-foot lot. E. SLOSSON & CO., 156 La Salle-st.

TO RENT-OR FOR SALE-35 PER MONTH-Modern marble-front two-story and basement house, 36; La Salle-st., corner Chestaut, 14 rooms. PETERSON & BAY. 16 Randolph-st.

TO RENT-SEOHIO-ST., 15-ROOM BRICK DWELLING, 334-Ontario-st., new. 18-room brick dwelling. J. M. GAMBLE, 40 Dearborn-st., Room 5.

TO RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE, IN CHOICE liocation; rent, \$1.30 per snnum; can be had May L. G. M. HIGH, 184 East Randolph-st., basement.

TO RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE, IN CHOICE liocation; rent, \$1.30 per snnum; can be had May L. G. M. HIGH, 184 East Randolph-st., basement.

TO RENT-FOR TURNISHED HOUSE, THREE-class, 15 rooms, vorth Side; one house, first-class, 15 rooms; stores and flats, M. FORTUNE & OO., Room 18, 92 East Washington-st.

TO RENT-FOR ONE YEAR FROM MAY 1—TWO-story and basement brick, \$17 Webster-av.; 10 rooms; bash-rooms hot and cold water, furnace, bells, and speaking-tubes, and well-furnished; \$50 to good tenant. DR. CLEVELLAND, 128 State-st.

Miscellaneous. Miscellaneous.

To RENT—THREE HOUSES IN MONTROSE, 8
In miles from the Court-House, convenient to depot,
with five acres of land each.
Three brick houses to rent on Fulton-st., No. 761,
765 and 765, between Robey and Hoyne-sts.; all modern improvements; from \$60 to \$60.
Four cottages on North Wood-st. and Clybournplace, near Rolling Mil., chem.
LAZARUS SILVERMAN, 70 La Salle-st. TO RENT-FURNISHED HOUSE TO FAMILY OF adults. No boarders. Hentin board. J. M. BEV-ERLEY, 194 Clark-st., Room 8.

Suburban.

TO RENT-BEAUTIFUL HESIDENCE, 2 BLOCKS from South Park depot, 2 blocks from the Park, corner Fitty-orenname, but his room, but and cold water, screens, and everything to make home comfortable; also, good barn; 860 per month. Apply at the house.

TO RENT-BLEGANT HOME AT RIVER FOREST, B miles from Chicago, orshe N. W. R. R., known as the "Alexander property." B rooms; bath, rurnace, laundry, stable, etc.; enc scre of ground: Inc shade, shrubbery, etc.; everything complete. H. POTWIN, 128 Washington-8t.

TO RENT-BLEGANT 10-ROOM HOUSE WITH large grounds at Winnetka, 25; smaller houses, 8td. J. T. DOLE, Room B, Tribune Building.

TO RENT-IN EVANSTON - HOUSES, FUBnished and unfurnished, by FRANK MERRELL, dealer in real estate, office near Evanston depot.

TO RENT—FLATS.

South Side.

To RENT—I HAVE SOME OF THE MOST DESIRable fiats on the South Side, near business; modern improvements; complete for a small family. GEO.

B. JOHNSON, 31 Dearborn-st.

TO RENT—FLATS SUITABLE FOR SMALL FAMILIES, centrally located on South Side, three 4 rooms each, one 5 rooms. ALFRED W. SANSOME, Room 7, 110 Le Salle-st.

North Side.

North Side.

TO RENT-NICE FLAT. 5 ROOMS, MODERN IMprovements, near Chicago-av., Ed; near Lincoln Interest, the side of the si TO RENT-ROOMS.

North Side.

North Side.

TO RENT-SECOND, THIRD, AND FOURTH floors (3) rooms) Nos. III and 173 North Clark-st. Apply to J. H. SCHROEDER, Room 22, southeast corner Kinite and Market-sis.

YO RENT-FURNISHED PARLOR FLOOR AND basement, 8 rooms stope front, 2 rooms deep, first-class location; North Side, within 10 minutes walk from State and Madison-sta. Address A 2, Tribune office. TO RENT-TWO FLOORS, FOUR ROOMS EACH, with closets and all modern conveniences; fine marble-front house, 360 North State-st, two blocks northeast of Unity Church pleasant location. Sent rurrent market price. Rooms shown to-day (Thurster) and Sunday. day) and Sunday.

TO RENT-ELEGANTLY-FURNISHED PARLOR
and bedroom, for one or two single men. References required. Inquire at 22 East Erie-st.

South Side.

O RENT-57 WABASH-AV., UNFURNISHED second-story front room.
O RENT-PLEASANT FRONT ROOMS, NICELY furnished and cared for cheap, at 78 East Van Ba-TO RENT-SIX NICE ROOMS, WITH BATH-BOOM

TO RENT-AT SH AND SE WABASH-AV. PLEASNO. &

West Side.

TO RENT-SIX NICE ROOMS, WITH BATH-BOOM
and gas at 50 West Congress-st West Side—Continued.

TO RENT—AND 6 ROOMS, FLATS, MADISONat, corner Wood, also 7-room cottage. LEAHY,
Fidelity Safe Depository, 10 to 12. TO RENT-STORES, OFFICES, &c.

TO RENT STORE AND BASEMENT, 26 WEST Madison-st., Store, in Thompson's Block, opposite Carson, Piris & Co's (business centre of the West Side), suitable for any first-class business. WM. H. THOMPSON, 22 West Madison-st. THOMPSON, 25 West Madison-st.

TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT, WITH Asphals floor, 16 and 15 Third-av.; also front on extension of Dearborn-st. between Jackson and Van Burner; power easily available. ALFRED W. BAN-SOME, Room 7, 110 La Salle-st. TO RENT—DESIRABLE STORE (FIVE FLOORS and basement). 200 and 25. Wabash-av., with side entance to upper Boors, which will be renied separated by the side of the si TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT, NO. 28
Franklin-st., May I. ALFRED W. SANSOME,
Room f, 110 La Salle-st. TO RENT-FROM MAY 1, STORES 268 AND 272 State-st. Inquire of J. M. W. JONES, corner of Dearborn and Monroe-sta. TO RENT-32 AND 264 WABASH-AV. STORE AND basement, 40x12. Inquire of GEO. C. NEWBURY, 184 La Salle-st. 184 La Salle-st.
TO RENT—GOOD STORE AND BASEMENT IN brick building, 25x70, No. 964 Milwankes-av., from, May I. TURNER & BOND, 198 Washington-st. TO RENT-FROM MAY 1-STORE 105 MADISON-st, between Clark and Dearborn. Apply to J. H. ANDREWS, 194 Clark-st., in the forenoon.

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1-FOR FIRST-CLASS business, No. 27 West Madison-st., will be par-titioned. Apply to GEO. G. NEWBURY, 164 La Salle. TO RENT—STORE EXIES AND 40-FOOT BASE—ment in 224 West Madison-st., opposite Curtis, with dry-goods fixeness or without. Apply at 222 West Madison-st.

TO RENT—STORE AND BASEMENT 52 MAD—lion-st. one of the briskest trade centres on the West Side. Responsible parties and first-class business only. H. F. CRAFT, 54 West Madison-st. TO RENT-CHEAP-THE ELEGANT STORE IN the new stone front building 257 West Madisonst.; French plate windows; best business location on the West Side. V. S. BOGGS, 118 State-st. the west Side. V. S. BOGGS, 114 State-st.

TO RENT—MADISON-ST., STORE 22X9 FEET.

third door east of Western-av., now occupied by

O. H. King. dry goods; good location. D. LEONARD,
116 Washington-st.

TO RENT—STORES ON MARKET-ST., BETWEEN

To washington and Randolph. Room 1, 167 Dear-

TO RENT STORE ON STATE-ST, NEAR WASH-ington (or half a store). Excellent for ladies' trade. E. SLOSSON & CO., 150 La Salle-st. TO RENT - MADISON-ST., STORE 22X00 FEET, third door east of Western-av., now occupied by O. H. King. Good location. TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT MXSO NO.
120 Franklin-st., from May I. H. POTWIN, 128
Washington-st., Room 44. TO RENT-STOKE 56 MADISON-ST, NEXT TO corner of Wood, MARTIN M. LEARY, Fidelity Safe Depository, 19 to 12. TO RENT-STORE AND BASEMENT 128 SOUTH Clark-st. D. G. HAMILTON, ROOM 1 op premises TO RENT-STORE ON STATE-ST. CORNER OF I Forty-first; good lecation for grocery, dry goods, Apply to H. REINHARDT, 38 South Clark-st.

Offices.

TO RENT SMAIL OFFICE WITH WINDOW,
nicely fitted up; gaslight and hest furnished.
Apply at 150 and 161 Lake-st., National Tube Works
Company. Company.

TO RENT-VERY DESIRABLE OFFICES WITH good light and vanit accommodations. GEO. M. HIGH, 16t East Randolpt-st., basement.

TO RENT-A SULTE OF THREE ROOMS, WITH Yoult, very desirable for lawyers, physicians, or real-estate men, in Dearborn Building, corner Dearborn and Madison-sts., by W. R. CONDICT, Boom 17,

Docks and Yards.

TO RENT-DOCK PROPERTY ON THE NORTH Branch and North Branch Canal, between Chicago-av. and North-av. Chicago Land Company, Room 5, 54 Clark-st.

TO RENT-THE DOCK HOT CORNER OF WEST Washington and Water-sta; well suited for coal or canal and railroad elevator. O. LUNT, Room 17, 182 Washington-st. TO RENT THREE LOFTS SELECT EACH.
Good light; water elevator; will divide. E. SLOSSON & CO., 130 La Salle-st. Miscellaneous

TO RENT-FROM MAY 1, THE PREMISES, 60X
150, now occupied by J. 5. Cooper as a livery and
sale stable, and situated on the corner of Monroe-st.
and Michigan-sv. ALFRED W. SANSOME, I Union and Michigan-av. ALPRED W. SANSOME, TUnion Building, 116 LaSelle-st.

TO RENT-50 WASHINGTON-ST., REAR BUILD-ing fronting Calboum place, rooms suitable for manufacturing purposes, including steam heat, power, and elevator. J. 2.J. M. GAMBLE, 50 Dearborn-st., Room S.

TO RENT-LARGE OR SMALL ROOMS WITH power, with or without use of wood-working machinery. Factory rear 115 Throop-st.

TO RENT-LARGE AND SMALL WELL LIGHT-ed rooms for manufacturing; power and elevators. A. R. BISHOP, 16 South Jefferson-st. WANTED-TO RENT.

WANTED—TO RENT - FOR LIGHT HOUSE.

Wanted—To RENT - FOR LIGHT HOUSE.

Weeping by a gentleman, wife, and daughter aged byears, four or dve unfurnished rooms in a pleasant neighborhood on West Side, not more than one block from street-cars, in a desirable house with all modern conveniences where there are no other small children where the cars in the street of the s conveniences where there are no other small enli-dren; permanent and good densant; rent must be rea-sonable. Address B 13. Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—HOUSE WITH ALL
modern improvements, including furnace, on
North Side east of LaSalie-st., or South Side east of
State. Bent not to exceed \$5 per month. Address
A 501, Tribune office. A 501, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A FURNISHED HOUSE
of 8 or 16 rooms on South side; best of reference
given; no children. Address B 6. Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—PLEAFANT FURNISHEL
terms and lady. Address B 1, Tribune office. tieman and lady. Address B I, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—A NICELY-FURNISHED front room or suite on first or second floor on Dearborn-sv, for gentleman and wife. All modern improvements. References exchanged. Address Eclipse Oil Co., 31 Michigan-sv.

WANTED—TO RENT—WE ARE TURNING away choice tenants every day. Come in and leave your property with us to rent. Satisfaction guaranteed. Pierce & WARE, 183 La Salle-st.

warnised. FIERUE & WARE, 18 Le Salle-St.

WANTED—TO RENT—PLEASANT PLACE ON
West Side for small family (no children), 40 to
50; choice tenant. Apply to PIERUE & WARE, 18
Le Salle-St.

WANTED—TO RENT—A PARTLY FURNISHED
House in grood location; to board owner for rent.
Address A 3, Tribune office.

WANTED—TO RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, ON
Washington-st., Warren-av, or Park-av, between Robey and Morgan-sts., for the summer
months, by a small family spending the summer here
from Kentucky. Call at once at 65 West Washington-st.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

North Side. North Side.
7 NORTH CLARK-ST., FOURTH DOOR FROM the bridge-Front rooms, with board, \$4 to \$5 per week; without board, \$2 to \$5.

South Side.

16 ELDRIDGE-COURT-ROOMS FOR FAMILIES

16 Or young men, with board.

247 GROVELAND PARK-AV. (THIRTY-FIRST)

And Illinois Central trains convenient. Private family.

References.

WOULD LIKE TO COMMUNICATE WITH PAR
ties willing to pay liberally for first-class accom
modations in one of the finest houses on the South

Side. References. By Tribune office.

Hotels.

CLARENCE HOUSE, CORNER STATE AND HARrison-sta., four blocks south of Palmer HouseBoard and room, per day, 81.50 to 22; per week from
86 to \$10; also furnished rooms rented without board. 8 to \$10; also furnished rooms rented without board.

I ASTINGS HOUSE, IS, IS, 20, AND 22 RAST
I Adams-st.—Newly-furnished rooms, with board,
from \$5 to 8 per week. Transient rates, \$1.25 to \$1.00
per day. Day-board, \$5 per week.

W INDSOR HOUSE, 178 STATE-ST., RIGHT OPPOper week; \$1.50 per day

BOARD WANTED.

DOARD—FROM MAY 1, FOR GENTLEMAN, if wife, and three small children. Will furnish rooms if desired. Location must be between Aberdeen and Loomis, and Monroe and Jackson-sts. A 66, Tribune.

DOARD—FOR 20 STUDENTS. APPLY AT CHICAGO Homeopathic College, southwest corner Michigan-ay, and Van Buren-st. Michigan-av. and Van Buren-st.

DOARD—IN COUNTRY FOR GENTLEMAN AND
byife and three children, in suburban town of easy
access. Can furnish rooms if desired. Want piain,
wholesome living. Terms must be reasonable. Give
full particulars. Address B 17, Tribune office.

THE HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS.

THE BROWNESS AND THE

HALLETT, DAVIS & CO.'S PIANOS,
WM. F. EMERSON PIANOS,
KBANICH & BACH PIANOS,
DUNHAM & SONS' PIANOS,
W. W. KIMBALL PIANOS,
SHONINGER CO.'S ORGANS,
KIMBALL ORGANS, W. W. KIMBALL'S, Corner State and Adams

WE HAVE TWO SECOND-HAND HALBTT, DA-vis & Co.'s pixnos for sale.
Second-hand instruments taken in exchange.
New Pianos sold on installments.
New organs sold on installments.
Pianos and organs to reat.
Second-hand pianos and organs for sale on easy yments. W. W. KIMBAIL., Corner State and Adams-sta.

CAST-OFF CLOTHING. A GOOD PRICE WILL BE PAID FOR CAST-OFF clothing at GELDER'S, ITD State-st. Orders by mail promptly attended to. Established 1853.

A LL CASH PAID FOR CAST-OFF CLOTHING, carpets, etc. ladies attended by Mrs. J. Gelder. Address J. GELDER, 88 State-st.

A LL CASH PAID FOR LADIES AND GENTLE-men's cast-off clothing, carpets, and bedding. Call or address E. HERSCHEL, 566 State-st. DIAMONDS, WATCHES, &c. WANTED-FOR CASH-A GENT'S SOLID-GOLD vest-chain, stylish pattern, to weigh from 50 to 100 penny weights, it or 15 carsts. Apply with chain by I m. to-day, at 30 South Panina-st. office work; a good penman, and accurate State age and salary expected, in own h Address A 75, Tribune office.

WANTED-A GOOD DIE SINKER AND STREI N. V. OLIVER, Buffalo V. N. T.

WANTED—30 FIRST-CLASS CABINETMAKERS, shaper-hands and wood-carrers. Himois Furniture Co., corner Indians and Kingsbury-sts.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COATMAKER TO WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COATMAKER TO Workman; steady work and good wages: a splendid chance; a good tailoress could also do well. Apply to MULLEN BROS. & CO., 18 Madison-st.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A FIRST-CLASS meiter; also one good shipper. Apply at Chicago Foundry Company, corner Redfield and Stein-stage.

WANTED—TWO GOOD COATMAKERS AT WM. PORTER'S, 614 West Lake-st. WANTED-TWO FIRST-CLASS SOLE-LEATHER trunkmakers. HANKELL BROS., Tribune Building. Factory, 10 South Peoria-st.

WANTED-A GOOD WOODWORKER AT CARrings factory, 80 and 85 Tweifth-st. HENRY WILLETS.

WANTED—ID GOOD CARPENTERS TO DO trimming; must be No. 1 hands; wages \$1.0 per day. Apply to JONATHAN CLARK, II Third-av. to-day, or Geneva Lake, Wis., after.

WANTED—EN TAILORS AND A FEW GOOD pressers on pants; work let out in quantities to said. Apply at Government Goods Depot. II East Randolph-st., second floor.

WANTED—MEN PANTS PRESSERS BY THE day or on piece work; also men taflors; work let out; good wages and prices paid. Apply at Government Goods Depot, II East Handolph-st., second floor. MANTED-3 PAINTERS AND CALCIMINERS; one man who can hans paper; 2.25 per day for good men. P. H. KELLY & CO., 71 East Indiana-et. Coachmen, Teamsters, &c.
WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN. MUST
have good references. Call 7-5 p. m. at 1816
Michigan-av., near Highteenth-st.

Employment Agencies.

WANTED-IMMEDIATELY, 200 CHOPPERS AND miners for Michigan, wages from 81.6 to 82.5, free fare; 10 carpenters, 10 farm hands. Now is your time for work. Call on CHRISTIAN & CO., 28 South Water-st. WANTED—300 CHOPPERS AND SAWYERS FOR railroad work, 100 miners and laborers for min-ing, 10 tarm hands, etc., highest water-al. CHRISTIAN & CO., 58 South Water-al. CHRISTIAN & CO., 28 South Water-st.

WANTED-RAILROAD LABORERS TO LEAVE to congit; free fare; sive carpenters. ANGELL & CO., 66 West Lake-st.

WANTED-GOOD COOKS AND HOUSE-GIRLS ready to work for the best families in the city.

WANTED-35 ROCK MEN FOR RAILROAD work; also 5 house carpenters with tools; free fare to the work. Apply at Northwestern Employment Agency, 68 South Canal-st.

WANTED-300 MINERS AND LABORERS FOR Michigan; wages from \$1.00 to \$2.5; 50 for stone quarry; 10 carpenters, 25 per day; free fare, at J. H. SPEKBECK'S, 21 West Randolph-st.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED-TRAYSLING MEN ON THE ROAD

for new line of goods; good commission paid.
Adjustable Chair Co., corner Franklin and Congress.

WANTED-CANVASSERS, ACENTS, ETC., TO
sell needle packages, mirror needle cases,
chromos, etc.; St of a day made easy by either ser.
Particulars free. C. M. LININGTON, & and of
Jackson-st., Chicago.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED CANVASSERS TO
call upon "The American News Company," Room
6, 165 Dearborn-st., basement.

WANTED-AN OFFICE BOY. ADDRESS, IN
handwriting of applicant, B 18, Tribune office.

WANTED-OFFICE BOY, 19 TO 15 YEARS OLD,
Address B 4, Tribune office.

WANTED-ONE A 1 CANVASSER TO BELL BY WANTED—ONE A 1 CANVASSEE TO SEIL BY subscription a new book; E5 per week to the subscription a new book; E5 per week to the right party. Address, riving references, A E, Tribune, WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN; DEY goods, clothing, and gents' furnishing goods trade; state experience, and address with reference, Queen City Suspender Co., Cincinnast, O.

WANTED—AGENTS—MEN WITH SMALL CAPtital can clear 20 per week with our household goods. It samples free. Call or send stamp for papers. Merrill Manufacturing Company, Room 2, II and 20 North Clark-st., Chicago.

WANTED—AGENTS—MEN WITH SMALL CAPTION of Chark-st., Chicago.

WANTED—AGENTS—MEN WITH SMALL CAPTION of Chark-st., Chicago.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED SALESMAN TO sell wrapping-paper, paper-bags, etc., in the city on commission. References required. Address B 1, Tribune office.

WANTED—ACTIVE MAN TO SELL GOODS; salary E per day; must give security; be sober and intelligent. Its Randdolph-st., Room 3.

WANTED—FOUR GOOD TRAVELING AGENTS to handle Prof. Silce's instant music feaching method; commission or salary. Call at office 26 State.

WANTED—TRAVELING MEN SELLING THE grocery trade for stapic article, that all keep in stock. No sample to carry. Frand long stabilised and easily sold. Good commission paid. Address E 21, Tribune office. WANTED—A WASHER AT CROSSMAN & OU'S
livery, 416 West Randolph-st. WANTED-SALESMEN EXPERIENCED IN THE starch business to travel in the interest of the Pooles Sirch-Manufacturing Company. Apply as 17 Madison-si., Room 16. Madison-ss. Room 16.

WANTED-20 MEN (NO BOYS) FOR NEW PLAY:
Order as Room 1 Olympic Theore, Apply before 10
to-day as Room 2 Olympic Theore, Apply before 10
deptends the care of horse and room; thoroughly un-

BUSINESS CHANCES. DRUG-STORE FOR SALE IN ONE OF THE best business towns in Northern Indians; population 15,000; stock and fittures all first-class; invoice E.500; sales per day from \$15 to E0; will be sold cheep. Address #2. Tribune office. chesp. Address B Z Tribune office.

TOR SALE—FINE GROCEEY STOCK; SPLENDID location. B 3, Tribune office.

TOR SALE—IN A THRIVING, ENTERPRISING town not far from Chicago, a large agricultural implement manufacturing establishment. The manafactory is well located, a fine building, and well fitted up; having foundry, machine shop, and blacksmith shop, with all their necessary tools and outfit. The business catablished is a paying one, but the present owner being broken down in health must go out of business. Terms very easy. Apply for further particulars to ISAACHAUSAM, 35 failwankee-av. ticulars to IRAAC HAUSAM, SO MINANGES AV.

NOR ANY BUSINESS REQUIRING PURE WATER in large or small quantities, for house or hotel purposes, or for steam-bollers, the Crystal Pilar cannot be excelled. We want a business man with money to take an interest. A very large business can be done Call and see one in operation at 344 South Clark-st. Grand Pacific Hotel.

TOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING GHOCERY STORE. clean stock, old stand, and good location, South Side. A 64, Tribune office.

TOR SALE—AR EXCHANGE—PART OR WHOLE of a good business. A good chance for a live man with push. A 63, Tribune office.

TOR SALE—FLOUR AND FEED STORE, CHEAP.

Address AS, Tribune office. FOR SALE—ALOUR AND FRED STORE, CHEAP.
Address A S. Tribune office.

FOR SALE—A BAKERY, CONFEUTIONERY, AND loc-cream parlor, 62 Sedgwick-st. Will gentleman from Buds, III. please call?

FOR SALE—NEW STOCK OF HARDWARE.

TOR SALE—NEW STOCK OF HARDWARE.

TOR SALE—NEW STOCK OF HARDWARE.

TORES, TRAIN, CHEAR CHANCE. SALOON, GROCHES, Come soon. 1885 Milwalke-sy.

COAL-YARD; RARE CHANCE. SALOON, GROCHES, CHANCE & HANNA, 8 North Clark-st.

TO RENT—EVANSTON HOTEL—25 ROOMS, IN perfect order, near depot; desirable location for transient guests, and day boarders; large barn attached for livery purposes. Apply to JOHN CULVER, Evanston, Ill.

WANTED—TREASURER WITH A FIRST-CLASS amusoment enterprise; must be a good business man and strictly temperate; there is a competency in it, and it will bear investigation. Address A St. Tribune office.

A DVANCES MADE ON DIAMONDS, WATCHES, etc., at one-half brokers' rates. D. LAUNDER, Rooms 5 and 6, 120 Randolph-st. Established 1854. A ctc., at one-half brokers' rates. D. LAUNDER, Booms and A. 120 Handolph-st. Established 1854.

ANY SUMS TO SUIT LOANED ON FURNITURE AND Awthout removal, pianos and other good securities. 132 Dearborn-st., Rooms St and IS.

ANY AMOUNTS TO LOAN ON FURNITURE AND Planos without removal. 151 Randolph-st., Room 4.

ADVANCES MADE IN SUMS TO SUIT ON FURNITURE. MADE IN SUMS TO SUIT ON FURNITURE, bianos, etc., without removal, at lowest rates. 35 Dearborn-st., Room II.

CASH PAID FOR OLD GOLD AND SILVER—Of the control of every description, at GOLDSMID'S Loan and Pullion Office (Recensed), 39 East Madison-st. Established 1858.

Highlish PRICE PAID FOR STATE SAVINGS and Fidelity Bank books, and Scandinavian National Bank certificates. IRA HOLMES, General Broker, 36 Washington-st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, Warehouse receipts, or any good collateral at lowest rates. E. A. CLARK, Room 19, 69 Dearborn-st. MONEY TO LOAN ON PURNITURE PIANOS MONEY TO LOAN ON FURNITURE, ON WAREhouse receipts, machinery, and other good collaterais, J.J. OWEN, 84 Le Saile-st., Room 2.

To LOAN-IN SUMS OF \$5,000 AND UPWARDS,
at 6 per cent, upon first-class business or residence property. LYMAN & JACKSON, 33 Portland
Block. Block.
TO LOAN-200,000 AT 6 PER CENT ON INSIDE
improved real estate. D. F. CAMERON, W Dearborn-9.

LOST AND FOUND.

on Thirty-first or Thirty-second-st. Return to St Forest-st.

Lost-A Pink Coral Ear-Ring at Hooley's Losses, or either going or coming on West Side borse-cars. The finder will receives liberal reward by returning to 38 West Adams-st.

STRAYED-OR STOLEN-FROM MEAR THE Corner of Wabsh-av. and Twenty-eighth-st., black pacing mare and side-bar top bugsy, on the evening April Liberal reward will be paid for return of same. Address B I. Tribune office.

CTOLER-TUESDAY EVENING. A CLIPPED horse in good condition, with two their and one for their return, or for any information the will lead to their recovery, POWELL & JONES, IS La Balle-st.

DO AND NO QUESTIONS ASKED FOR THE BASE Tribune office.

OST THOROUGH VOCAL CULTURE ANI musical training in the West. Terms low. Day evening. G. S. RICE, 26 State-st. Planta

WANTED-STEADY GERMAN GIRL INQUESTION at once at 63 South Irving-place, west side WANTED-FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK Canadian, German, or Swedish girl to no the country; also one for city. Inquire at 5 decrease. WANTED-A GERMAN OR SCANDINAVI.

Wanted-A GERMAN OR SCANDINAVI.

giri to do general housework. Good wages were be paid. 38 South Park-ay.

WANTED-GOOD GIRL POR GENERAL HOUSE Work. Also a nurse girl in a small family.

Michigan-ay. Michigan-av.

Wanted—A GOOD CLEAN TIDY GIRI—ONI that can do good cooking, and is a first-cise laundress, with good city references. 37 West Washington-st., between 10 and 13 o'clock. WANTED-AN EXPERIENCED COOK AND landress for general housework; two in family. References required. At 200 Vincenness av., corner Catwood boulevard. WANTED-GIRL TO DO GENERAL HO work; small family. 1861 Indiana-av., near ty-fourth-st.

WANTED—A GERMAN OR NORWEGIAN GIRL
to do general housework. Call at 255 West
Adams-st.

WANTED—TWO GERMAN OR BOHEMIAN
girls; one for reneral housework and one for
second work and to take care of children; good wages
paid. Inquire at 185 Frairie-av.

WANTED—DNING-ROOM GIRLS FOR COUNtry hotel; good wages; fare paid. Apply husedistely at Room 8, 180 Washington-st.

WANTED—AT 716 PARK-AV., A RELIABLE
girl for kitchen work. WANTED-FOR FIRST-CLASS FAMILY A. Kenvood, issuadres, second girl, and scote of superior qualifications. Call two days at 1d Twentieth-st.

WANTED-PEMALE HELP.

superior qualifications. Call two days at 1d Twentieth-si.

Wanted And Good Cook. Washirk. And Ironer. Apply to-day at 48 West Washington-et.

Wanted Antel Angly. Competent German of Swede siri for general housework in a small private family. Apply at 28 Ogden-av.

Wanted Agood Girl for General Angle for General bousework at 153 Dearborn-av. Good wages.

Wanted Agirl to do second work. 160 East of Clark.

Wanted Girl for General Housework at 430 Warren-av. WANTED-A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST IN SEC ond work and take eare of children. No. Croreland Part.

WANTAD—A GIRL, TO DO GENERAL, HOUSE work in a family of three adults; Swede or German preferred. References required. 13 Wainted to housework; German preferred. No. 113 South Morgan-St. Morgan-st. German preferred. No. Ill South
Wanted-A GOOD GIRL 'TO DO GENERAL
Analy, and good wages.

Manten - 175 Experiences - 170 Marke overalla panta and miners' coats, etc., some to work in our factory by steam, or to take work home; steady work at advanced prices. Inquire at LINDAUER BROS. & CO., 75 and 77 Wabash-av. WANTED-FIRST-CLASS HANDS TO WORK OF indices garments; also apprentices. If Harmon-court.

WANTED-YOUNG SMART GIRLS TO WORK piece work. 145 South Chiaton-st., second floor.

WANTED-40 EXPERIENCED DRESSMAKERS.

CHAS. GOSSAGE & CO.

WANTED-A FIRST-CLASS LADIES IRONAL, at Fulton-st. laundry, 505 Fulton-st. Employment Agencies.

WANTED-GOOD GERMAN OR SCANDINAing-house, at G. DUYALE families, butels, and boarding-house, at G. DUSKE'S office, fix Mitmatics av. Miscellaneous.

Wanted An Experienced Turkish Beth girl in the ladies' department at the Falme House Turkish Beth.

Wanted A Woman to Assist Janitos Apply at Room I Tribune Building, between and 13 this morning. SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. Bookkeepers, Clerks, &c.

CITUATION WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED

man, aved & to go West as alienman or take
charge of general store. Best of references at to
character, homesty, and ability. Address A & Tribune.

CITUATION WANTED—TO BRUGGISTS—BY A

practical druggist of eight years' experience in retail drug-store. A permanent situation is desired.

All the reference you want. Please address All BET

LEMON, El Paso, Ill.

SITUATION WANTED-STEAMBOAT MEN. N. J. Tou need a live, reliable clerk. Ample refs. Y. Bribune office. Trades.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN AS photograph printer and retoucher, or essistent generally. Address A St. Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN THAT D has had over two years' experience in a job threshop; desires to finish the trade. Can give reference. Address G. W. RUDD, care H. Hamann, ER Clark-st. Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AS COACHMAN, BY A respectable, industrious man from New York. Address Jowa House, 28 State—8t.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A MARRIED MAN as coachman and gardener; wife as chamberman and waitress. Address A 3t, Tribune office.

Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous.

Situation wanted—By a young marking of man as porter or to drive delivery wagon; understands the care of horses thoroughly; will loan employer EDU to EDU Can furnish good references. Please address B ll, Tribune office.

Situation wanted—By a swedish May Single) to do work around the house; understands gardening. Call or address 156 South Park-av.

Cittation wanted—A thoroughly experienced English butler is open to an engagement. A d, Tribune office.

Situation wanted—By a young man adult of the control of th 2. Address A & Tribune office.

CITUATION WANTED—AS HOSTLER IN A PRIVate of livery-stable; five years' experience. Address A Ø, Tribune office.

SITUATION WANTED—AN ENGLISH GENTLE
man wishes to represent one or two fires in
Europe, either as bury realleans or of theorytes
knows the best markets in each country, and spends
seven languages fluently. Good references given
Address A Ø, Tribune office. Address A S., Tribune office.

STUATIONS WANTED JANITOR AND WIFE.

STORY OF THE STREET OF THE STREET

Domestics.
SITUATIONS WANTED-BY TWO GERMAN
Sgris to work together. 29 Noble-st.
SITUATION WANTED-BY A SWEDISH GIRL
to do housework in a private family. Call at 55
Milwaukee-av., upper floor. SITUATION WANTED-BY A FIRST-CLASS.
American gri. Call for two days at first white
Ottage by seeing orly-first and Forty-second-siz, on
Drezol-bonierard, couth of railroad.

SITUATION WANTED—BY A LADY OF REFINE-ment and ability either as companion or house-keeper. Unexceptionable reference given in regard to last position of five years' experience. A M. Trit-que office.

A DVERTISERS CAN LEARN THE EXACT COST of any proposed line of advertising in American papers by addressing Geo. P. Rowell & Co. 2 Newspaper Advertising Bureau. 10 Spruce-St. M. Y. Sent for circular. papers by addressing Geo. P. Howell & Co.? Newbjaper Advartising Bureau. D Syrnes-st. N. T. Seafor circular.

L'ECTRO-VAPOR BATHS, CURING NERVOUL L'emale diseases, rheumatism, scrofula, etc.; 2 year's experience gives success. Conspitations freewars. Dr. THOMPSON, 14 South Ann-st.

P. H. THOMPSON, 14 South Ann-st.

P. H. TAKEN GOF AM ILLIMBRY FOR SALE, CHEAP If taken to-day. Store to rent. MRS. WILD, ID. North Claimed Money Register has 20,20 names (taken to claimed Money Register has 20,20 names (taken to list and doney Register has 20,20 names (taken to list and doney Register has 20,20 names (taken to list and the states). Heliz advartised for—unblest of Great Britain from gadyerised for the packing besiness. The parties who desire to go into the packing besiness. I have had years of experiences in building positing-houses and superintending them. I foel confident that I have did a Mizer. Cheago.

TO CONTRACTORS—BIDS WANTED FROM RE-sponsible contractors for the construction of a large dick in Newton County, Indians. Necessary information furnished by William Darrock, Moroeco, Newton County, Ind. The right to reject any or all bids reserved.

THEES—ALL KINDS OF SHADE, PRUIT, AND ornamental trees, shrubs, and plants, at depot of Jefferson Nursery, is South Chinton-st. D. S. DUN-NING & SONS.

WANTED—TO INVEST FROM 600 TO 800 IN-ST. D. S. DUN-NING & SONS.

WANTED-TO INVEST FROM 850 TO 800 IN business with employment. Address A St, Trib-nne office. WANTED-I HAVE \$1.50 TO E.00 CASH AND
my services to put in some paying business. Address A 36, Tribune office. HOMSES AND CARRIAGES.

ALL THE NEW STYLES, SIDE BAR AND ENDboard Co., New Haven, Conn. G. L. BRADLEY, I Wabash-av.

CARRIAGES, BUGGIES. PHARTONS. JUMPsouts, side-bars, etc., at very low prices, at 80 and
356 Wabash-av. H. B. HILL.

FOR SALE—A VERY MICE COUPE OR CARriage mare; young, sound, kind, tame, and handsome. Can be seen any time at 30 North Sheldon-at.
W. E. DONLEY.

WANTED—AT ONCE, THREE CAR-LOADS OF
horses; highest cash price paid; bring them as
once, J. MITCHELL, 156 and 158 washington-st. TO EXCHANGE. TO EXCHANGE 400.00 WORTH OF STAPL merchandise, all in good order, for one-thic cash, belance farming land. Address Box wil St. Joseph. Mo.

PARTNERS WANTED.

DARTNER WANTED.

DARTNER WANTED.

DARTNER WANTED.

DARTNER WANTED.

DARTNER WANTED.

But it says:

THE TRIBUNE COMPANY,

POSTAGE.

ed at the Post-Office at Chic

t and Trepire Page Paper. PRIBUNE BRANCH OFFICES.

MADO TRIBUNE has establish N. D. C.—1319 F street.

Maverty's Thea street, corner of Mos ity Brothers. "Ench

Heoley's Theatre. treet, between Clark and La St Robson and Crane. "Sharps at

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, 1880.

ning schooner manned by fifte ported to have been lost off Gloucest ERS are causing considerable tro

Montreal. They deal in forged notes a sidered certain that the ent will pass the hill desired by Bis a that he may be induced to withdraw

THE Liberal gain in the English e far is eighty-one. Among the mer ted yesterday was Asheton Cross, the

GEN. GRANT visited the educational ins New Orleans yesterday, called on tondheld a reception at ex-Gov. Pine

loyal inhabitants of Quebec are or the rumor that they will be visited on's birthday by, in addition to Lorse ise, the sons of the Prince of Wales, and

A vouse man in the southern part of this ity avenged an alleged insult to his father tabbing the offending party with a butcomite. The wound inflicted proved fatal.

democrats throughout Indiana either from voting on or voted against the ional amendment which provides for any of the colored citizen in a position and equality with his white brother. The ent is probably adopted activities and

Survices in commemoration of the 100 mniversary of the high of William Ella Thanning were held last evening in the Centrates Hall in this city, and were attended by arge concourse of people. Similar service set place at Washington, Brooklyn, Newport, L. etc.

It is stated that many of the Jesuits about the expelled from France will seek a home is landa. Some of their number will be employed missionaries in the northwestern portion a hat country, a region in which members of the order were engaged about 300 years ago in similar duties.

The Committee appointed by the Otta Convention to urge the General Government siden the construction of a ship-canal betwee Lake Michigan and the Illinois River will me at Peoria to-day. The session of the Committe will in all probability develop the course to pursued in the premises.

The recent election in Indiana indicates that the National Greenback party is stending approaching dissolution and disappearance. In Indianapolis it has dwindled from 3,550 to 50 and Do La Matyr's chances of reflection are consequently of the frailest character. The party has died in its swaddling clothes.

HEALTH-COMMISSIONER DE WOLF reporting teases of small-pox are becoming quite as morous in the city, and he is taking great presented to the disease, appears that in several of the adjacent town the contagion is rather prevalent, and person from those places bring the germs with them to

MR. GLADSTONE has decided to sit for Mid-Lothian in the House of Commons, and will resign his seat for Leeds in favor of his son, Herbert Gladstone, who was defeated in Middlesex last Saturday. As the father was elected by a majority of 10,000, there is no reason to fear that the son will meet with a repetition of the Middlesex disaster.

A SPEAKER at the Iowa Brewers' Conven tion yesterday referred to beer as "a refining and civilizing drink," and inveighed agains mperance legislation, which, in his opinion calculated to check industry. A delegation femperance ladies present were informed their presence was not pleasing to the convention.

Ir is said that there is a probability of It is said that there is a probability of a serious dissension in the ranks of the New York Democracy over the candidacy of Tilden, even outside the Tammany ranks, and that there is a prospect of a split at the Syracuse Convention on the 20th inst. If New York should send three lifforent delegations to Cincinnati, some good men might be selected from their number.

RAYMOND has returned to Washin preser KAYMOND has returned to wishing the resecution for seduction against Senator Bentill. Her attorney, Mrs. Belva Lockwood, states at the has recently received information which set to show that the Georgia Senator has been altry of several cases of the kind previously, will be rather difficult for Mr. Hill to prove at he is a Joseph.

me saw the

ent the writer meets and dispose fate chosen by Mr. Shesman in a misstill leaves that gentleman very much for the dispute which he so foolishly !

BEACONSFIELD has already commenced to BEACONSTIELD has already commenced to attend to the sufferings of his wounded and discussed to the unsuccessful Tory out distance of Queen's Counsel yesterday. Othe victims of the struggle will be attended to it their turn. Baronetries, knightships, pecange and orders will be bestowed with a layish handrom now till the lat of May.

THE Iows Democratic State Convention met at Burington yesterday and selected an uninstructed delegation to the National Con-vention to be held at Cincinnati. Those chosen are said to favor Tiden, but their support will depend on that pentleman's being able to carry New York in November. How they are to be enlightened in regard to this has not yet been determined. The two-thirds rule meets the en-tire approval of the lows Bourbons.

THE Democratic Congressmen indulged in another row yesterday. Sparks of Illinois called Clymer of Pennsylvania a liar (a liar, sah) during the discussion of the Army Appropriation bifl. Mutual explanations were made afterwards, the offensive expression was withdrawn, and a semblance of decency was affected by the Democratic happy family. The frequency of these "fiare-ups" causes one to almost regret that the days of chivalry—that is to say, Southern chivalry—have passed.

Ar the Rhode Island State election yeste Ar the Rhode Island State election yester-day the Republicans were victorious as usual.
Owing to the presence of three Gubernatorial tickets in the field, the Republican candidate for Governor tailed of securing a majority over all, but as the Assembly is three-fourths Republican the election of Gov. Littlefield is assured, as is also the reliection of Gen. Burnside as United States Senator. The remainder of the Republican State ticket is elected, including Henry H. Fay, Lieutenant-Governor; Joshua M. Addeman, Scoretary of State; Willard Sayles, Astorney-General; and Samuel Clark, Treasurer,

THE Connecticut Republican Conventi THE Connecticut Republican Convention met at New Haven yesterday and selected delegates to Chicago. An attempt to instruct the delegation in favor of a conservative Republican like Washburne or Edmunds was not persisted in. Of the delegates selected it is thought that five favor Blaine, four are for Edmunds, and three for Washburne. The Convention was characterized by earnestness, harmony, and a determination on the part of every Republican present to do his very best for the success of the ticket which the Chicago Convention shall place before the country.

The first great drop in Iron, which has been booming at an unnatural rate for nearly a year past, has occurred in Philadelphia, from whence comes the announcement that the Glendon Company have issued a circular making a reduction of \$16 per ton in their iron. All through the iron-producing districts of Pennsylreduction of \$10 per ten in their iron. A through the iron-producing districts of Pennsy vania a condition of extreme duliness is reporte among the manufacturers, the result of the fi titions values set upon the product since the boom began, and a general reduction is looked upon as necessary in order to revive the demand and shut out foreign competition.

THE Mason County (Ill.) Republic rention chose four delegates to the State Con-rention, divided as follows: Grant, 2; Blaine, L Weathlore, I. Misson is a Democratic county; and the election of a delegation evenly divided on the third-term question is a surprise, and a clear gain for the opponents of the third term. The estimates of counties furnished to the New York Tribine by the Hilmois Blaine Club part Mason County down thus; "Decidedly for Grant." The result shows that it should be classified "undecidedly for Grant." The tally in Illinois now is: Blaine, 31; Grant, 15; ne, 1; Sherman, 1.

In Washington a great deal of amusement has been excited by the absurd attempt of the third-term organ in Chicago to make it appear that Jay Gould is managing Blaine's boom in the West. The fact is that in Kansas, Nebraska, Missouri, and all the Western States in which Gould's railway lines are located the whole power of Gould's army of railroad officers, attorneys, and subordinates is being exerted in behalf of securing the election of Grant delegates to the Chicago Convention. It is no wonder the third-term organ has been unable to bring particle of proof to the support of its ridiculor assertion regarding Blaine and Gould.

GROBGE C. GORHAM, ex-Secretary of the GEORGE C. GORRIAM, ex-secretary of the senate, who is supposed by some to possess the confidence of Gen. Grant to a very great extent, has been interviewed by a representative of a Washington newspaper is reference to the policy of the ex-President in case of his election. The policy, according to Gorham, will be one of firmness and at the same time of reconcillation to senate the Court of the contract of the c firmness and at the same time of reconciliation towards the South,—a policy which will tend to produce better feeling between the people of all sections, and which will be likely to obliterate race distinctions as party ones in the South. Mr. Gorham professes to think that there is not a particle of doubt as to the nomination of Grant by the Chicago Convention. Time will test.

SEVERAL conjects of different kinds are likely to grow out of the Aldermanic elections of Tuesday. The sent of Cullerton, from the Sixth Ward, will be contested by his Socialist opponent, on the ground of illegal voting, repeating, and other frauds and irregularities; and after this and other contests of the kind have been settled there will come up the question of the eligibility of Hildreth, who was barred

and after this and other contests of the kind have been settled there will come up the question of the eligibility of Hildreth, who was barred out by the Common Council of 1871 by reason of his previous conviction and sentence in connection with the whisky-frauds prosecutions. The Council and refused to interfere in the matter, and Hildreth was kept out. The question of his admission is likely to be raised quite early in the life of the new Council, and as the reason formerly rendering him ineligible still exists, it is likely a strong effort will be made to secure his exclusion a second time.

The House Committee on Pacific Rallroads has brought in a bill amendatory of the Rallroad Sinking-Fund act of 1878, and which is generally known as the Thurman act. The proposed act would give authority to the Secretary of the Treasury to invest the Union Pacific and Central Pacific sinking-fund in United States bonds, other than 5 per cents, or in the first mortgage bonds of the railroad companies, as he may think proper. The bill would also extend the time necessary to ascertain the amount due the Government from one to three months, would make the payments semi-annual, and would permit the transfer of moneys in the Treasury and due the companies to the sinking-fund. One section of the bill proposes to extend its provisions, as well as those of the act of which it is smendatory, to the Kansas Pacific, the Central Branch of the Union Pacific, and the Sloux City & Pacific Rallroads, and to all roads to be constructed on the same plan as the Union Pacific. Railroads, and to all roads to be con the same plan as the Union Pacific.

LESSONS OF CITY ELECTIONS. The election of Tuesday last was the occa-sion for the retirement from the City Council of several members who have served the will be regretted. It was also the occasion for calling to the public service a number of

other gentlemen upon whom the city can de-pend at all times for protection against the many schemes and jobs having for their purpose the plunder of the Treasury, the squandering of revenue, and the increase of faxation.

Among the new members are Messra.

Wickersham, Shorey, Watkins, Schroeder,
Bond, Hulbert, Brady, Young, Imhoff, and Burley, who will bring to the office personal ability and an integrity of purpose too often wanting among the professional candi-dates for place in the City Council. terests than the circumstances promised. Not more than half the total vote of the city enred for the City Council. Including those holding over, the law and-order class those in favor of an honest and economical Gov-ernment—will for the coming year retain a majority which has been continued since the

who have served the city in the Co nce 1876 is known to but compare ons. It has requi bility to so manage the affairs of the city as to rescue Chicago from the actual bankrupt-

At the time, in 1876, when there was, un der the new charter, an entirely new Council elected, the financial condition of the city was at the lowest stage, only short of an actual suspension of the City Government. The city owed a bonded debt so far in exc of the constitutional limit that it could not borrow a dollar by the sale of bonds. It owed in addition nearly four millions of floating debt, represented by interest-bearing paper, which was wholly illegal and void. This paper had been issued so voluminously that it could no longer be sold except at a discount, and at last the city was unable to raise enough money on it to pay the semi-annual interes on the public debt. The legality of the scrip was ques clared its issue to be illegal. The city was at standstill, and its paper was formally protested. The profigate legislation of the Council, its excessive appropriations and ruinous tax-levies, had created a spirit of revolt; taxes were not paid, and many openly defied the city to enforce its levies. It was at this time that the new charter, adopted some year or more before by the bummers as

a means of perpetuating their own official

existence, went into operation, and fortun-ately provided for the election of an entirely new Council.

Popular interest was generally excited There was a cordial union of the general public against the dishonest crowd that had so long abused public confidence. Political divisions were abandoned, and there was Council elected composed mainly of the best class of citizens, and of a class that had to long neglected all participation in city politics. The effect was immediate. Public onfidence was restored. The Council at once began the work of retrenchment. So far as they had the power they repealed and suspended appropriations and limited expenditures. During that and the succes year, by the abolition of useless offices and the reduction of salaries they reduced the expenditure on that account 40 per cent They suspended the renewal of the old scrip. Their appeal to the public was followed by the payment of taxes. Of the whole tax-levy for 1876, 90 per cent was collected,—a proceeding which was unprecedented in the history of the city. The levy for 1877 was two millions less than that for 1875. Such was the economy in expenditure that there was begun a surplust fund in the Treasury. The same wise econ omy and rigid accountability was followed in 1877, '78, and '79, at the end of which time all the city expenses were either paid, or the cash or that purpose was in the Treasury. Inter est on scrip was stopped. The law officers of the city obtained from the Legislature au-thority to relevy the taxes of previous years, which, being improperly levied, had never been collected. Substantially, in less than four years the City-Treasury had been res-

the funded debt had been reduced \$250,000, and there was nearly a million of dollars surplus revenue accumulated in the Treasury. The present Council made some desperat efforts, in framing the appropriations for the present year, to swell the tax-levy and to squander the surplus in the Treasury. To he firmness of the Mayor and the City Conroller the public is indebted for the defeat of most of these schemes. One year more of onest and economical government will see the city finances so far restored that the City Government will be able to do a cash , without having to borrow a dollar, and yet have its affairs administered more efficiently than they had ever been in the

ened from bankruptcy. The four millions of

loating debt had all been taken up and paid

days of the most profligate expenditure. In this view of the case our readers will inderstand the importance of every election for members of the City Council. During all these years the most strenuous efforts have een made to break down the restraints which have been placed upon Aldermanic extravagance. At every election candidates in the interest of wild appropriations and of an increase of offices and of salaries have struggled hard to get in the Council. So far, though that class have been strongly represented, it has failed to get control of the City Legislature. At the election on Tuesday a few of the worst men who have ever been in the City Government were elected, but fortunate ly there will be in the new Council a majority sufficiently strong to protect the city against the schemes to return to the extrava-gances of the past, and especially to rob the Treasury of the accumulated savings of previous years of economy and honest government. Citizens who are enjoying the results of the last four years of honest city government are too apt to over-look the fact or forget that all the benefits of our present financial condition are due to the firmness and integrity of the majority which has ruled the City Council since 1876. Thirty thousand of these citizens, the mos of whom have important interests dependen on the continuance of good city government, omitted to attend the polls on Tuesday last, and if the City Government has not been handed over to the control of a majority of Hildreths and Lawlers, these thirty thousan voters can claim no credit for the failure. It has only been four years since the city was n practical bankruptcy, and yet one-half the oters stay away from the pells, though they know that all the good that has been accomplished may be destroyed in one year by a corrupt and profligate majority in the City

The Grant organ in this city is beco adly demoralized; its spine is as weak as that of an angleworm. For weeks it has daily assured the country that the country is unanimous for Gen. Grant: that his candilacy requires no "machine," no "Bureau," no management; in a word, that the spon-taneous will of the country is resistlesly pressing him forward towards the Presiden tial chair for a third term. But suddenly the tone of the organ changes with startling abruptness. From having been patronizing a ruptness. From having been patronizing kind to all opposing candidates, and especial Mr. Biaine, the organ on Monday dipped i types in gall, and, without a jot of evidence charged Senator Blaine with the grosse improprieties. Following its malignant assault of Blaine, on Tuesday the organ calls frantically upon the Grant men to cense skulking, to come to the front, to organize the machine, to establish bureaus to enthuse the people, to make a scramble, to arm and equip themselves into an army of bulldozers, so to speak. And then, having skirmished all along the line, the organ wants to know, you know, "whether the

WEEPING AND WAILING.

distrust and fear Grant." What a preventing citizens from voting by violence and bloodshed. falling off was there, my countrymen, from an organ asserting till it was red in the face and apoplectic, as it were, that the country was in a state of indescribable enthusiasm for Grant, to an organ begging prayerfully and fear Grant." But the organ was not content with propounding one foolish question a day. Tuesday seems to be the organ's day for interrogations; for, having blurted out the very pointed question, "Do the people distrust and fear Grant?" and quite

forgetting to answer it, it comes down to home affairs, and wants to know, you know, "Do the people of his own State propose to turn their backs upon him?" In the evidently excited state of the organ on Tuesday its failure to answer this ers fear they may lose the State is eviden by their scheme to disfranchise Rep voters. The Wilmington correspon the New York Tribune, in forecast political condition of the State, says:

question "on the spot" is not surprising, but its failure to do so on Wednesday must lead to the most gloomy reflections on the part of its readers. For the following, if any answer at all, is in the negative rather than the affirmative, and we are sure the organ does not wish to be understood as conceding Illinois to Blaine or Washburne. Finally, it would be a lasting diagrace and reproach upon the State which claims him [Grant] as its especial citizen if it should so far forget what is due to the opinion of the world, to its own reputation, and to the events and history of the times, as to refuse its voice in awarding this honor to the first citizen and foremost man of the age.

We need hardly remark to the organ that this faint-hearted appeal will not tend to stiffen the spinal columns of Illinois Grant men. The organ's menace of Tuesday Let every Grant man come to the front and assert himself. Let them give notice to local and State candidates that they must not seek alliance by misrepresenting them, nor form combinations on any basis that will allow their sentiments on the main question to be ed"-had better never been ut ered than followed on Wednesday by the half-confession that Grant's "very ownest" State is surely slipping away from him. When it becomes plain that the organ par excellence of the Grant canvass in Illinois has lost all its nerve, the candidates for State offices—and their name is legion—will fly from it as rats flee from a sinking ship! We advise the organ not to propound any more conundrums which it cannot answer promptly in accordance with its own prayerful desire; they are damaging. The rgan is clearly not fit to train in company with the Cameron and Conkling managers; it ought to be bored for the simples for giving up the fight in Illinois, and publishing peals, palpably showing the white feather. Let it rather confine itself to publishing slanderous accusations against Blaine; they burt nobody but the author.

Senator Voorhees' investigation into the causes and progress of the negro exodus from the South drags its slow length along without affording its instigator much comfort. Nearly every day there is some testimony or some circumstance which makes the problem more than ever difficult of solution from a Democratic point of view. Charlton H. Taudy, a colored man, and the President of the St. Louis Refuge Relief Board, presented the Committee with nemorial, signed by white citizens of eminent osition, which it will puzzle the Democrats answer. It sets forth (1) that the migration of the segroes from the South n great multitudes is an undispute fact; (2) that they change their homes in spite of the threatened hardships of a severer climate, and without any special hope as to the future; (3) that they are practically manimous in their determination not to re turn; and (4) that it is the fear engendered by past experience rather than the hope of ture amelioration which impels them to make so radical and hazardous a change This view of the case throws upon the Dem ocrats the burden of explaining the exodus upon any other theory than that of extreme cruelty and injustice to the blacks at the South. Emigration agents, if there were any, would appeal in vain to a contented and prosperous people to under-go the hardships incident to a change of home and climate without tangi-ble evidences of a betterment in material conditions. The negro would naturally prefer the tasouciant associations of ed. but in Northern States where it has been equal, to the trials of pioneering in a new country. Then why does he quit his old

home? Why does he drag his wife and children away from their old friends, and subject them to exposure, fatigue, and disease The statements and affidavits which Taudy submitted to the Senate Committee tell the reason, but it is not the explanation the Democrats are seeking. These statements are unanimous in ascribing "bad treatment and the denial of their civil, religious, and political rights" as the main cause of the exodus The negroes are robbed by the storekeepers and merchants. Their services are mortgaged in advance, under such conditions as render them slaves in spite of the War, in spite of the Emancipation Proclamation, in spite of the constitutional amendments. "If I vote the Republican ticket, I wakes up next morning in a graveyard," says one of the refugees. The laws and the law-officers discriminate against the blacks in all issues between them and the whites. If the negroes hold religious meetings they are accused of secretly organizing to massacre the whites, though, as a matter of fact, the massacreing has always been the other way. "The exodus will never cease," the testimony of Mr. Taudy, "until th Southern whites stop the cruelties they practice on the colored people." That is the explanation of the negro exodus in a nutshell. and the Democrats will seek in vain any other that will be reasonable or satisfy the

intelligent people of the country. MORE DEMOCRATIC BULLDOZING. There seems to be no end to the various devices employed by the desperate Democracy to steal the Presidency at the next election gery, perjury, bulldozing, and ballot-box stuffing have already been employed to defeat the will of the majority in pursuance of the advices sent out from Gramercy Park. The same infamous system of theft which was attempted in South Carolina and Oregon has been also applied in Maine and Minnesota but without effect. The most recent efforts in this direction appear in Indiana and Delaware, where bulldozing and disfranchis ment are the most favorit methods. In the town elections in the former State on Mon-day the Mississippi plan was adopted with gratifying success. In Shelby County a gennine Yazoo mob surrounded the polls and refused to let negroes vote, though they presented the properly-attested affidavits of citizenship. If they insisted upon their rights, they were set upon and beaten. If white Republicans interfered to protect them, they were awarded the same treatment, and, as the Democratic roughs and bullies out-numbered the respectable voters, of course there was no difficulty in driving away the negroes, and by preventing them from voting a big Democratic majority was secured. It adds to the infamy of this outrage that the mob was headed by the Democratic county officials. Thus the Yazoo plan was successfully inaugurated in a Northern State, and we have the spectacle at our very doors of

In Delaware the plan by which the Democrats propose to keep control does not involve violence, but an ingenious plan of disfranchisement. Apparently there is no motive for disfranchisement, as Delaware has always been strongly Democratic and has been the political property of the Bayards and Sauls-burys. But during the last year things have taken a different turn. The dissensions in the Republican factions have been healed, so

rings has driven many business-men over to the Republicans. That the Democratic lead-

To justify further their hopefulness these tlemen say that the County of Newcastle cluding the City of Wilmington, has a legiting Remplication majority of South has a legiting It is in the application of these laws that the Democratic leaders are seeking to dis-franchise Republican voters and to keep con-

trol of the Electoral votes next fall. The law provides that before a man can vote he must be assessed for a tax, and must bring his tax-receipt to the polls, and, of course, was originally intended to wipe out the negro vote as far as possible. Under the law, the list of taxpayers is printed towards the end of February, and three days are allowed for orrection. If a voter is not put on the list by his Assessor and fails to get on the amend-ed list, the only way he can get his name there is by application to the Levy Court in person to have himself assessed. If, therefore, a person does not get on the ass by the 1st of April, either through the Asessor or the Court, he is disfranchised for a year, and equally if he is assessed and fails to pay his tax within a specified time, though he may offer to pay tax and penalties many times over. Taking advantage of these pro visions, the Assessors, under instruction from high official authority, omitted tho sands of names of Republicans from the lists, for the most part names of colored men, but including also many whites who had paid their taxes regularly for years. They evidently considered that the negro were too ignorant to discover the omission or, if they should discover it, that they wer too poor to go to county-seats and appear before the Levy Courts. The Republican leaders, however, have discovered the swin dle and are making every effort to thwart it by bringing the voters before the Levy Courts, though even in the courts, which are Democratic and do the bidding of the lead ers, their efforts are impeded by delays and the consumption of the utmost possible time on each case. But having obtained the apointment of Federal Supervisors of Registration, something hitherto unknown in Delaware, they hope to make a stand against this outrage and obtain their rights, The feeling of indignation is intense among the business-men of Delaware, who are Re publicans. The party did not go into the election of 1878 at all though it had polled 10,752 votes for Hayes out of a total of 24,135 and under a fair assessment list could p 3,000 votes; but this year it is going in. The New York Times correspondent thus represents the feeling in Wilmington:

sents the feeling in Wilmington:

By the aid of the United States laws they hope to get something like fair play. Whether or not they can "carry the State" is not the question. It is not merely a matter of contending parties and struggling partisans, but one vastly higher,—whether half or more than finif the citizenship of the State is to be stripped of its franchise, and whether, by a systematic manipulation of the State's functions, 13,000 of its voters are to be reduced to political bondage by another 13,000. There is a principle involved that men here are contending for. They are deeply in carnest. They feel indignant, as they have a right to feel. They mean to test to the bitter end the capacity of their partisan opponents to do them further wrong and outrage in the elections of the present year.

Now, let it be remembered that these De mocratic outrages are not in Southern States

eratic outrages are not in Southern States which have never been properly reconstruct supposed laws were obeyed and all classes people had the right to vote; and let it be further remembered that in each case these outrages have been ordered by high officia authority. The frequent recurrence of these outrages shows the desperation of the Demo cratic leaders and their conviction that they can only succeed next fall by theft or traud and that if there is an honest election they will be defeated beyond all hope of redemp tion. It behooves Republicans everywher to be on the alert against the unscrupulou and desperate trickery that emanates fro Gramercy Park, and is practiced by its agent in the North, now that the South is consid

ered to be solid. CORRUPT CONTRACT BEFORE CONGRESS A Washington dispatch states that Con-Chairman of a sub-committee of the House Committee on the Pacific Railroads, written an elaborate report affirming the legality the corrupt contract between the Pacific Railroads and the Pacific Mail Steamship Company. This contract, it will be reme bered, provides that the Pacific Railros shall pay the Steamship Company a subsid of \$1,320,000 a year for the privilege of die tating the ocean rates between New York and San Francisco, and in order to enable the railroads to maintain their policy of ex-

If it be true that Mr. Chalmers has written and intends to present a report approving this contract, it is proper that the should understand the circumstances which have given him the opportunity thus to betray the public interests. When the subject was first brought to the attention of Conwas first brought to the attention of Congress, it was moved to refer the investigation to the Judiciary Committee, where it properly belonged. For some unexplained reason, Mr. Conger, of Michigan, objected to such reference, and, with the aid of Speaker Randall, the investigation was turned over to the Pacific Railroad Committee. This action was suspicious from the outset, and it will be construed as a deliberate effort to discriminate against the public in terests in favor of the monopolists if the Pacific Railroad Committee shall adopt a whitewashing report. As the question is a legal one, any Congressional examination thereof should have been intrusted primarily to the Judiciary Committee, which would have been disposed, by reason of its personnel and the peculiar line of its duty, to decide the matter in a spirit of impartial justice. But the Pacific Railroad Committee, upon which Chalmers holds the second place and of which he is the actual leader, was organized by Speaker Randall for the protection of the Pacific Railroad interests rather than that of the public interests, and it will not be sur-prising if the conspiracy against the public prising if the conspiracy against the public shall be sustained.

The public will be curious, nevertheless, to

see how Congressman Chalmers can make a contract for swindling the public comport with law and justice. It may be that no portion of the Pacific Railroad charter ex-plicitly prohibits such a contract, and that here is no statute which literally covers the there is no statute which literally covers the case. But both parties to the contract are public corporations and common carriers. Both the steamship and the railroad companies have been the recipients of vast Government gratuities and special privileges. The Pacific Mail enjoyed a huge subsidy for a term of years, and created a disgraceful scandal by maintaining a paid lobby and openly spending large sums of money to secure the renewal thereof from Congress. The Pacific Railroads were actually constructed from moneys and lands advanced by the Government. The enormous

hese various corporations certainly implies that the public should receive some benef and protection in return. No other theory public grants. It would be preposterous to maintain that the public domain and the money raised by taxation had been employed to enable these corporations to combine in a scheme of extortion for which there would be no remedy. It is a novel theory of Gov ernment that money should be wrung from the people by its agency to set up in busines certain corporations, and then endow them with the special privilege of swindling the

There can be no dispute about the intention and the effect of the contract between the railroads and the Steam The \$110,000 a month, or \$1,320,000 a ye gratuity. There is no considerate act. The Steamship Company performs ne legitimate service for this large sum The money paid over to it is extract by the railroads from the poo of the people, in addition to excessive dends on fictitious stock. The compact is made for the purpose of shutting off the natural competition of transportation by water, and thus maintaining railroad rates which are notoriously exorbitant. It is in the nature of a conspiracy against the public welfare, and in that character it is in violation of public morals, which form the real basis of all law. If there is no statute which prohibits a corrupt contract of this kind, it is still in defiance of the common law. And if the principles of the common law do not impel Congress to set aside the contract, then the power still remains in that body to regulate he rates upon the Pacific Railroads, which would be the most direct and most effective remedy that can be provided. Hence Congress will be absolutely without excuse if it e persuaded by Mr. Chalmers or the Pacific Railroad Committee to approve of the con-spiracy between the railroads and the Steam-ship Company, and to deny to the public the protection which the public has the right to lemand from the Government

GPN Jo HAWTEV is a member of Congress GEN. Jo HAWLEY is a member of Congress, and can run over to the Senate wing of the Capitol any day and see Seuator Edmunds. Gen. Hawley's paper, the Hartford Courant, booms Edmunds for the Presidency. We do not, therefore, attach much weight to the report that Senator Edmunds is seriously annoyed by the movement in his behalf, or contemplates withdrawing suddenly and leaving his friends in the furch. But the following dispatch to the Boston Advertiser (third-term organ) would seem to set all doubts on this score at rest:

tiser (third-term organ) would seem to set all doubts on this score at rest;

There are many who favor other candidates as their first choice who are thinking more of the means of flarmonizing the party and bringing out the full strength than of the claims of individuals. These men are very desirous that Mr. Edmunds should have such a support in the Convention as will make him an available candidate in case the contingency should arise that a man is needed upon whom all interests can unite without lealousies or heartburnings. It is believed that Mr. Edmunds has been influenced by these representations, and that, while he is personally opposed to being a candidate, and will do nothing to advance his interest, he will do nothing that might prove an embarrassment to the party in case his nomination at Chicago is desirable.

JOHN L. BEVERIDGE made a little speech before the Hilinois Republican Convention that did not nominate him for Governor in 1876. In closing he said: I wish to say to the men who are delegates i inclinati, give us with this State ticket a Na ional ticket that will command our rearest Cincinnati, give us with this State ticket a National ticket that will command our respect and confidence. Give us for a standard-bearer a man whose public record is evidence of his loyalty to his party, and of his fealty to the sacred mission of our Republic. Give us such a man—[a delegate—"Blaine." Appinuse.]—If I may be permitted to say the name,—give us James G. Blaine, of Maine. [Cheers.] While I am not authorized, not being a member of this Convention, to offer a resolution, yet, if I were a member of this Convention something of this kind:

Resolved, That the delegates to the National Union Boundlien Convention to the National Union Boundlien Convention to the head of Convention the Hab day of James are never in the head of our licket, as the great National standard-bearer in the contest of 1876, James G. Blaine, of Mains. [Cheers.]

Gentlemen, I am not authorized to put a reso-

Gentlemen, I am not authorized to put a reso-Intion of that kind, so I will ask every man in this assembly who approves such a resolution to rise to his feet and give us three rousing cheers. Members of the Convention rose with great unanimity and gave three cheers, after which

THE vote of Illinois members of Congress on the bill to repeal the taxes on salt, printing-paper, type, etc., was as follows:

For the bill—Boyd, Cannon, Forsythe, Hawk, Hays, Henderson, Marsh, Morrison, Singleton, Springer, Sparks, Stevenson, Thomas—13.

Against the bill—Barber, Davis—3.

Absent or not voting—Aldrich, Fort, Sherwin, Townshend—4.

Townshend—A.

Of those not voting, Fort, who was home on a visit, was paired in favor of the bill. Townshend is known to be an ardent Free-Trader, and would have voted for it if he had been present. Sherwin was also home on a visit, and may be classed as doubtful. Aldrich dodged, but is a reliable Prohibitionist when it comes to a tight squeeze. Outside of Chicago, the State delegation is practically solid against the tax on knowledge.

DISINTEGRATION is the order of the day within the third-term lines. Twenty-two is rather under than over the number of delegates from this State whe will not obey the instructions of the Utica Convention.—Rocketer (N. Y.) Democrat (Rep.).

Democrat (Rep.).

Is it true, as reported, that a part of the New York delegates, about the number stated to be opposed to the third term, have engaged quarters at the Palmer House in this city, while the loyal Conkling faction has secured rooms at the Grand Pacific? We would like to have Senato Bobertson clear up this point. It is at least true that Sheridan Shook and a strong delegation of anti-third-term Republicans are to be at the Palmer, and that a considerable part of the New York delegation, perhaps one-third, will be with

THE Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser and

THE Montgomery (Ala.) Advertiser and Mail has made a partial canvass of its readers for preferences on the Presidential question, with the following result:

A. G. Thurman, of Ohio.

231
Jefferson Davis, of Mississippi.

6
W. R. Morrison, of Illinois.

3
W. S. Hancock, of Pennsylvania.

377
S. J. Randall, of Pennsylvania.

30
David Davis, of Illinois.

5
J. Tilden, of New York.

30
Horatio Stymour, of New York.

163
Thomas F. Bayard, of Deliware.

672
Thomas A. Hendricks, of Indiana.

217
The Democratic nominee.

160 The Democratic nomine Anybody to beat Grant. U. S. Grant. H. J. Jewett, of Ohio ...

SOUTHEASTERN ILLINOIS will come into SOUTHEASTERN ILLINOIS will come into the Republican Convention with a strong and yery excellent candidate for Secretary of State in the person of Mr. George W. Harper. He is a gentleman of high character and a hard-working, intelligent, and carnest Republican. This is shown by the fact that sixteen years ago he established the Robinson (Crawford County) Argus, and he has successfully conducted it ever since, thus greatly advancing Republican principles and making them honored and respected in one of the densest Democratic districts in the State. The press of Southeastern Illinois urgenis nomination with the greatest cordiality.

SULPHATE of quinine was quoted as high SULPHATE of quinine was quoted as high as from \$3.50 to \$4 per ounce a year ago,—that is, in April, 1879. When the law removing the duty went into effect, July 1, it was quoted at \$3.40. Afterwards it declined to \$2.60 in Decomber. A purchase of 15,000 ounces by the Russian Government gave the price a start, and raised it to \$3.25 or \$3.30. The reduction from \$3.30 or \$4 to \$3.25 or \$3.30 represents the legitimate effect of the removal of the duty, though in the meantime wars in South America have done much to diminish the supply.

PRIVATE DALZELL says frankly that he is a candidate for Congress, and adds:

If I am chosen for this exalted and responsible office, I shall never be a candidate for a second term, and I put that voluntary promise is writing, and upon full deliberation subscribe my name to it.

MINNESOTA is said to be a doubtful State as publican Convention of that State in May, 1876, may serve to show what the result is likely to be:

Resolved, That, recognizing in the Hon. James Blaine, of Maina, a man of tried integrity.

Incompressing layalty, of compactive.

of the principles which have preserved to Union and given undying lustre to the party of which he is to-day the most admired representative, we take pleasure in recording the fact the he is Minnesota's proud preference for the of President of the United States; and, which we pledge ourselves to condially support any pure and upright Republican whom the Cincinnae Convention may nominate, we nevertheless express it as our conviction that no other candidate will develop the enthusiasm or call our number of votes that would be polled by the American people for the noble champion of their rights, their liberties, and their honor.

THE Chicago Inter-Ocean begs and pray THE Chicago Inter-Ocean begs and pray the Republican voters of Illinois to support in third-term candidate for the Presidency. To cause must be in a bad way when such pites appeals for it are thought to be necessary. To voters of Illinois, being importuned to do a form the support of the su act upon their own judgment for the go whole party. The election of the Re candidate is more important than the wishes of Don Cameron and Roscoe Conkling.

AT a Democratic Convention in Australia, where the late Republican Convention wheld, Col. Robertson, Chairman of the Executive Seymoir, Thurman, Heutricas, Aorras Bayard, but significantly kept still about the further said: "Texas can and she mu to the Democratic nominee 160,000 ma Yet this is the State about whose prefe he North are just now vexing the Ex-Secretary Robeson is not, many per

Ex-Secretary Robeson is not, many exsons will be surprised to learn, an advocate of
Gen. Grant's nomination. The Camben (8.1)
Press, Robeson's home organ, says;
We desire to state that the Hon. George Robeson is not, and will not be a candidate adderste-at-large to Chicago. Neither is he advocate of Gen. Grant's nomination. It will be perfectly safe to put him down for Risine slong as that eminently worthy gentleman has plank to stand on.

THE Hancock County (Ky.) Republ convention adopted the Resolved, That in Ulysses S. Grant we refize the tried soldier, patriot, and states but hold as inviolate the precedent establity Washington and his successors of deal the candidacy for a third term.

Ir is the usual thing in Iowa to have tickets headed with the Star-Spangled Banus and these words: "The James G. Blaine Delegation—Solid for the Plumed Knight." It is usual also, for these tickets to go through the principles and county conventions without opposition.

THE Hatch-House gang made a winn coalition with the allk-stocking Democrats on the North Town ticket on the basis of all the spoils to the former and all the honors to the

Four Republican Aldermen from the North Side will go far to balance the loss of a PERSONALS.

We hope Mr. Tilden is no sicker than he

Mr. Christine Nilsson, nee Rozeaud, is II Now sow your \$20 bills and raise ducks The latest French definition of Sarah Bern

sardt is, "A prolonged neck."
Sarah Bernhardt's husband is about the darkest horse heard of recently. Miss Ellie, Gen. Sherman's third daughter, a to be married in May to Lieut. Thackara the navy. Gen. Garfield has been elected President

a Washington literary society, but he careful conceals from its members the fact that a her with a record of 2:31 is named after him. A thoroughly reckless young man on South Side, who has lived for years amid artificial life — beersteaks of a fashional boarding-house, recently became enamored the beautiful daughter of one of Chicago's est citizens, and, after the usual campaign oysters and ice cream. was mominated first formal ballos. The following ev went to see the responsible and, after stating his inte and, after stating his intense admiration as love for her, asks the paternal consents the nuptials. This was given rather more really than the youth had looked for, but the old gentleman stated frankly that he was not dipaged to be too particular about the past, provided things went straight in the future. "Of course, Charley," he said, "everybody knows that you have been a little wild, and made some sucket plays against horse races, but I bolieve if I giw you Mabel you will turn over a new leaf and attend to business." Charley said he would "But you must get up with the sun, my boy, he said. "Well," said the young lover, "I don't know about getting up with the son, old mus, but, when it comes to sitting up with the son, old mus, but, when it comes to sitting up with the daughter, you can go broke that I will be there." This manly speech so affected Mabel's sire (was had been a little tough himself in the haloyar days of youth) that he told the future mother-laise with the fight that he was giad their daugher hadn't thrown herself away on any commandant, but had secured a husband who would by a credit to the family.

POLITICAL POINTS.

Until now we had thought Gen. Gr chances were superior to all others; but if reported defection (from the New York de tion) is verified 'at Chicago, it is not uni that other reported Grant delegations may follow the example from like causes, and give to Blaine boom an impotus impossible to restablished (Id.) Times (Rep.).

Dubugue (Ia.) Times (Rep.).

The Washington Star thinks that the claim that the Nebraska delegation to the Cincinsul Convention is for Tilden is not supported by all the facts. It reminds us that the Convention by a very decided majority, instructed agains a repeal of the two-thirds rule, certainly not a favorable indication for Tilden, and says that there is at least one of the delegates at large who is not for Tilden,—this being J. Sterling Morton.

There is no use in fighting for the not There is no use in fighting for the nomination of this man, that man, or any man save on who can unite the entire strength of the party, and bring out the very last vote to insure brilliant triumph. Such a man we believe as be Senator Edmunds. He is a patriotic stateman a sound Republican, and a wise politician. There can be no successful or reasonable opposition to him. He would, by his purity or character, great learning, and long experience, bring honer to the high position, to the party who elected him, and to the entire Nation.—New York Independent.

Editor Medill would seem to leave little of

Editor Medill would seem to leave little at Secretary Sherman's account of a stormy interview, in which the Chicago editor demanded suspension of resumption, by publishing a letter sent by Medili from Washington to the manaring editor of The Tribuna directing him is "editorialize" so as to put a "little stifening into the Republican Senate, and prevent he passage of the bill repositing the Resumption at The letter is written at about the time the alieged interview took place, and shows Medili avigorously opposed to any interference with resumption. Secretary Sherman should now any plain.—Springleid (Mass.) Republican (Ind.).

The Herald notices with regret a growing disposition among ardent third-termers to be come what the nieces of bacheler useles all "crusty." Not to put too fine a point on it, to many of the ex-President's supporters are looked their temper. We beg them to remain tranquil and if they cannet be tranquil to be as tranquil as they can. They have scarcely begun tall they cannot the tranquil to be as tranquil as they can. They have scarcely begun tall they begin to call names two months before them, and they will have occasion for a the good temper they can command before them, and they will have occasion for a the good temper they can command before them, and they will have occasion for a the good temper they can command before them, and they will have occasion for a the good temper they can command before them, and they will be laughed at the boys say, they will only be laughed at the Chicago Chnvention, they may set laughed of court altogether.—New York Herald (Ind.).

Resolved, That in James G. Blaine we

of court altogether.—New York Herald (Ind.)

Resolved, That in James G. Blaine we recognize an ideal American statesman, where masterly intellect, nobility of character, and long services in the front ranks of programmend aggressive Republicanism have won for his that prominence both in public and private life which is a safe guarantee to the people that in his keeping the achievements of the Republicanism to the disloyalty and harbarism of Democracy will not be "wiped out," and that all attempts at the stealing of States will be defeated by his skill in winning the victories of peace; and further, in the presence of an unisputed Democratic solid South, buoyed by those of a divided North, we believe that the name of James G. Blaine, as our candidate for ne of a divided. North me of James G. Blaine, as our cause me of James G. Blaine, as our cause me of James G. Blaine, as our cause me of papers and papers of victory in those States appullican success is possible, and which done furnish the voters as they once disconfers for the defeat of Democratic Bright County (Ia.) Republican County

What Has E Done wit Relie

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DUBLIN, April 7 .- To Publis, April ...
Relief Fund: I have last few days because with which the C Since the announce children's breakfast ceived letters which movement has not be soon. Showers of perform all parts of the half-star name of the half-sta diate relief, and fever have a Committee have their somewhat C.P. J. Keenan, Comcation, who has entitaking great pains tricts where the warmost argent. I wish most argent. I wish

which has been sent to Schools. Following '
"EDUCATION OF Committee of the He to ascertain the name children most need for any unusual diminu occurred in attendable to the existence preparation of this r with the discharge of consistently with the with the discharge consistently with t furnish it at your form containing b quired is inclosed."

The returns which

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at the beginning of la more than 8,000 by St creased to 14,000 in the days. Very many set the empty because the chil hungry and so nearly was an impossibility. That many of the chil town sohoots in Galws state, being

ALMOST WITH the could be could and exposure. The moved to pity at the siting on the readside has ting on the readside has been been been a poor collempty. On one comentered a poor collempty. The only bed loards laid on two bos of straw. The bed-co worn-out blanket white family of four. I loc and saw mething: inter it empty. I laid a pic and left. When the many she broke it the midst of her sobs wildly, and cried out: us! God has sent it to: it feel God really defended in the strepping of the process of the could be come symp. The other day a price treed a house in his padren sitting in front the strepping. Who

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obliged to go to bed might. He had no bre morning until he morning until he parish priest. "W parish priest. "W parish priest. "W parish priest. "W through the priest." "I thronged around me it in the control of the priest. And moved by their wan, he is that their wan, he is the priest of the priest of the priest of the which are in the this week received the house extracts from which are in the this week received the house of the priest of the whole assuring us that their ming to brighten, and haughter is coming back assuring us that their ming to brighten, and haughter is coming back on the commente have no colid in Ireland shall be whole the whole the whole and the whole the whole the whole the whole the whole the whole and feed them, but to give the boys looms and a woolen dress of the coarsest my they sak only for garm they ask only for garm they are coarsest my they are they are coarsest they necessary to fill the further generosity. The mouths to fill that we

and propulsive powercased so far as to

CHANNING.

CHICAGO.

il being crowded with people, who were ente ned from 8 until 11 o'clock by the utterano

T. F. WITHROW

MR. HENRY STRONG

was then introduced, and delivered an address on "Channing's Influence on Public Life." He held him up to Americans as an illustrious example of the highest type of American states—manship; to the contemplation of every form of theological expression as a truly catholic soul. He had always the most kindly tolerance toward every creed, imparting even to religious controversy the spirit of benediction.

THE REV. S. G. LORIMER

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT, R. I.

NEWPORT, R. I.

April 7.—The Channing memorial services to-day commenced with the anthem. "O! Thou Great Friend to All Sons of Men," followed by Scripture readings and prayer, and the singing of "Nearer, My God, to Thee."

The Rev. Dr. Bedlow then delivered a discourse on "William Ellery Channing; His Opinions, Genius, and Character." At the close of the discourse "We Stand Amid the Scenes To-Day" was sung, and benediction given. During the

Gennis, and Character. At the close of the discourse "We Stand Amid the Scenes To-Day" was sung, and benediction given. During the service a telegram from the Rev. Dr. Putnam, of Brooklyn, announced: "A gentleman of my Society subscribes the \$2,000 deficiency." Ex-Gov. Lippett sent \$1,000. A large crowd witnessed the laying of the corner-stone of the Memorial Church in the afternoon. At this ceremony the Rev. William. Henry Channing, of London, delivered an address.

The Opera-House was crowded at the evening exercises. His Excellency Gov. Van Zandt presided, and made the opening address, paying a high tribute to the memory of Channing.

The Rev. Mr. Schermerhorn rend letters culogistic of Channing which he had received from all parts of the world, and from men of all creeds,—among which were letters from J. G. Whittier, James Martineau os London, the Rt.-Rev. Thomas M. Clark, Bishop of Rhode Island, the Rev. Dr. Ely Robinson, President of Brown University, and Bishop Huntington of Central New York. Also a letter written by William Lloyd Garrison a year ago, when the matter of the celebration was first talked of, expressing his interest in, and commending the fitness of such a celebration.

Hymns by Holmes and Emerson were sung by the audience.

The Rev. Dr. Hosmer and the Rev. Edward

the audience.
The Rev. Dr. Hosmer and the Rev. Edward
Everett Hale made stirring addresses.
Mrs. Charles Lowe, of Hoston, read an original

Mrs. Charles Lowe, or Beston, team in charles Lowe, or Beston, team in address, and read a poem written for the occasion.

Mr. Beownson Allcott, Miss Peabody, of Cambridge, and several others, made addresses full of interest.

Hymns by Bryant, Longfellow, and Whittler were sung, and the exercises, which throughout were of the most interesting character, closed with a benediction.

nty (Ky.) Republi

in Iowa to gang made a winn

Aldermen from the ONALS.

is no sicker than he ills and raise ducks of finition of Sarah Bern-

husband is about the erman's third daughter, to Lieut. Thackara, of

intense admiration and paternal consent to the ven rather more readily and for, but the old genthat he was not disposed to the future. "Of course, verybody knows that you and made some sucker as, but I believe if I give a over a new leaf and atharley said he would, with the sun, my boy," he young lover, "I don't p with the son, old man, itting up with the daughe that I will be there." Meeted Mabel's sire (who i himself in the halcyon old the future mother-inwas glad their daughter away on any common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and common husband who would be a single control of the son and control of the son

L POINTS.

thought Gen. Grant's to all others; but if this
m the New York delegacaro, it is not unlikely
int delegations may folike causes, and give the
us impossible to resist.—
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this being J. Sterling

ghting for the nomina-an, or any man save one re strength of the party, ry last vote to insure a h a man we believe to be is a patriotic statesman, I a wise politician. There reasonable opposition to its purity of character, experience, bring holior the party who elected Nation.—Now York Inde-

seem to leave little of count of a stormy inter-bago editor demanded a on, by publishing a letter shington to the managinuse directing him to put a "little stiffening" cuate, and prevent the fing the Resumption act about the time the also, and shows Medili as my interference with resumption and showld now exp.) Republican (Ind.).

with regret a growing mt third-terraces to be of bachelor uncles call to fine a point on it, too at supporters are losing hem to remain tranquil, anguil to be as tranquil escarcely begun their quantities of hard work ill have occasion for all have occasion for all the period of the supporter and it wo months before they may get laughed at; and it wo months before the wo York Herald (Ind.).

James G. Blaine we rican statesman, whose lity of character, and at ranks of progressive anism have won for him public and private life se to the people that in ments of the Republican aty and barbarism of wiped out," and that all of States will be defining the victories of the presence of an undiscission of the present of the presence of the presence of an undiscission of the present of

FOREIGN. What Has Been and Is Being Done with the Herald

grope Excited Over Prince narck's Sudden Resignation.

Relief-Fund.

He is Thought, However, Have Gained His Point,

and Will Force the Bundesrath to Reverse Its Action.

English Election Returns Still Show Large Liberal Gains.

The Liberal Majority in the Commons Independent of the Home-Rulers.

Expected in Afghanistan. No Regular Chinese Troops Have Cross

the Bussian Border.

tion of Hostilities Shortly

IRELAND. HE HERALD RELIEF FUND.

April 7.—To the Donors of the H d: I have made no report for the days because of the pressure of work nich the Committee is overwhelmed. announcement of the allocations for e the announcement of the allocations for dren's breakfasts and clothing I have re-ed letters which only too plainty show the cament has not been started a moment too. Blowers of petitions have failen upon us mail parts of the country, begging us in the

the Committee are doing a double good. Instead of buying ready-made garments of large firms, they purchase the material and give it into the hands of well-known charitable lades, who during the last fortnight have employed scores of poor semnstresses in Dublin. The goods, when manufactured, cost less than ready-made, and many a wreiched home in his great city is made happier by a few shillings given in exchange for work. We have received lately a letter signed by these seamstresses, in which they express an overflowing gratitude toward the Committee for enabling them to keep the wolf from the door. You can judgetof the work which has been done by your Committees, and of its urgent need, when I tell you that 1,000 little ones who were fed at the beginning of last week had grown into more than 8,000 by Saturday, and will be increased to 14,000 in the course of three or four days. Very many schools had become almost empty because the children were so constantly hungry and so nearly naked that attendance was an impossibility. One entreating letter says that many of the children attending the Milliowa schools in Galway are in a most pitiable state, being

ALMOST WITHOUT CLOTHING

Leower their nakedness, while their faces and shivering bodies tell a story of suffering from cold and exposure. The stoutes heart would be moved to pity at the sight of boys and girts stiting on the readside half way to school. In some cases, too, nearly worn out to get there, they crawl back to their home, only to learn, when they sak for something to eat, that there is making in the house and that they must still get the property of the collier's hut, and found it empty. The only bedsteed consisted of some cases, too, nearly worn out to get there, they crawl back to their home, only to learn, when they sak for something to eat, that there is making in the house and that they must still get for a family of four. I looked into the dinner-pot and survey to the control of the south of the survey of the survey of the survey of the survey of t

PALE, COLD, AND LISTLESS,

their garments so thin and worn that they hardly hang even in tatters on their backs. A poor man who lived within pistol-shot of the shool was, with his wife and eight children, obliged to go to bed supperless last Saturday menting until he was relieved by the parish priest. "When I take my lunch at the school-house," he continues, "little ones through around ne like famished dozs, watching for a morsel. Many a time have I been so moved by their wan, hungry-looking faces that have given them what I had provided for my-self, and gone hungry in their stead." I take, these extracts from a pile of letters, all of think are in the same tenor. We have the week received other letters which tell as how gratefully a penny's worth of bread and away of milk are received by the children, and assuring us that their faces are already beginning to brighten, and that the ring of the old laughter is coming back.

Tour Committee have reason to hope that, in accurace of two weeks, their machinery for distribution will be working so effectively that so child in Ireland shall cry in vain for bread. They do not propose to cease their efforts until the whole 40,000 absentees return to the school-room. It is comparatively easy to feed them, but to clothe them is office of the coarsest material, with a chemise. This is a problem.

MORE DIFFICULT TO SOLVE.

t physicians

a condjutor of the Committee in the undertaking of feeding the children, has sent the following to the Committee: ing to the Committee:

GENTLEMEN: I beg to lay before you my report for the week ending April's. During the week I have added, under the Committee's direction, seventy-nine schools and 5.86 children. As you will see by the lists inclosed, the Herald fund is now providing daily with full, wholesome meal, 15.45 children. I daily refelye letters from Catholic and Protestant clergymen, gentlemen in the country, managers of schools, nuns at the head of educational establishments, and all testify to the immense benefit this children's meal is to the country. I have the bonner. estify to the immense benefit this chi eal is to the country. I have the hone

CERMANY.

EMPEROR AND CHANCELLOR.

Cable Special to The Tribusa.

LONDON, April 7.—A dispatch from Berlin states that Prince Bismarck to-day had a long-interview with the Emperor, at which the question of the resignation of the Chancellor was discussed. It is said that the Emperor was greatly agitated, and that he repeatedly said he would never accept Bismarck's resignation. The report is that he used the French word, and repeated "Jamais!" "Jamais!" several times. It is expected a redistribution of the voting power in the Federal Council will be made, so that the large Kingdoms cannot be outvoted, as was the case yesterday, by a combination of the petty States. It is believed Bismarck's threatened resignation is intended to bring about such an arrangement.

ignation is intended to bring about such an arrangement.

BISMARCE.

To the Western Associated Press.

LONDON, April 7.—A Berlin correspondent tellegraphs: "Though no small exoitement and even mild alarm was at first produced by the publication of the momentuous news of Bismarck's resignation of the Chancellorship, these feelings soon gave way, on more sober reflections, to the conviction that the incident must not be looked at in its most serious light. No one can possibly believe either that the Chancellor earnestly desires to withdraw from office,—he has confessedly too much important unfinished work on hand for that,—or that the Emperor, even if convinced of the serious intentions of his illustrious servant, would readily grant the liberty he demands. The Chancellor probably does not care whether or not the proposed receipt stamp tax is adopted, but in its rejection he discovers a convenient opportunity for altering a state of things in the Federal Council which has long annoyed him. Nor can it be doubted that a fundamental change of the imperial Constitution affecting the Bundesrath is the real object he has at heart. Of fifty-eight votes distributed among the members of this body, Prussia possesses seventeen, a little less than one-third of the legislative influence appertaining to

WILL BACK DOWN.

LIN, April 7.—In Parliamentary circles sidered certain that the Bundesrath vider the bill passed by that body, implemental stamp of during and agreed.

the resignation is not yet made known.

WILL GAIN RIS POINT.

LONDON, ADRIL T.—A Times dispatch from Berlin says: "On all hands it is not for a momen doubted that Bismarck will succeed in carrying his point, and in the interview to which he was summoned by the Emperor he doubtless heary enough to induce him to withdraw his resignaspoke nert, his subject being "Channing as a Philanthropist."
The Rev. W. R. Alger addressed himself to "The Character of Channing as an Ideal Force in the Lafe of America."

DR. H. W. THOMAS

referred briefly to "Channing's Anti-Slavery Work," saying, at the outset, that the meeting marked an era in progress and in the growth of thought and catholicity. Such a meeting could not have been held twenty-five years ago without two or three church trials. [Laughter.] Channing believed in holding up the rights of man,—in exposing the evils of slavery, repudiating the idea maintained by the South that, because it was a Southern institution, the people of the North must keep their mouths shut. He said it was their duty to speak, and Channing spoke. [Applause.]

The Rev. Brooke Herford's topic was "Channing's Influence in Europe." He said Channing did not belong to America, Europe claiming him for his wide sympathy which no ocean could bound, no nationality limit. His interest in Europe appreciated him. Next to Washington Irving, he forced England to read American books.

Atter all had joined in singing "America," the benediction was pronounced by the Rev. Mr. Alger. seems to be no insention of otherwise changing the Coustitution. In view of a determined atti-tude of Bismarck the Bundesrath will probably recall or correct its vote, while it is said the wrath of Bismarck will not be wholly appeased without the sacrifice of certain high officials."

BISMARCK ILL.

LONDON, April 7.—A correspondent at Berlin reports that Bismarck is so ill that he has not slept for several nights, and walks or stands with difficulty. His family urge rest and quiet. MUST REMAIN.

A dispatch from Berlin says the Emperor has had a long conference with the Crown-Prince at which it was determined that Bismarck should remain in office.

GREAT BRITAIN.

HEBBERT GLADSTONE.

LONDON, April 7.—Herbert Gladstone (Liberal), son of the Rt.-Hon. W. E. Gladstone, who was defeated for Middlesex, will stand as a candidate for Leeds, his father, who was returned for Leeds and Mid Lothian, having elected to accept the latter.

the latter.
R. Asheton Cross, Home Secretary, is reelected for Langashire Southwest.
NORE LIBERAL GAINS.
Additional returns show a Liberal gain of Later returns show a gain of four seats for the Liberals, three for the Home-Rulers, and one seat gained by the Conservatives.

INDEPENDENT OF THE HOME-RULERS.

The Standard, in a leading article, asserts that the real significance of the polls is that the Liberals will be able to dispense with the support of the Home-Rule vote. The Liberal not gain is now eighty-one seats.

WILL NOT BE LONG DELAYED.

The Times, in a leading article on the elections

The Times, in a leading article on the elections this morning, are it may be taken for granted that the formal transfer of power will not be long delayed.

CHANSING. LONDON, April 8.—The 100th anniversary of the birth of the Rev. Dr. William Ellery Channing was celebrated last night in St. James Hall. Two thousand persons were present, and the platform was adorned with American and English flags. A letter from Mr. Lowell, American Minister, was read, excusing his absence on account of the illness of his wife. Dr. Collier, of the United States, delivered the final address.

FRANCE. PARIS, April 7.—The Pays says it hopes the sons of Prince Jerome Napoleon think differently from their father, and recalls the fact that

ently from their father, and recalls the fact that the late Prince Imperial designated Prince Victor as his successor to the throne. The Pays counts on Prince Victor and his brother to fulfill the intentions of the deceased Prince Imperial. APPROVED.

At a banquet at Dijon the Minister of Finance stated that the Cabinet unanimously approved the anti-Jesuit decrees. He said the Government would persecute nobody. It would respect the liberty of conscience, he said, but the law would be rigidly enforced.

RUSSIA.

RUSSIA.

TARTARS.

VIENNA, April 7.—The Governor-General of East Siberia has telegraphed to St. Petersburg that they were not Chinese troops but irregular Tartars who invaded Russian territory. They attempted to cross the Amoor River, but were unsuccessful. He says the Chinese Government is quite innocent of an invasion, and will punish the Tartars sharply.

ARMY ORDER.

LONDON, April 7.—A correspondent at Vienna learns from St. Petersburg that the Russian troops in Southern Siberia have been ordered to march to the Chinese frontier.

VARIOUS.

LONDON, April 7.—A new Bulgarian Ministry has been formed, with Zancoff Premier and Karaveloff Minister of Finance.

Karaveioff Minister of Finance.

BURMAH.

LONDON, April I.—A dispatch from Rangoon says several Chinese firms there have received intelligence that Thebau, King of Burmah, has died of small-pox at Mandalay. Their agents advised them to keep back their goods, as there are fears of a civil war in Burmah.

A correspondent with Gen. Stewart's column at Juldak says the advance continues uninterruptedly. It is reported there is a strong gathering near Sharjui, where the enemy will certainly fight.

BROOKLYN. BROOKLYN, N. Y., April 7.—The Church of the Savior was filled to-day on the occasion of the memorial services of the Chamming Centennial celebration. A large number of elergymen of different denominations and many prominent citizens of New York and Brooklyn occupied seats near the altar. Among them were the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, the Rev. Robert Collyer, and the Rev. J. B. Thomas.

WASHINGTON. WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—A large audience gathered this evening at All-Bouls' Church to honor the memory of William Ellery Channing, Justice Miller presiding. TILDEN.

The "Star" Man Sticks to His Story.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

New York, April 1.—The Star's correspondent at Washington now signs himself L. B. B., and repeats that his story about Tilden's health is true from personal knowledge. In proof he offered to give \$5,000 to a charitable institution if either Abram Hewitt or two or three other of Tilden's intimate friends will swear his condition is not as represented by the correspondent; also, if three eminent physicians do not confirm the correspondent's statements that Tilden has paralysis, and is physically incapacitated to fulfill the quites of Treation.

WHITTAKER.

The Perpetrators of the Outrage upon the Colored Cadet Undiscovered.

A Rumor Abroad that He Was the Author of His Own Disfigurement.

Which Report He Most Emphatically and Persistently Denies.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

West Point, April 5.—An exaggerated story was sent out from here yesterday, about an assault on colored Cadet Whittaker, who was said to have been found lying bound, in a pool of blood, with his ears slit and head badly bruised. Whittaker said he was assaulted by three masked men, hit on the head with a club, and lay partly unconscious for six hours. The story was doubted from the first. The doctors found no bruise, such as must have been made had the cadet beent hit as he claimed. They said he could not have been unconscious, and could have freed himself at any time had he choson, as the tying proved to amount to nothing. Had he made ever so little noise, moreover, he would have awakened two cadets near at hand. Gen. Schofield, interviewed by your correspondent, said he could express no opinion, but he stated these facts, and left the undoubted inference that he believed Whittaker put up the job. There were two reasons for his doing so: One to make himself famous, and the other to help him through his next examination, which he had little hope of passing legitimately. The slite in his cars were trifling outs with a penknife. The threatening letter, besides, which he claimed was sent him some time ago, is in handwriting looking like his own with attempted concealment. The unanimous opinion here is that Whittaker was his own ass aliant. Strict investigation is being made, all the same.

Special Dispatch to The Oricese Tribuna. of the most elequent pastors of the city regard-ing the illustrious divine. A portrait of Chan-ning pendant in the centre of the seene at the rear of the stage, and a vase of flowers on the right of the reading desk were the only "decorations."

By way of prelude, the anthem, "Sing, O Heaven," by Berthold Tours, was sung by the choir, composed of Mrs. J. A. Farwell, Mrs. F. J. Aldrich, Mrs. F. L. Bogg, Miss Paulina Romeiss, Philo A. Otik, C. A. Kuorr, H. L. Sloan, and A. L. Goldsmith. The accompanist was F. T. Baird. The Rev. S. I. Galvin then offered prayer. In calling the gathering to order,

made, all the same.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 7.—Secretary Ramsey, on receiving from Gen. Schofield, Superintendent of West Point, a report of the alleged maining of Whittaker, the colored cadet, telegraphic him to localitate a state insection. aphed him to institute a strict inquiry. Should appear that the outrage had been committed a second that the outrage had been committed a cadets they were to be dishenorably d harged from the Military Academy, and turne ver to the civil authorities for trial and pun Whittaker, who is behind his class-mates in trudies, although he stands above the most of them in deportment, wounded himself to excite sympathy and remain at West Point; but it is well known that the color-line has been strictly drawn at Annapolis as well as at West Point. The

well known that the color-line has been strictly drawn at Annapolis as well as at West Point. The colored cadets at each academy have led isolated lives. If a white cadet saw fit to speak to a "moke," as they are called, he was at once "sent to coventry." This spirit of hostility towards Whittaker on account of his color may have prompted the outrage committed on him, and, if this proves to have been the case, Secretary Ramsey will see that the offenders are turned over to the civil authorities and prosecuted. The case was heard from in the House, the Republicans attempting to pass a resolution calling upon the Secretary of War for information, but Mr. Alken, of South Carolina (Democrat), singularly enough objected.

To the Western associate Press.

NEW YORK, April 7.—The Herald has the following story of the assault upon the colored Cadet Whittaker at West Point: When the Post Surgeon, Dr. Alexander, strived in Whittaker's room, he asked, after untying his limbs—the fastenings comprising strips out from his waist-beit—"What's the matter, Whittaker's Receiving no response, he gently shook him, repeating the question. He then shook him harder, renewing his luquiry. "I think he is shamming," said the Doctor.

"I am almost killed," inally gasped Whittaker. "Where am I?"

"Tell us all about it," said the Doctor, "Here are Gen. Scofield and Col. Lazelle, and they want to know." During the night," replied Whittaker, "three

After hearing this statement, Dr. Alexander had whittaker taken to hospital, or rather had him walk there, and then, pursuant to directions of Gen. Scofield, had him stripped and thoroughly examined. The result of the examination was that not a bruise was found on him. It was further ascertained that his nose had not bled, as stafed.

"You are not hurt. You can go on duty," said the Doctor, and Whittaker at once repaired to his quarters and put in an appearance at the 9 o'clock recitation, and was last night occupying his room in the barracks, as if nothing had happened.

The reporter had a talk with Gen. Scofield, who said that, as far as he knew, Whittaker had not an enemy among the cadets. "So you think no cadets had a hand in the matter?"

"So far there is no indication of any such fact," replied the General. "Every cadet in the corps has been examined, and they each deny any knowledge of the affair."

"What do you think could be his motive?"

"He was admitted to the Academy four years ago next June. A year ago last January he was found deficient, and is now in the second class. He first roomed with Flipper, the colored cadet, who graduated, and the latter, who is much brighter, helped Whittaker, it is stated, a good deal in his studies. He has run behind since. As the next examination is next month, and with but little hope of his passing, he might, could he hosp trought it about, have been ordered to the hospital, and thus excused, obtain another year of grace."

"What has been his demeanor and treatment "What has been his demeanor and treatment by the cadeta?"

"He has always behaved himself in a quiet-modest way, and the cadets have always treated him with uniform kindness."

"Will there be further examination in his

"Will there be further examination in his case?"
"I am not at liberty to state at present."
"Should there be, and it is discovered this was his own doing, what will be the result?"
"His dismissal in diagrace, of course."
"Could not Whittaker have given alarm if what he states is true?"
"Most certainly. One eadet occupies a room adjoining his and two opposit."
"Is there any other colored cadet in the Academy?"
"No." said the General; "I should have mentioned that Whittaker showed a note of warning against an attack of this kind."
The colored man who waits on the officers says: "I think there were cadets rooming near him and an officer under him, and, as he had a gun in his room, that if he was visited by persons in masks and allowed them to beat him and it him up, he hasn't a particle of pluck, and is a disgrace to the colored race."
WEST POINT, N. Y. April 7.—Gen. Schofield states to-day that, though some of the evidence indicates that Cadet Whittaker committed the outrage on himself, the opinion thus held is mere conjecture. He says the fact that no member of the cypres of cadets committed the crime has been fully demonstrated. The final result of the investigation has not yet been made known.
POUGHKEEPSIE, April 7.—This afternoon Gen. Schofield, in an interview, approved the press dispatch sent to-day from West Point. He stated that during the afternoon he had an interview with Whittaker, in which he told him of the impressions held by some that he did the job himself, and referred him to the little discrepancies in his statements. Whittaker expressed the greatest indignation, and emphatically and persistently denied that he did the work, and asked for a court of inquiry. Gen. Schofield states that although Whittaker stands quite low in his class, he does not know that he will not graduate.

The handkerchief which Whittaker says the short man handed to the others while he was be-

class, he does not know that he will not graduate.

The handkerchief which Whittaker says the short man handed to the others while he was being bound is in the hands of the authorities. The corner where the name might have been is torn out. Some of the leading officers on the post do not believe Whittaker committed the act.

Washington, D. C., April T.—The only official information received at the War Department to-day relative to the mysterious cutting of the colored cadet Whittaker at West Point was a telegram from Gen. Schofield substantiating the statements contained in the general press dispatch published in the morning papers. Secretary Ramsey has instructed Gen. Schofield to employ detectives to work up the case if he deems it necessary.

ANOTHER COMET DISCOVERED.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ANN Amon, Mich., April 7.—J. M. Schaberie,
Assistant at the Observatory, discovered a comet
last night in 7 deg. 20 min., right ascension, and
declination 84 deg. 25 min. north. Daily motion,
8 min. Right accession 48 min. south. Has a tail
3 min. long.

THE MILLERS' MEETING.

CINCINNATI. O., April 7.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day voted unanimously to subcribe \$1,000 to the guarantee fund of the Millers' International Exhibition to be held here in une.

ports of the Grand Officers show an increase over 50 per cent for the past year. There a 86 lodges in the State; 3,500 members; 2,7 lodges in the United States paid to the widow and orphans the past year 25,750,006.

SUICIDE.

CLEVELAND. CLEVELAND, O., April 7.—The body of Albert Scheu, city editor of the Anzeiger, a German faily, was found in the lake last night, foundies from the city. He waded in the water and this things. miles from the city. He waded in the water and cut his throat. Deceased has been dissipated of late, and was discharged on that account. Born in Berlin, well educated, he served six years as an officer in the German navy and traveled around the world. He was once a Justice of the Peace in Detroit, was a good writer, industrious, and popular. He leaves a widow. Aged 37.

George Savage, a well-known shoe-dealer, but who lately suffered reverses, was found dead in bed this morning, his head nearly cut off with a long sharp shoe-knife, and blood on the ceiling and all over the room. He was insane. He leaves a large family.

DETROIT. DETROIT, Mich., April 7.—Thomas Pearson, a amster, 42 years of age, retired to his barn to-

STABBED TO DEATH.

Fatal Result of the Fifth Ward Cut-Fatal Result of the Fifth Ward Cutting Affray.
Anthony Warnimont, the victim of the stabbing affray election-night at the corner of
Twenty-first and Purple streets, died yesterday
morning at his mother's house, No. 1160 Wentworth avenue, at about a quarter to 11, some
two hours after his assailant, John Murphy, had
been held by Justice Wallace to await the result
of his too vigorous use of the knife. The victim
died without making any explanation as to the
cause or manner of the quarrel, or, indeed, any
other statement than that Murphy was the one
who had knifed him. He suffered a great deal
of pain during the night and morning, but, enof pain during the night and morning, but, en-couraged by the hope which the doctors held out, tried to be quiet and patient, as he was bid

pain.

At the Coroner's inquest various witnesses were examined. Dr. Bluthardt described the wound, a out about an inoh and a half long in deceased's left side, at about the junction of the cartilages in the region of the tenth and eleventh ribs. This cut extended some seven or eight inohes into the cartilage of the eleventh rib, cutting it of, and then through the upper and left arch of the diaphragm, wounding the stomach about five inches from its pyloric ortice. The cut extended about an inch

ut bail. As soon as ti be made out he was returned to jail, and the crowd which had filled the saloon to suffocation reluctantly went off.

MURPHY'S STORY.

reluctantly went off.

MURPHY'S STORY.

A TRIBUNS reporter saw Murphy in the County Jail yesterday afternoon, exercising his limbs by walking up and down the corridor,—a privilege accorded the prisoners daily for health a sake. He was talking with a thief in a way that indicated more than a day's acquainance, and didn't seem troubled at the grave crime with which he stands charged. He is about 20 years old, of medium hight and well-built, and has a rather pleasant face.

"He's a cool one," remarked the turnkey, when he pointed him out.

Murphy stopped and leaned up against the wall when the reporter said he wished to talk to him—to get his statement regarding the killing of Warnimont.

"What trouble had you had with him?" was the opening question.

"On going home from work," said Murphy, "I went into the house and saw the old man [his father] standing there with his face full of blood. I saked him what was the matter, and he says, 'Tony came over and began to hit me with rocks, and to throw rocks at the house. I saked him what he wanted to do that for. He said, 'I don't know; because he was drunk.' Said I, "Tien't the first time he has done that.' Then I went outside, and I saw the door kicked off of Riley's house, and his wife was crying.' Tony had dragged her by the hair of the head over the prairie. Riley came home, and when he saw the door and his wife he got mad, and asked me to go for half a pint for him. I said 'Yes.' I started out, and when I got to the bondire I talked with Tom Hanley. I saw Tony there, and he was trying to plok a fight with some one. He came up to me and started at me."

"What did he say?"

with some one. He came up to me and started at me."

"What did he say?"

"He said, 'G—d—your soul, I'll kick the G—d—old gray head off your father or any of your family. And he caught hold of me and kicked me three times in the stomach. The boys pulled him off, and then he followed me up, and I hit him with the knife."

"Had you over had any difficulty with Warnimont before?"

"Yes."

"A pretty good while ago. When my mother died he came in there, and wouldn't go out. He laid down on a bench. My sister fold another follow to put him out, but he couldn't. After a while he took a notion and out he walked. Another time in the 'Jew's,' on the corner of Elgia and Purple streets, he took off my hat and began to kick it around the floor, and wanted to kick me in the face."

"You thought he was going to hurt you?"

"I was mighty sure of it. You can't trust him, because he is looking for a fight the minute he geis a drink into his head."

"How did you happen to have the knife with you?"

"I was taking it home from the packing-house."

"Why take it home?"

you?

"I was taking it home from the packing-house."

"Why take it home?"

"So I woudn't lose it."

"What did you intend doing with it?"

"Keep it home until there was a rush of cattle, and then go to work. If I left it in the packing-house, it might get lost, or some one would steal it."

"You say Warnimont was following you when you stabbed him?"

"Yes."

"About two feet-coming right up to hit me."

"Did he have anything in his hand?"

"Not that I krow of. I didn't look at his hands; but he was trying to kick me, and did kick me in the stomach three or four times. He made me hite my tongue."

"You know Warnimout is dead?"

"I heard so."

"Have you ever been in trouble before?"

"No."

"Never arrested?"

"Yes, once."

"What for?"

"Being tight."

"Were you drunk Toesday night?"

"I was pretty full; couldn't say I was drunk. I could manage myself."

"I knew him around the corners."

"Has he ever been in trouble?"

"Yes; every time he got drunk he would have trouble."

"Had he ever been locked up?"

"Had he ever been locked up?"

Dog Show.

The bench-show of dogs which is to be held in New York the last of this month promises to be one of the largest ever made in this country. Some L800 dogs are expected, including Tarquin, the champion buil-terrier of England, and such famous American dogs as Rohe, Lady Gordon, Mr. Lawrence Curtis black-and-tan setter Boss.

WEEDER UND WOATHER WATE

From Observations Made by the Signal Service, U.S. A., at 11 P. M. Washington Mean Time, April 7, 1880.



OFFICE OF THE CRIEF SIGNAL OFFICER, WARRENCE, occasional rain, necessee and Ohio Valleys, warmer, partly cloudy weather, occasional rain,

Louis, Baltimore, and Boston shows of 1878 and 1879. Mr. A. H. Moore, of Philadelphia, has sent a dispatch to England offering \$3,750 for Pursell Llewellyn's celebrated setter Count Windon, ind, if the offer is accepted, the dog will appear to the show. ds mostly southwesterly, generally lower baro

CASUALTIES.

RUN OVER. Profits Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.

Profits, Ill., April 7.—A young man named William Kelford, working in the yards of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy here, while ongaged in switching fell between two cars, and a number of cars passed over him lengthwise nangling him in a horrible manner. Death re-uited in a short time.

SCALDED TO DEATH.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribuna.

OMAHA, Nob., April 7.—Louis Keenan, employed at Her & Co.'s distillery, was souded to leath this morning by falling into a var of

LOST AT SEA. GLOUCESTER, Mass., April 7.—The fishing schooner Annie C. Norwood, Capt. Hurst, and a

CHICAGO, BILWAUKEE & ST. PAUL RAILWAY.
On and after Sunday, April 4, and thereafter
until the completion of the new union depot
corner Madison and Canal streets, which will be
about ist of October next, passenger trains of this
Company will arrive at and depart from the
"Panhandle" depot, corner Clinton and Carroll
streets, West side. People will bear in mind
that Milwaukee avenue cars, on Bandelph
street, run direct to this depot.
Chicago ticket offices, 65 Clark street, Grand
Pacific Hotel, Palmer House, and at the depot.

The Canadian Weather-Prophet.

MONTREAL, April 3, 1880.—To the Editor of B
New York Times: May in New York will be coluid wet, and same up to middle of June. After that, dry—extremely dry—and fine weather wire the column of the year, with drough H. G. VENNOL.

extend until the end of the year, with drought.

H. G. VENNOR.

BARATOGA SPRINGS, July 30, 1875.—Mesers. Morgon & Allen, 88 John steed. New York City.—Gentlemen: I consider it a duty I owe mankind to inform you of the benefit I have derived since last Sunday evening, when I took my first forty drops of "Constitution Water," recommended by a friend, it having cured him of kidney trouble. I have suffered great pain across the small of my back, so acute that it would awaken me out of a sound sleep, but, thanks to your medicine, I am now entirely well, and, have not taken six doses in all. Your remedy is well worth \$10 per bottle, but the price, \$1, puts it within the reach of all. Yours truly.

TO West Nineteenth street, New York City.

Ask your druggist for it.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Victor Haby Food
comes pearer to mother's milk than any other
preparation known. Try it. Price, 25 cents.
All druggists. Eminent Drs. S. L. and I. C. Nidelet, St. Louis, write: Colded's Liebig's Liquid Extract of Beef we have prescribed with excellent success in diphtheria, malarial, typhoid fevers, debility, etc.

Travelers, stop at the Aster House. New York. MALT BITTERS.



CLEEPLESS AND MELANCHOLY—To counties numbers night brings neither peace nor rest. Abandoned to the tortures of wakefulness and despondency, the victim of insomnia prays for sleep, for daylight, for any torment but that which he endures. Morning hads him with bloodshot eyes, feverish and weak. It is plain to all that this frightful strain on the mental and physical forces cannot continue. What shall be done? Abandon all quieting remedies or sleeping mixtures. RESTORE THE APPETITE, ENRICH THE BLOOD. When the brain and every other organ is nourished and strengthened by new blood, sleep will return, and with it cheerfulness and health. To accomplish this great work no medicine or food in the world so successfully combines the elements necessary to successfully combines the elements necessary to successfully combines the clements necessary to successfully combines the clements necessary to successfully combines the clements necessary to successfully a successfully combines the clements necessary to successfully combines the cle

Chas. Gossage & Co.

"Carpet Dep't."

In addition to our complete assortment of the best American makes, we offer a choice line of "English Tapestry,"

In New and Novel Colorings, with Borders to match. Also the largest and best as-

Extra Super and Ingrain Carpets IN THE CITY.

sorted stock

China Mattings.

Spring Importation just received, consisting of Checks, Plain and Fancy Styles, in new and choice

Prices the Lowest. Chas. Gossage & Co.

WEST END DRY GOODS HOUSE Madison and Peoria-sts.

TO-DAY.

GRAND SPRING EXHIBIT OF FASHIONABLE

French Millinery, Costumes, Cloaks, Fabrics, Novelties.

All are cordially invited.

CARSON, PIRIE & CO.

BALTIMORE & OHIO & CHIGAGO RAILROAD COMPANY.

The Stockholders of the Saltimore & Otto & Carlo Stockholders of the Saltimore & Otto & Cargo Ralliwad Company are hereby noticed that Annual Levilla for the Sheeth of Directors, any other instance, will be seld at the one

FINANCE AND TRADE.

ligorous Renewal of the Bear At tack on Stocks.

sonal Hostility to One Man as an Element in Stock Values. ments Weaker - Foreign

Exchange Steady. The Produce Markets Irregular Provisi Active and Weak.

Wheat Turns Downward-Cash Corn Active a Steady-Lake Freights Lower.

FINANCIAL.

by manipulation. Secretary Sherman y \$1,500,000 of bonds. The most sen-mors were aflost both here and in and on the Board of Trade as well as Tork, and on the Board of Trade as well as a stock-brokers, about a combination to the famous Catifornia operator. Here certainly material enough for a lively time rectainly material enough for the contors were sending fubiliant messages around ountry that they were compelling their man go his stocks. There is a great deal of perfecting involved in this matter, of which the o got a momentary glimpse in the attack of er on Jay Gould. This contest between the sof Wall street has been going on some time, as had much to do with the irregular and devondition of the stock market for some past. There is considerable comment on art Mr. Gould has recently been taking as caker. A few months ago he introduced off to the world as a new man, one who had must do his old Wall street vices, and would fiter appear only as the rival of the first critit in the creation and conservation of add interests. But he is hard at work again day, playing all his old tricks with railroad city in Wall street.

party in Wall street.

part from the points already mentioned,

re was little that was new in the stock

rket. Prices declined seriously, and the day

sed with the expectation among brokers that

lay would see a further break. Panic was

looked for. There were more purchases of

that for a rise than sales for a fail, and oper-

ocks for a rise than sales for a fall, and oper-tors are gaining courage to lay in stocks for a sture improvement in quotations.

Prices closed generally with a recovery from the lowest point of the day. Rock Island lost, to 1874; C., C., C. & I. 24, to 784; Morris & sex 4, to 1074; Illinois Central 14, to 1084; ow York Central 14, to 1314; Lake Shore 14, to 78; Eric 14, to 434; the preferred 1, to 634; on thwest 4, to 65; St. Paul 2, to 814; the referred 2, to 103; Wabash 24, to 414, after Illing at 40; the preferred 3, to 67%; Ohio & Ississippi 3, to 384; St. Joe 14, to 34; the pre-tred 3, to 635; Kansas & Texas 24, to 405; asisaippi %, to 38%; St. Joe 1%, to 38; the pro-red %, to 68%; Kansas & Texas 2%, to 40%; teific Mail 2%, to 40%; Delaware & Hudson 2, 50%; Lackawanna 2%, to 89%; Jersey Central f, to 78; Reading 1%, to 68; C., C. & I. C. ¾, to ; Union Pacific 1%, to 88%; Iron Mountain 1%, Union Pacific 14, to 884; Iron Mountain 13, 5%; Western Union 3, to 1054; Atlantic & fife 14, to 424; Louisville & Nashville 4, to 4; Chattanooga 1, to 79; Lake Erie & stern 2, to 33; Northern Pacific 3, to 304; preferred 13, to 524; San Francisco 3, to; the preferred 3, to 534; St. Paul & Minnelis 3, to 56; Sioux City 3, to 424; Cheske & Ohio 3, to 224; Mobile & Ohio 3, to and Chicago, 8t. Louis & New Orleans 1 to

he only gains were Houston & Texas Central to 17½; Canada Southern ½, to 50; and Mar-

attan Elevated %, to 28%.

Eric second 6c opened at 91%, sold as low as 5%, and closed at 90%.

In railroad bonds, in New York on Monday, the calings were comparativly small. Eric concidated seconds sold at 91% 692%, closing at 2, and funded 5s at 86. Canada Southern firsts are weak and declined to 90, closing, however, t 90%. Denver & Rio Grande firsts were in active demand, selling at 100% 105%. Kansas & exas firsts and seconds were steady at 102% and 54% 265%, respectively. The St. Paul issues were rm. Metropolitan Elevated firsts sold at 1014.

overnments were weaker. The 3.65s sold at and 94. The 4s opened weak at 105% and 4, and closed at 105% and 107. The 4%s were 4 and 109%; the 5s, 105% and 103%; and the 65% and 105%.

s, 105% and 105%.
Foreign exchange was steady, with business light. The posted rates for sterling were 486 for stry-day bills and 489 for sight. French bankers' bills were 518½ and 515, and German bankers' bills was 618½ and 515, and German bankers' bills of and 55%. Actual rates for sterling were 485 and 488. Commercial sterling was 482% 483; French commercial, 521% for Paris, and 523% for Antwerp, Marseilles, and Havre. Commercial marks were 51 and 94%.
Chicago bankers reported receipts of currency considerably in excess of the shipments. New York exchange was quoted at par to 25c per 51,000 premium. Discounts were moderate, and deposits steady. Bank clearings were 53,400,600.
There was a fair local business in Government.

There was a fair local business in Government bonds and local securities. Lincoln Park 7s sold at 107%, Cook County 7s of 1882 at 114%, \$10,000 registered District of Columbia 3.65s at 30%, and Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul 7s at 109%.

The anthracite coal trade, according to the Philadelphia Ledger, continues to move forward most successfully. From week to week the outlook is steadily all the time better. The price of coal is approaching a remunerative point, and we have to hear a word of complaint from consumers,—at least the complainers are no more numerous now than they were when coal was at its lowest, any time within the past two years.

he difficulties between the Atchison, Topeka auta Fé and the Denver & Rio Grande Comiles have been settled. The compromise vides for a division of the territory to which h roads were looking for an extension of ir business. The Atchison gives up to the over & Rio Grande the route to Leadville bugh the Grand Cafidn, the latter Companying \$1,400,000, the amount claimed to have a expended by the Atchison. The Atchison, rever, reserves the right to extend its line through the Grand Candn, the latter Company paying \$1,400,000, the amount claimed to have been expended by the Atchison. The Atchison, however, reserves the right to extend its line thirty-three miles to its coal fields. The Denver & Rio Grande abandons the extension of its line down the Rio Grande Valley, and east from Pueblo down the Arkansas Valley. There are various agreements in which the Union Pacific, the Atchison, Topoka & Santa Fé, the Pueblo & Arkansas Valley, and the Denver & Rio Grande Railway Companies Join.

The Vice-President of the Chicago, Milwankee & St. Paul Railway Company, Mr. Julius Wadsworff, gives notice that the holders of the "Consolidated Sinking Fund bonds" of that Company, nave them stamped with a formal release from the operation of the Sinking Fund. The bonds will hereafter be known as the "Consolidated Bonds" of the Company.

As the last bank return was made on rising averages, it is probable, the Journal of Commerce thinks, that the bears will be compelled very soon to cease manipulating money, but they may resort to some other measure provided it suits their purpose to keep the market from rising.

sing.		8 A		[235]
TBA	8 K &	FRAN	1018	Fire
BALL MAR	nkers a	nd Broke	19.	12.72
		VAY. N		特定
Members of t	the New	York Stong Stock	ek Exchi	inge
classes of Secu	rities Bo	nght and	Sold on	Commi
Daily Marke	t Letter	s sent to	Custom	ers.
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COLLECTIONS a specially. Business from Banks and Bankers solicited.

Beinfactory Business Paper discounted. Corre-

BY NATIONAL BANK OF CHICAGO HAS FOR SALE

MONTH OF PER CENT BONDS,

SUED BY TOWN OF WEST CHICAGO.

At 100 and interest,

Iddion to a general line of other securities.

Columbia 2.5. Bonds, guaranteed by U. S. Gov
4. for sale at 15.

MEMBERS N. Y. STOCK EXCHANGE.

IN LA SALLE-ST., CHICAGO. R. B. Holmes, H. G. Holmes, N. Y. City. Chicago.

CHARLES HENROTIN On hand a good assortment of
WEST CHICAGO 5 PER CENT. BONDS
Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul 7 per cent first
gage Bonds.
District of Columbia & Bonds, guaranteed by
Stocks bought on New York, San Francisc
Chicago Stock and Mining Boards.

BY TELEGRAPH.

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK.

April 7.—Market opened at a slight recovery, but the tactics of the bear party were soon made evident by an attack on the coal stocks, which continued to be the feature throughout the day, though in no case were the dealings attended with excitement. At times there was great duliness, and to-day's transactions do not record more than the average amount of sales. The influencing feature of trading continues to be the movement of money, which has been sharp all day, and at an unusually early hour was in demand at ½ per cent prely early hour was in demand at ½ per cent pre-mium. This, of course, acted like a wef blanket on speculation, and accelerated the shrinking movement that has been apparent for many

movement that has been apparent for many days.

The Government purchase of bonds, \$1,800,000 only, contributed to assist the downward course. The decline to-day has been general, and there is more hesitation as to the future course of the market than has yet been shown. Although there is no decided short interest, and a strong bear party is at work, the built party is still strong, and many of them believe in a higher market without any serious decline. It must be considered that dear money forces many traders to act on the bear side. A large proportion of the members of the Stock Exchange have only a limited capital, and are unable to carry stocks over night when money is at a premium. They are thus obliged to cease dealing or to sell short, which requires no bank account at the time of making the sale. Many of the heaviest operators on the built side have been closing out within the past few weeks, and some of the largest houses have soined in bearing the market.

buil side have been closing out within the passfew weeks, and some of the largest houses have
foined in bearing the market.

Gould, Cammack, and Woerishoffer are actively at work depressing stocks from day to day,
and it is believed Keene has ceased to support
his ravorit lines to a large extent, although he is
a liberal selier of spreads on Erie, New Jersey
Central, and Pacific Mail. The buils in stocks
have without doubt been largely disappointed
by the unexpected close working of money since
the April' settlements, and which cannot be attributed entirely to manipulation. The discovery of such weak soots as Manhattan, Canada
Southern, and the yielding of coal stocks, has
been a further ground for discouragement. It
is evidently a good time for all who have not
long purses to take in sail.

To the Western Associated Press.

New York, April 7.—Governments weaker,
and generally %@% lower.
State securities dull and nominal.

The stock market was heavy and depressed
during nearly the entire day. Prices declined %
@4% per cent, under a sharp pressure to sell, the
downward movement being led by the coal

during nearly the entire day. Prices declined \(\frac{1}{2} \) details per cent, under a sharp pressure to sell, the downward movement being led by the coal shares, Pacific Mail, Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis, and Southwestern shares. Toward the close, when money became easy, there was a recovery of \(\frac{1}{2} \) descript per cent, the latter in Cleveland, Columbus, Cincinnati & Indianapolis.

apolis.
The New York Central & Hudson River Rail-road Company's report of earnings for March shows a gain over March, 1879, of \$380,442.51, and a gain in the last six months of \$2,027,020. Transactions 418,000 shares: Transactions 418,000 shares:

A; & P. Tetegraph. 1,200 Nashville & ChattaCanada Southern. 15,000
C. C. & I. C. 1,000
C. C. & I. L. 1,000
Leokawanns. 1,000
Leokawanns. 1,000
Erie 1,000
E

Money loaned up to 6 per cent per annum, and % per diem, but late in the afternoon became easy, closing at 4; prime mercantile paper, 526; sterling exchange, 60 days, steady at 485%; demand, 487%.

	THE COLUMN	INT DUNDO
4	U. S. 1881	New 48
84	New & 100/2	Pacific 6s of 35
d	New &65106%	
9	A STATE	BONDS.
O.	Lonistana 79 Consols 50	Virginia & old 22
2	Louistana 75 Consols. 50 Missouri	New 22
٦.	St. Jo	Virginia 6s. consols 78
	St. Jo	Virginia 6s. deferred. 108
t	New 31	后位建国中国的第三人称形式 610人的 10人的
a	STO	CKS
e	Rock Island	Iron Mountain 363
9		
8	Fort Wayne	St. L. & S. F., pfd 53
Æ	Pittsburg11136	Do. 1st preferred 775
	Fort Wayne	C., St. L. & N. U 373
ч.	C., B. & Q14:16	Kansas & Texas 40%
el l		
a.	C. & A. pfd	Central Pacific 763
	New York Central13134	Northern Pacific 30
88	Harlem170	Northern Pacine, prd. 33
oł.	Lake Shore1074	Louisville & Nashville154
- 84	Canada Southern 50 Michigan Central 9114	Houston & Texas 19
	Michigan Central 915	Western Union
đi:	Erie. 65 Northwestern. 965	Pariso Matt
-	Northwestern 6014	Litria Pittahmer SA
31	Northwestern, pfd1074 St. Paul. 811/2 St. Paul. preferred108	Heading
31	St. Paul. NI4	Adams Express
4	St. Paul, preferred 108	Wells Fargo
d	St. Paul & Minneapolis 56 St. Paul & Sioux City. 4214	American Express 573
	St. Paul & Sloux City. 424	U. S. Express 473
ol.	St. Paul, & S. C., pfd 7614	Juickstiver 15
34	Del., Lack, & Western 804	Quicksilver, preferred 60%
	Morris & Essex107	Leadville 3
e,	Delaware & Hudson 81	P. bonds
- 61	Obio t Windentral 18	U. P. Brets
ŧΗ	Out a mississippi 304	P. land gradite
384	St. Paul & Sloux City. 424 St. Paul & Sl. O. pfd. 769 Del., Lack, & Western 824 Morris & Essex. 107 Delaware & Hudson. 81 New Jersey Central. 78 Ohto & Mississippi. 364 O. & M., preferred. 77 Chesapsake & Ohio. 22	enigh & Wilkes115
	Mobile & Chio 21	st. P. & S. City firsts101
01	Clevel'nd & Columbus 168.	C. A. I. C. firsts
a	C., C. & I. C	Grie seconds 90%
•	Des Co Do & A	Ouls, N. A. & Chi., 91
16	Alton & Torra Hauta 200	entral Arizons 634
el l	A. & T. H., prefd 67 Wabash, St. L. & P 41	entral Arizona 64
11	Wabash, St. L. & P 41	-Idmestake

Wabsah, St. L. & P.... d domestake W. St. L. & P. pfd. ... 67. Hannibal & St. Jo. ... 34. ... E. & W. Hannibal & St. Jo, pfd 69. Boston.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tylbuna.

Boston, April 7.—The Boston stock market was a little more active, and there are indications that many holders are now inclined to realize what profit may be left, or in other cases to limit losses. The market was weaker with but few exceptions. One of the prominent exceptions in railroad shares was Chicago, Clinton, Dubuque & Minnesota, which advanced from 81 to 87%; Wisconsin Valley, 1; Little Rock & Fort Smith declined 2% 2014; Cincinnati, Sandusky & Cleveland, 14; Eastern, 2; Philadelphia, Wilmington & Raitimore, 1%; Old Colony, 4; Ogdensburg, 4; do preferred, 2%; Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, 3%; Rutland preferred, 1; Union Pacific, 1; Summit Branch, 2; Pullman, 4; New York & New England, 2; Republican Valley, 2%; Burhngton & Missouri in Nobraska, 1; Finat & Pere Marquette, 1.

In railroad bonds the changes were immaterial.

In mining shares, Silver Islet advanced 1;

terial.

In mining shares, Silver Islet advanced 1;
Harshaw, ½; Pewabic declined 2, and Brunswick Antimony 1½. The other changes were fractional.

In land stocks, New Hampshire closed at 8%. The others were generally a little weaker, although the changes were not heavy.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, April 7.—Consols, 98 5-16; account, 98%.

98%. American securities—New 5s, 108; 4%s, 111%; 4s, 109%; Illinois Central, 110; Pennsylvania Central, 54%; Erie, 45%; seconds, 26%; Reading, 25%. reading, 35%.
PARIS, April 7.—Rentes, 83f 7%c.

MINING NEWS.

CHICAGO BOARD.	
The Mining Board report the follo	wing quota-
tions and sales:	AND SHOULD BE
Morning Call.	
B	nd. Asked.
California. B	35 8,275
eviathan	30 40
diagra 1	50 255
Boston Consolidated	10 136
22.6	20 1
benandoab common 1	.70 1.75
	.65 2.70
North Chicago City Railway	1
hicago City Railway	200
ligin National Watch Company	91 125
Fraders' Insurance Company	186 122
hamber of Commerce	84 85
SALES-Sierra, 150 at \$2.25; Conso	lidated Pa-
ffic, 100 at \$2.50; Shenandoah count	mon, 300 at
1.75; Shenandoah preferred, 150 at \$	
Afternoon Call.	NA Asked
altfornia	1150
onsolidated Virginia	1, 3.00
	30 40 1 55 2.60 1
lerra Consolidated	30 135 I
henandoah common	70 L75 1
henandoah preferred	
	t \$1.70, 200 1
t \$1.75; Shenandoah preferred, 200 a	
t \$2.80; Chicago & Silver Cliff, 200 at	
2%; Consolidated Pacific, 200 at \$2	50. Roston
onsolidated, 200 at \$1.30; Leviathan,	200 at 30; 1
ierra, 200 at \$2.60.	

Sierra, 200 at \$2.00.

SAN FRANCISCO.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Cal., April 7.—The following are the closing quotations at the Stock Board:

Alphs.

St. Consolidated Pacific.

Alian.

Balcher.

St. Belle Isic.

Best & Belcher.

Toya.

St. North Bonansa.

X

S NEW-ST., B. Y. CITY.

BOSTON, April 7.—Copper stocks:
Calumet & Heola. 28% Quiney.
Copper Falls. Il Ridge.
Franklin | Madison.,
Pewable (new stock). 44

REAL ESTATE.

The following instruments were filed for record Wednesday, April 7: GHT PROPERTY.

Dearborn av, 61 ft s of Division st, e f, 4x130 ft, dated April 6 (V. C. Turner to John N. Jewett).

West Van Buren st, s w cor of Spaulding av, n. f. 125213 ft, dated Dec. 25, 1879 (George D. Mustard to Richard Jordan).

Johnson place, bet Thirty-sighth and Thirty-ninth sts, w f. 25 ft to alley, dated March 10 (Frederick Holbrook to F. H. Brown).

Warren av, 18 f-10 ft w of Oakley, as 24:124 f-10 ft, improved, dated April 7 (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft (George L. 25 ft) (George L. Walker to F. F. Dunkan et al. 25 ft) (George L. Walker to F. State Savings Institution to 6t, n. 6t (George L. Walker to F. State Savings Institution to 6t, n. 6t (George L. 25 ft) (George L. 25

VEST OF CITY LIMITS, WITHIN A RADIUS OF SEVEN dated April 5 (P. P. Powell to W. E. Olsen 5

COMMERCIAL The following were the receipts and shipments of the leading articles of produce in this city during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning, and the corresponding time

	BECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
100 A 44 A	1990.	2679.	1880.	1879.
Flour, bris	12,449	12,837	11.428	9,11
Wheat, bu	43,250	48,100	21,988	98,61
Corn, bu	206,400	131,968	747,604	197,74
Oats, bu	22,181	38,230 10,756	10,081	63,65
Rye, bu	3,650	7,700	11,474	9.75
Barley, bu	88,579	39,270	152,859	87.13
Flax-seed, Ds	49,500	1210,000,000	75,255	40.90
Broom-corn, Bs	10,000	60,000	14.008	60,00
Cured meats, bs	948,100	804.960	2.843,118	1,583,49
Beef, bris		004,000	2,040,110	-
Beef, tos	*********		2	150
Pork, bris	*******	********	736	1.68
Lard, Bs	98,750	156,674	2,777,305	154,300
Tallow, Bs	4,675	64.4.6	45,790	76,670
Butter. bs	101,491	68,619	85,050	46,676
Dressed hogs, No., !				
Live hogs, No	16.848	17,261	4,701	5.41
Cattle, No	3,646	3,156	1,607	1,080
Sheep, No	3,004	2,689	1,038	1,574
Hides, Ds	86,325	272,000	198,200	203,430
Highwines, bris		81,508	*******	- 54
Wool, Bs		2,910	30,986	28,017
Potatoes, bu	3.630	4.348	301	350
Coal, tons	6,283	124	1,788	141
Hay, tons	1,411	522	1,935	2.183
Lumber, m feet Shingles, m	900	730	1,300	U. 124 Telephone
Balt, bris	2.40	1.49	# 004	2,505
Poultry, Da.	1,153	140	0,000	2,000
Eggs, pkgs	1,233	1.631	210	196
Cheese	1.145	1,234	1.275	1,631
Green apples, bris	1.842	1,182	4	330
Beans	642	123	288	55

The following grain was inspected into store in this city yesterday morning: 2 cars No. 2 winter wheat, 8 cars No. 2 spring, 7 cars No. 3 do, 8 cars rejected (20 wheat); 58 cars No. 2 corn, 30 cars high mixed, 12 cars new mixed, 2 cars rejected (102 corn); 14 cars white oats, 8 cars No. 2 mixed, 4 cars rejected (26 oats); 4 cars No. 2 rye; 3 cars No. 3 barley, 4 cars extra do. Total, 159 cars, or 30,000 bu. Inspected out: 17,476 bu wheat, 144,238 bu corn, 9,066 bu oats, 29,818 bu rye, 3,087 bu barley.

bu barley.

The leading produce markets were rather The leading produce markets were rather quiét yesterday, except pork and corn, and irregular. Provisions were weak. Wheat was stronger early, but broke rather badly in the latter part of the session, in sympathy with pork products. Other grain was relatively steady, though influenced to some extent by the movement in wheat. There was a good shipping demand for oats, they being scarce on the seaboard, and cash corn was wanted for carrying against May sales, the receipts dated yesterday and Tuesday being at a premium over those dated previously, as they carry into next month for le in addition to the first storage rate. The key to the situation was the one fact that a leading operator in wheat was supposed early to be on the bull side, and the market fell off after he had made a few purchases, which were not followed bull side, and the market fell off after he had made a few purchases, which were not followed by the active demand generally expected, while there was a severe break in stocks in New York. Mess pork closed 224c lower, at \$10.27%010.30 for seller May, and \$10.40010.42% for June. Lard closed 7%c lower, at \$8.97%07.00 for seller May and \$7.0507.07% for June. Short ribs closed at \$6.17% for May. Spring wheat closed about lo lower, at \$1.11% for April and \$1.18 for May. Corn closed a shade easier, at 20c for April and 30%c for May. Oats closed \$6 lower, at 30%c for May and about 30%c for June. Rye was steady at 68%c seller the month. Barley closed at 75076c No. 2, and 55c seller April extra 3. Hogs were firm at \$4.3504.56 for light and at \$4.3004.75 for heavy. Cattle were stronger, with sales at \$2.2505.26.

Dry goods were active and firm. Thus far the spring trade has been much larger than for the

Static were stronger, with sales at \$2.266.26.

Dry goods were active and firm. Thus far the spring trade has been much larger than for the corresponding period of 1879, and in every way more satisfactory. There is a continued active movement in hats, caps, millinery, and straw goods. Boots and shoes are moving freely at about steady rates. No changes were noted in the grocery market, trade continuing fair and prices ruling steady. Coffees were again reported dull and unsettled. Dairy products were in light demand only, and butter was weak and declining. Dried fruits remained quiet, with no quotable change in values. Fish were dull. There was a quiet and generally steady market for oils. Paints are in increased demand. Pig-iron was again quoted dull and easy.

Lumber continues in fair demand. Small cargoes were at the sale docks, but seemed to draw out few buyers. Sellers were asking previous prices. The yard dealers report a fair trade. The wool market was steady, with moderate sales to the Western manufacturers. Seeds were more active, chiefly clover and timothy, which were higher, being in moderate supply. The atte seeds were quiet and firm. Hides were steady, and hay ruled firm under a fair inquiry. No change was noticed in green fruits, except that strawberries are getting more plenty and cheaper every day. Poultry was in moderate request and steady, and eggs were easy.

Lake freights were ½c lower. Several small vessels were taken for corn to Buffalo at 5½c, and oats at 3½c. It is understood that there are a good many vessels here that have not yet secured cargoes. Some people are calculating on a break in the corn rate to 6c on the arrival of the first up-bound fleet, which is expected to be a big one, as many of the vessels engaged for iron-ore are announced to make the first trip with grain, there being just about time for them to do so before the opening of the Lake Superior routs. After the ore fleet is out of the way, carriers look for better rates here.

Rail freights were steady at 8½c per 100 lbs

and lard and meats to Hamburg 55c.

The receipts of wheat at Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis. Toledo, and Detroit, reported yester-lay, aggregated 138,000 bu, and the shipments The following was the produce movement re-corted from New York yesterday: Receipts— Flour, 13,534 bris; wheat, 115,500 bu; corn, 120,114

ou; oats, 16,516 bu; corn-meal, 430 pkgs; barley, 11,000 bu; malt, 2,000 bu; pork, 200 bris; beef, 604 oris; cut meats, 2,455 pkgs; lard, 2,654 tos; whisbris; out meats, 2,465 pkgs; lard, 2,655 tos; whisky, 505 bris.

Exports for twenty-four hours—Piour, 16,000 bris; wheat, 67,000 bu; corn, 382,000 bu; oars, 1,000 bu.

The following table shows the quantities of flour, wheat, and corn imported into the United Kingdom for the periods named:

West ensure it can be redding West ending Arril 2, 500. March 2, 500. Arril 3, 207.

Flour, seeks. Bushe datus. Zame 2,000 in our and 1,000 wheel, ar. Samuelas. Minde the control of the periods of the control of the control

April 1, 1880: Wheat, 380,838 qrs; corn. 17,708 qrs; flour, 1,120 bris and 30,000 sacks. The average stock of wheat in Liverpool from 1873 to 1873, taken at twenty-seven different times, 388,924 qrs of wheat, with a minimum of 122,000 qrs and a maximum of 805,583. The average stock in 1878 and 1879, taken five times, was \$22,578 qrs. Average stock of flour from 1873 to 1873, inclusive, taken at twenty-seven times at different dates, was 45,011 bris and 101,000 sacks.

Two dispatches from Liverpool arrived here yesterday, within a few minutes of each other, understood to give the price of Chicago spring wheat in that market. One called it 10s 9d and the other 11s 5d per cental,—a difference of 8d per cental, or nearly 10c per bu. Why is this thus?

thus?

The following were among the direct exports from this city during the week on through bills of lading: 12,730 bris flour, 500 bu wheat, 274,524 bu corn, 506 pkgs pork, 14,905 boxes meat. 250 cases canned do, 8,902 pks lard, 60 bris beef, 40 bris tongues, 775 pks cheese, 170 bris tallow, 600 bris alcohol, 586 bris cot-meal, 1,625 bris cornmeal, 235,659 lbs oil-cake. bris alcohol, 586 bris cat-meal, 1,826 bris corn-meal, 235,859 lbs oil-cake.

The following were the total receipts of cer-tain articles of produce in this city from Jan. 1, to the close of last week: 719,091 bris flour, 3,354,894 bu wheat, 14,968,397 bu corn, 2,769,117 bu cats, 250,212 bu rye, 926,417 bu barley, 49,914,007 lbs hog meats, 23,749,342 lbs lard, 11,243,306 lbs butter, 1,608,963 hogs, 320,987 cattle, 114,163 sheep, 17,382,-220 lbs hides, 5,574,524 lbs wool, 557,718 tons coal, 42,363,500 feet lumber.

20 ibs hides, 2,574,524 lbs wool, 557,715 tons coal, 42,383,500 feet lumber.

The rates for transferring grain in Buffalo have been reduced &c. They are now %c to the grain and %c to the vessel. They ought to have been reduced another &c. It is understood that the above noted reduction applies to all grain received up to date this season.

The present paucity of our grain receipts is generally attributed to the fact that the farmers are busy seeding, and have no time to ship produce. This may be so, but there is no doubt that receipts would have been much larger during three months past but for the lack of storage room here. Holders of wheat in the country could scarcely be expected to send it in freely when it was held on track, and could not be sold within

track, and could not be sold within 566c per bu of the store price. The discrimination against other grain was not so great as in the case of wheat, but the warehouses were full, and there was no encouragement to bring in more. It is a wonder that so much came for-ward, and that there was so little hindrance to trade as was experienced during the greatest grain blockade ever known.

PROVISIONS.

Alifornia salmon, 5 bris.
FRUITS AND NUTS—Jountry demand, and price

atent cut-loaf ..

air do.....ommon do.....

HIDES—Were in demand and steady.

HIDES—Were in demand and steady. The receipts are all:

or easily the state of the

Dimension stuff 20630 feet.
Pickets, rough and select.
Lath.
Shingles, standard.
Shingles, choice.
OHS—There was not much activity in but the demand is improving, and the tains a steady tone. We quote:
Carbon, 180 degrees test.
Carbon, neadlight, 155 degrees test.
Carbon, headlight, 155 degrees test.
Elaine.

Fine sait, \$\psi\$ bril. \$1.25
Ordinary coarse sait, \$\psi\$ bril. \$1.30
Ordinary coarse sait, \$\psi\$ bril. \$1.50
Ordinary coarse sait, \$\psi\$ bril. \$1.50
Dairy, with bags. \$1.56
Dairy, with bags. \$1.56
Dairy, with bags. \$1.50
Dairy, with bags. \$1.

LIVE STOCK.

2,740

PROVISIONS.

HOG PRODUCTS—Were active and weak, though there was little change in the tone of advices from other points. Some short sales of pork were made early, and the reason was assigned that the export demand for meats has fallen off, while a good many more hogs are being pasked than a year ago. The argument was deemed a organi one by others, and the result was increased offerings, under which the market weakened badly, other product following in the downward track. The feeling was quite weak in the latter part of the day.

MESS-PORK—Deelined He per bri from the latest prices of Monday, and closed tame at about \$10.300 https://doi.org/10.300 seller May, and \$10.454210.45 seller June. Bales were reported of 100 bris spot at \$10.50 the bris seller April at \$10.300 and \$10.454210.45 seller May at \$10.374610.50 seller May, and \$10.454610.50 the seller Land He had been at \$10.45610.65. He had been at \$1.45610.65. He had been and \$1.4

Short | Shoul- L. & S. | Short ribs. | ders. | clears. | clears. | \$6.47% \$6.42% 6.45 6.60 6.50 6.65 6.60 6.75 \$1.30 6.3714 4.00 6.3714 4.00 6.40 4.05 6.50 4.15 ribs, seiler May, closed at \$8.17%. Long clears to \$8.50 loose and \$8.25 boxed; Cumberlands, boxed; long cut hams, \$385/c; weet-picked oled at \$4.85% for 17416 average; green me average, 17567/dc; do seller May, 1746; We quote white at 5@51/c, and yellow at 4644c.

BEEF—Was quiet at \$2.0028.30 for mess, \$8.5028.00 for extra mess, and \$17.00217.25 for hams.

TALLOW—Quiet and steady at 55626 for city and 556

BREADSTUFFS.

FLOUR—Was in moderate local demand with little or no languiry for shipment; and a rather weak feeling on the part of holders. Sales were reported of 565 bris winters at \$5.566.00; 560 bris double extras, partly at \$5.00; and 170 bris superfines at \$5.00; and \$5.00

but as 500 bit by sample at 20550 of thost; and 1,000 but at 500 bit by sample at 20550 of thost; and 1,000 but at 51.000 but at 50.000 but at 51.000 but at 50.000 but at

GENERAL MARKETS.

indeed there were only a few scattering sales at over \$4.55. The highest price of the day was \$4.55.—Conover & Heill to Eastman. Shippers bought principally at \$4.004.50, butchers at \$4.1543.55, and feeders at \$4.004.55. The market closed firm.

2.55. The market closed firm.

QUOTATIONS:

Extra Beeves—Graded steers, weighing 1.650.

Extra Beeves—Graded steers, weighing 1.650.

Choice Beeves—Fine. fat. well-formed steers weighing 1.30 to 1.00 hs.

Good Beeves—Well-fattened steers, weighing 1.30 to 1.30 hs.

Medium Grades—Steers in fair feeth, weighing 1.00 to 1.20 hs.

Low grades.

COAL—A firm and unchanged market was
Orders were filled at the following quotations
are the retail prices delivered:
Lackawanna, rage and egg.

Eric and Brier Hill.

Cannel. 175-93.65 Baltimore & Ohio.... Basti block 5.50
Wilmington
DRUGS AND CHEMICALS—Were in demand and generally steady. Citric acid was easier. Optum was quoted the same as last week:

Acid, citric. 5 50 55
Acid, tartaric. 5 50 28
Borax, refined 5 1246 15
Blue vitriol. 3 940 11
Cream tartar, pure. 5 5 4 6
Glyoerine, bulk. 5 18 2 5
Gum arabid, picked 6 5 5
Gum camphor. 5 5 6 5
Dodine 5 5
D Sulphur, B.
Sulphur, B.
Sulphur, B.
Sulphur, B.
Sulphur, B.
Sulph, Cinchonidia.

EGGS—Were plenty and easy
peing the usual price.

FISH—In this market there
note. Trade continues quiet a Whitefish, family, # 3g-bri.
Trout, sp-bri.
Mackerel Bioater, ahore, spMackerel Bxtra, shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 1 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 1 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 2 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 2 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel Large family, sp-bri.
Mackerel Pat family, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 1 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel No. 2 shore, sp-bri.
Mackerel

NEW YORK.

Sugar-Receipts for two days, 1.56; market tame as former prices, with a little firmer feeling at the close; no extra shipping wethers offered or wanted to-day; extremes, 56/16 for unshorn sheep; 76/56 for mahorn yearlings; 4/6/4/56 for clipped sheep; best mutton dull at 7/56 in this market, and steady in London at 6/54. BUFFALO. BUFFALO. N. Y., April 7.—CATTLE—Receipts, 1.50; tending down; offerings generally of good quality; a few sales of light butchers' to fair shippers, E.500. 4.10: several loads good to choice steers unsold.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Receipts \$100; market completely demorshized; 30 loads offering, but only 5 sold,—all at \$5.0026.00 for fair to fancy sheep; 10 cars unsold; stock of yesterday shipped Bast for sale in first hands for want of buyers; 10 cars unsold.

HOGS—Receipts, 4,700; good demand and prices a shade higher; light forkers, \$4.500,400; root octoice, \$4.700,415; medium and heavy, \$4.700,400; choice selected, \$4.850,500; pigs, \$4.1504.30; best grades disposed of.

EAST LIBERTY. EAST LIBERTY, Pa., April 7.—Cartyle—Receipts to-day, 187 head of yard; no through stock; total for two days, 85 head of through and 684 head of yard; the total supply is light with a good demand for butchers' stock; all sales made only to retailers and local trade; prices are little off from Monday; best, \$4,993.50; fair to good butchers', \$2,564.75; common and light, \$2,105. 275; bulls, cows. and steers, \$2,564.75. Rejes to-day only 139. HOGS—Receipts to-day, 2,055 head; total for two

\$12,50@18.0

noise to the state of the state M.5026.00 for fair to fancy. Receipts, 1,700; shipments, none.

Hose-Steady; firm: Yorks, \$4.3024.00; light shipping, 20 to 20 lbs, \$4.3024.45; butchers, \$4.3024.01; selected, \$4.5024.61; heceipts, 6,000; shipments, 1,900.

KANSAS CITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.—CATTLS—The Price Current reports: Receipts, 507; shipments, 728; demand fair; native shippens, \$6.5024.60; native stockers and feeders, \$6.0026.75; native cown Edwert Colorado, \$5.6026.30; wintered Trans, \$2.502.60.40; Colorado, \$5.6026.30; wintered Trans, \$2.502.60.40; Colorado, \$5.6026.30; wintered Trans, \$2.502.60.40; weaker; choice heavy, \$3.502.00; light shipping and mixed packing, \$7.702.90.

CINCINNATE.

CINCINNATE.

CINCINNATE, April 7.—Hogs—Active and firm; combox on \$5.094.0; hight, \$1.004.0; packing, \$1.504.0;
box chers, \$4.504.0; receipts, \$7.00; shipments, 70.

Dutchers', \$4.0004.75; receipts, 2,70; shipments, 705.
INDIANAPOLIS.
INDIANAPOLIS. April 7.—Hoos—Quiet at \$5.9004.55.
Receipts, 6.500; shipments, 2,000. BY TELEGRAPH. FOREIGN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. LIVERPOOL, April 7-11:30 a. m.-FLOUR-NO. 1, 18s; No. 2, 11s 3d. Is; No. 2, Ils 3d.
GRAIN—Wheat—Winter, No. 1, Ils 6d; No. 2, 10s
8d; spring, No. 1, I0s Ild; No. 2, I0s; white, No. 1, I0s
10d; No. 2, I0s 4d; club, No. 1, Ils 4d; No. 2, Ils. Corn
—New, No. 1, 5s 84d.
PROVISIONS—Pork, 60s. Lard, Rs.
LIVERPOOL, April 7.—COTTON—Dull and easier at
75-186794d; sales, 6,000 bales; speculation and export,
1,000; American, 4,000.
REFINED PETROLEUM—64d.
LONDON, April 7.—PETROLEUM—1942.
The following were received by the Chicago Board
of Trade:

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

NEW YORK, April 7.—GRAIN—Wheat—Influenced by unfavorable reports from the West, utterly spiritiess advices by cable, and comparatively free and urgent offerings, values again receded about 3/2015/c, and closed weak on a restricted trade, as well on speculative account as in the export interest. The bulk of the business was in winter grades, chiefly in No. 2 red and No. 1 white. Spring was in moderate request, and off about 1/201c, closing weak; 105,000 bu No. 2 red at \$1.3821.395; 20,000 bu No. 2 Chicago spring, choice, \$1.375/; 20,000 bu No. 2 Chicago spring, choice, \$1.375/; 20,000 bu No. 2 Chicago spring, choice, \$1.375/; 20,000 bu No. 2 Northwestern spring. May, \$1.375/\$21.375/. Corn—Under a decided pressure to place supplies, the market weakened materially, receding on the new crop for corn by delivery fully 10 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed Western, 20 15/5 per bu, and left off heavily; mixed pressure to a demand and 15/5 lower; April, 311.2011.0; May, 111.2011.0; May, 111.2010.0; May, 111.2010.0

and advantage as to rates in favor of shippers. The Liverpool 15,000 by wheat at 656d.

To the Western Associated Press.

NEW YORK, April 7.—COTTON—Quiet at 12,000; June 12,000; June 12,000; June 12,000; June 12,000; August, 12,500; Spetember, 11,000; Liver 12,000; June 12,000; GROCERIES—Coffee dull and unchang iet but steady; fair to good refinicolasses—Demand fair and market firm.
PHOVISIONS—Demand fair and market; PHOVISIONS—Demand fair and market; PHTROLEUSS—Dull and weak; United, Stric; refined, 75cc.
TALLOW—Steady and unchanged.
RESIN—Dull and heavy at 81.4561.50.
EGGS—Strong; Western, 19560175c.

RESIN—Dull and heavy at \$1.856.1.50.

EGGS—Strong; Western, 10%-61256.

LEATHER—Active and firm; hemlock sola, Branch and Rio Grande light, middle, and heavy weights, 256.2746.

WOOL—Steady; domestic fleece, 506.55; pulled begin unwashed, 18/246; Texas, 23.640.

Phovinious—Port dull and lower; old mea, president and unchanged the control of the cont heeting, \$13.25. NAILS—Cut, \$5.3036.40; clinch, \$5.8027.90. BALTIMORE, Md., April 7.—FLOUR—Steady: Western superfine, 53,75@4.75; do extra, 53,00@5.50; do facility, 53,75@6.50. ern superfine, \$1.75@4.75; do extra, \$5.0025.60; do faily, \$5.75@6.50.

GRAIN—Wheat—Western dull, weak, and lower No. 2 Western winter red, spot and April, \$1.35% No. 2 Western winter red, spot and April, \$1.35% No. 2 Western winter red, spot and April, \$1.35% No. 2 Western winter red, spot and April, \$1.35% No. 2 Western mixed, spot, \$1.35% Corn—Western steady Western mixed, spot, \$1.35% Corn—Western steady Western mixed, spot, \$1.35% No. 2 Western winter, \$1.35% No. 2 Western white, \$1.35% No. 2 Western white, \$1.35% No. 2 Western white, \$1.35% No. 2 Western Pennsylvania, \$1.35% No. 2 Western Pennsylva

GROCERIES—Coffee very dull; Rio carposa order to prime, 134/2154c. Surar dull; A soft, 54.2 WHISKY—Pull at 11.05/61.10.
FIRITHE THE COLOR OF SIGN AND SIGN A NEW ORLEANS. New ORLEANS, April 7.—FLOUR—Quiet but steady; superfine, \$4.506475; XX, \$5.006525; XXX, \$5.00475; high grades, \$5.7566.50. Grain—Corn steady at 506560. Oats in good to-

BALTIMORE.

GRAIN—Corn stendy at 53@56c. Oats in good amand at full prices, at 41@45c.

CORN-MRAL—Quiet at 82.30.

HAY—Dull; prime, 316.00; choise, 200.0000.00.

PROVISIONS—Fork dull and lower; at 311.55% Clin.

Lard stendy; tierce, 7@7%c; keg, 354c. Bulk mean in good demand at full prices; shoulders, loose, 312. Become quiet; shoulders, 554c; clear rib, 35.00; clear rib, 35.00; clear. 756774c.

Hams—Sugar-cured in good demand; canvased, 35.

1 at 5/67/40.
—Scarce and firm at \$1.10.
TARY—Sight exchange on New York, \$2.50 per emium; sterling exchange, 486/4. PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA.

PHILADELPHIA, April 7.—FLOTE—Dull; Minneson extras in lots, low, \$5.50; medium, \$5.75; good, \$2.50; choice, \$6.1574;66.25; fancy, \$6.374; Ohio extra, good, \$6.15; fancy, \$6.35; Indiana choice, \$6.30; spring as winter wheats, \$7.0028.00. Rye flour dull and lower, \$4.004.75.

GRAIN—Wheat quiet; rejected, \$1.3191.30; No. 7 rel. April, \$1.354 bid, \$1.35 asked; May, \$1.354 bid, \$1.37 asked; July, \$1.354 bid, \$1.37 asked; July, \$1.354 bid, \$1.194 asked; May, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60; Western rejected, on track, \$3.40; asked; Jule, \$3.45 bid, \$5.60 asked; May, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60 asked; Jule, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60 asked; May, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60 asked; Jule, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60 asked; May, \$3.40; bid, \$5.60 asked; May, \$5.60 asked; \$1.50 as PROVISIONS—Quiet and unchanged.
BUTTHE Dull: creamory extra. Siddle: New You
tate and Bradford County, Pennsylvania extra. Biotic; Western Reserve extra. 2003.
EGGS—Stendy: Western, 12c.
CHERSE—Stendy: Western, 12c.
CHERSE—Stendy: Perm; redned, 1740.
WHISKY—Cullet at 11.00.
RECEIPTO—FOUR. 1.00 bris: Whenh. 2000 bu;
BHIPMENTS—Corn, 186,000 bu.
BHIPMENTS—Corn, 186,000 bu.

BOSTON. Boston, April 7.—Floure—Dull and nominal; ing down; Western superfine, 84.5024.75; common extras, 85.0025.50; spring wheat patents, 85.7525.0.

Grain—Corn in fair demand; mixed and yellow, 10026146; steamer, 57.2000. Oats quiet and unchanged.

k,000 bu.

Wools—Comparatively quies, owing parily to the small stock offering and that desirable lots are discussed to the desirable of the country of the

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS.

April I.—FLOUR—Dull; XIX, \$10; bully, \$5.30 cash; \$5.25 May; choice, \$5.405.45.

GRAIN—Wheat lower; No. 2 red, \$1.50461.5 cash; \$1.50461.504 May; \$1.1041.01

June; \$75404796 July; \$556 the year; No. 3 do. 8.105.

No. 4 do. \$1.075. Corn higher; \$4540356 cash; \$1556 July.

S566 April; \$566 May; \$556 June; \$566 July.

One dull at \$25 cash. Rye dull at 70c bid. Barley dull and unchanged. unchanged.

WHISKY-Steady at \$1.00.
PROVISIONS—Pork quiet; \$10.50 bid cash; \$10.00.
10.724 April; \$10.35 June. Dry salt meats very very and unchanged. Bacon lower; clear ribs, \$4.00 sets, \$1.507.20. Lard—\$2.00 bid; none odering.
REGELETS—Flour, \$4.00 bis; wheat, \$1.000 bu; circ.
\$8.000 bu; cata, \$6.000 bu; barley, \$0.00 bu.
\$HIPMENTS—Flour, \$4.00 bris; corn, \$11.000 bu; circ.
\$1.000 bu; barley, \$0.00 bu.

MILWAUKEE.

MILWAUKER, April T.—FLOUR—Dull and unchangers of RAIN—Wheat steady; opened 1/6 higher, and closed firmer; No. 1 Milwankee hard, B.B; No. 1 Milwankee, B.B; No. 1 Milwankee, St. 15; No. 2 do, fresh, B.109-; April, B.B; May, B.139/; June, B.139/; No. 3 Milwankee, Wei No. 4, 500; rejected, Mc. Corn scarce and firm; No. 1, 500; Researce and firm; No. 2, 259/c. Rey steady aftern; No. 1, 709/c. Barley firmer; No. 2 spring, No. 2, 700; No. 1, 709/c. Barley firmer; No. 2 spring, No. 2, 700; No. 1, 709/c. Barley firmer; No. 2 spring, No. 2, 700; No. 1, 709/c. Barley firmer; No. 2 spring, No. 2, 700; No. 2, 70 MILWAUKEE.

CINCINNATI.
CINCINNATI. O., April I.—COTTON—Weak at III.
FLOUR—Unchanged.
GRAIN—Wheat strong and higher; demand fair
tales by sample at \$1.2001.25. Corn quiet at 41. One
theady at 37c. Rye quiet at \$2000. Barley stady and
unchanged. steady at Sic. Rye quiet at organic unchanged.

PROVISIONS—Pork dull and heavy; \$10,200,100.

Lard dull and lower at \$7.00. Bulk meats dull and nominal at \$1.00, \$6.20, \$6.20, \$6.20.

WHISKY—In good demand at \$1.00.

BURTEN—Dull, weak, and lower; choice Western & \$2.00; choice Central Ohio, 25,055.

LINSERD OIL—Steady at 200.

TOLEDO.

TOLEDO.
TOLEDO. O., April T.—GRAIN—Wheat—Market dalls
No. 2 red winter, April St. 39; May. Western ambel.
\$1.294. Corn firm; high-mixed, 41e; No. 3, spot and
April, 494c; May and Jure, 494c; No. 2 white, 52c; rejected, 40c; damaged, 394c. Oats firm; No. 2, spot and
April, 494c; Miss and Jure, 494c.
May, 35c; white, 334c; Michigan, 344c.
SHEDS—Clover firm; mammoth, 84.16; prime, 84.28;
No. 1, 85.60;
Closed: Wheat easier; No. 2 red winter, April and
May, 81.28; June, 81.194; July, 81.08
RECEITS—Wheat, 35.000 bu; corn, 104.000 bu; barley,
4,000 bu.
SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 18,000 bu; corn, 101.000 bu; parley,
100, 100 bu.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE.

PLOUR—Quiet and unchanged.

GRAIN—Wheat weaker at B.1331.16. Core steady.
No. 2 white, Good Sec. do. Oats easier; Bo.

2 white, He; do mixed, Sec. Ryo easier; No. 250.

HAY—Quiet at Sil.00317.00.

PROVISIONS—POTA firm at Sil.50. Lard firm: prince steam, ic. Bulk meats firm; shoulders, May clear firm.

Side dear, Edgards. Bacoon firm; shoulders, May clear firm.

Booming.

WHISKY—Bloody at SI.55.

BUFFALO. BUFFALO, April 7.—GHAIN—Wheat—Spring non-lected; winter dull; sales 2 cars No. 2 red Toledo & B.Big on track. Corn dull; No. 2 Toledo, sie; old No. 2 mixed Western, Sc. Oats from; sales Lidb to Wes-ern at Sc in store. Bye neglected. Barloy neglected Elevating storage, he lower until May L. PRESCRIPS—Unchanged.

DETROIT. DETROIT, April 7.—FLOUR—Dull. GRAIN—Wheat quiet; extra nominal; No. I wills. R.S.; April, El.S.; May, 81.354; June, Sl.19; millist.

KANSAS CITY.

THE C

THE CHICAG The arguments on Chicago & Pacific Ra that Mr. soutcompt.
fused to allow any rule
of the parties charged
Mr. Walker than pre
sum of \$34,000, doubl
Law's claim, and aske
security in case a figure, and that the
dissolved, as was the
Courts. The morning
this matter, and the J
infunction. He said

Judge Drummund

fore a Mai instructions to be give cartain items.

The Judge said the ter, with instructions with the \$24,000 which saie of what were call bonds, and also with feedants were not boun

fendants were not bour made Nov. 23, 1874. T right to inquire into a nected with that charge, so far as were concerned, as made. The Master, is whether or not the w charge constituted a squant the New York ings so the Court. Ings to the Court.

THE F
In the case of the Fi
Receiver filed a repo
fin accordance with the
had again advertised f
Sec. 13, 37, 14, and h
bids: A bid of \$42,000 r
balance in one and two
cent; a bid of \$42,000 r
ands bid of \$43,000 from
in one, two, and
ceiver thought that if
be accepted it should
risky, under the pres
South Chicago proper
about \$23,000 on
or three years, the
when it was appraise
also advised that bidde
10 per cent of their bid
of sood faith. Judged
ter to lay over until the
in the meantime to
and also that each of
seat of his bid in cour

PROBA In the estate of Willipproven and admitted and James L. Waller w. The estate is valued a chefly of real estate, a tween the two sons of James, after the paym. In the estate of Gewas proven and admits administration with issued to Mary J. It wanted at about \$1,000 wife at the deceased. In the estate of Catadalainistration were a facestate is valued a

JUDGE BLODGETT-In their order.

APPRILATE COURTJUDGE GARY-871, 85
825, 927, 928, 930, 930, 93
Garland vs Chicago
Company, on trial.

JUDGE JAMESOR-1, 1
ing. ing.
JUDGE ROGERS—129
122. No case on trial.
JUDGE MORAN—142.
Musive, except 157, 1

triat.
JUDGE BARNUM—No.
JUDGE BARNUM—No.
JUDGE LOOMIS—Inc.
Be Set cases, general
ferm Nos. 627, 629, 63
858, 454, 459, 458, 482, 469
JUDGE SMITH—Nos.
J.IIS, and 1,120, 1,014, as JUDG

JUDG
UNITED STATES CIM
GETT—J. H. Wade vs. Sar
J. H. Wade vs. Sar
banks vs. Town-of O
wood vs. Sarbene, 2003.30
af Walmut, 2665.
Supranton County—Jr
Silias M. Wait, 2656.—M
Schneider, 2476.50—E
Sank of Ohicago, 250.
and Ella Jane Cobb,
Eliza Hildreth, 2014
Gorham C. Varney, 360.
do, vs. Vincent Sheds.
Ondiah Huse, 256.—
E Stephen Senyard,
Annie Bakor, verdict
trial.
JUDGE Sarre—Cuthi
L Fox, 2020.53—I. P. Ingham & Quincy
Wood, 30. Bernand Ste
201.56.

born, 132,600 bu.

LEANS.

and nominal; tend-\$4.50@4.75; common patents, \$5.75@6.55;

net, owing partly to the st desirable lots are differently with the state of the st

UKEE.

OUR-Dull and unchanged.

Opened 16c higher, and
skee hard, \$1.19; No. 1 Milfresh, \$1.10\(\)₂; April, \$1.00;
No. 2 Milwaukee, 19c; No.
carce and frm; No. 2, %c.
2, 29\(\)₆c. Rye steady and
mer; No. 2 spring, 50\(\)₆c.

Iominal. Meas pore, 10.50

June. Lard-Prims
7.10 June. 1 ard-Prims
7.10 June. 1 & 200

er; wheat to Buffalo, \$46

s; wheat 5,000 bu; \$45

nd higher; demand fair; Corn quiet at 41c. Oats 1961c. Barley steady and and heavy; \$10,500010.75.

80. Bulk meats dull and

85. Bason quiet at \$4.57.

IDO. (IN-Wheat-Market dully 1/18 May, Western amber, aced, 41e; No. 2, spot and 87/60; No. 2 white, 63c; re-Oats firm; No. 2, spot, 36/60; am 36/60; hmoth, 54.15; prime, 54.09; . 2 red winter, April and corn, 104,000 bu; bariey.

VILLE, Tron-Dull at 1156a aged. 61.19@1.16. Core steadys tzed, 40c. Oats easier; No. Rye easier; No. 2.50c.

ALO.

LIN-Wheat-Spring negl cars No. 2 red Toledo at
No. 2 Toledo, 46e; old No.
s firm; saica Lillo bu Westflectod. Barley neglected.
er until May I.

E8-Steady at \$1.06% INDIANAPOLIS.

Frid Bidelit, Corn steady of Bidestica Octo

PEORIA.

PETROLEUM.

COTTON.

THE COURTS.

THE CHICAGO & PACIFIC.

ating he had not be specified as and that the evidence showed not en guilty of notual contempt, but alker might have been guilty of contempt. The Judge therefore not have been guinst any we contempt. The Judge therefore re-oallow any rule to be issued against any parties charged.

Alker than presented a bond in the penal;

53,00, double the amount of Robert islim, and asked that it be accepted as in case a final injunction should be and that the temporary injunction be

in accordance with the order of the Court, he had again advertised for bids for the S. E. 16 of Sec. 13, 37, 14, and had received the following bids: A bid of \$42,000 E. S. Dreyer & Co., 36 cash, balance in one and two years, with interest at 7 per cent; a bid of \$42,000 cash from H. P. Blanchard; and a bid of \$43,000 from T.A. Hill, 36 cash, balance in one, two, and three years. The Receiver thought that if any of these bids were, to be accepted it should be the cash one, as it was risky, under the present uncertain prices of South Chicago property, to hold a mortgage for shout \$25,000 on the property for two or three years, the whole value of the tract when it was appraised being only \$29,000. He also advised that biddeers be required to deposit 10 per cent of their bids in court as a guaranty of cood faith. Judge Jamesson directed the matter to lay over until this morning, the Receiver in the meantime to get better bids if possible, and also that each of the biddeers deposit 10 per cent of their bids in court as a constitute of the bid in court as a constitute of the present of his bid in court as a constitute of the bid the possible, and also that each of the biddeers deposit 10 per cent of his bid in court as a token of good faith.

PROBATE COURT.

In the estate of William Waller, the will was proven and admitted to probate. C. S. Waller and James L. Waller were appointed executors. The estate is valued at about \$250,000, consisting chiefly of real estate, and is to be divided betwen the two sons of the deceased. William and lames, after the payment of his debts.

In the estate of George R. Lowersby the will was proven and admitted to probate. Letters of administration with the will annexed were issued to Mary J. Lowersby. The estate is valued at about \$1,000, and is bequeathed to the wife of the deceased.

In the estate of Catherine Spohrer letters of administration were issued to Casper Lubecke. The estate is valued at about \$5,000. PROBATE COURT.

THE CALL. Junga Daumond—In chambers.
Junga Blodgert—Passed cases on his calendar

in their order.

APPRILATE COURT—Motions.

JUDGE GARY—871, 884, 887, 917, 920, 921, 923, 924, 825, 929, 930, 932, 933, and 936. No. 886, Gariand vs Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company, on trial.

JUDGE JAMESON—1, 2, 3, and 4. No case on hearing. INC. SARISON—I, 2, 3, and 4. No case on hearing.

JUDGE ROOFES—129 to 141, inclusive, except 12. No case on trial.

JUDGE MORAN—142, 145, 146, 147, 150 to 170, inclusive, except 157, 160, and 165. No case on trial.

JUDGE TELEY—4, 5, 6. No. 3 on hearing.

JUDGE BAINIUM—No call. No. 1,611 on hearing.

JUDGE LOOMIS—Insane cases from 9 to 11 a.

Set cases, general Nos. 1,398, 2,390, and 1,293.

JUDGE SMITH—Nos. 434, 228, 398, 1,117 and 18

LIIS, and 1,120, 1,014, and 755.

JUDGMENTS.

JUDGMENTS.

URISED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—JUDGE BLODGETT—J. H. Wade vs. Town of Walnut, \$2,372.10.

—J. H. Wade vs. Same, \$2,23.50.—J. H. Fairbunks vs. Town of Ohio, \$3,235.30.—Gilbert Atwed vs. Same, \$202.30.—Isaac H. Cary vs. Town of Walnut, \$663.

—SUPERIOR COURT—JUDGE GARY—R. S. King vs. Sing M. Wait, \$850.—Margaretha Seger vs. Peter Schneider, \$476.50.—F. H. Collier vs. Traders' Bank of Chicago, \$50.25.—L. C. Osborne vs. C. B. Mails M. Wait, \$50.—K. Henry Furst vs. Bink and Jane Coob, \$662.38.—Henry Furst vs. Bink Hidseth, \$561.47.—J. M. Durand et al. vs. Sporman C. Varney, \$251.14.—Steele, Wedeless & Co. vs. Vincent Sheds, \$362.65.—J. V. Furwell vs. Chadiah Husse, \$365.—Harlow P. Hellogg et al. vs. Stephen Benyard, \$499.62.—Hugh McRae vs. Annie Baker, verdiet \$184.66, and motion for new trial.

JUDGE SKITTH—Cuthbert McArtbur vs. Edward Lox, \$369.58.—I. P. Farnum vs. Cincinnati, Effincham & Quincy Construction Company, \$365.—Bernand Steele et al. vs. Henry Gros. \$37.59.

CIRCUIT COURT—COMPESSIONS—J. C. PARTY vs. William H. Wright, \$53.25.

JUDGE ROSERS—New Market Having Bank a Paul w. Gillett, verdiet \$1,857.59, and motion for new trial.

JUNGS SKILLS—Edward Mendel vs. Libby, Askel & Libby, verdiet \$22.50, and motion for text trial.

MARINE NEWS.

Exodus of the Grain Fleet for Lower-Lake Ports.

Vessel Transfers in This District-The Freight Market.

Narrow Escape of the Crew of the Goshawk from Drowning.

LOST OVERBOARD.

The Judge said the case would go to the Master, with instructions to charge the defendant with the \$24,000 which they realised from the sale of what were called the Des Moines water bonds, and also with instructions that the defendants were not bound by the cutry of \$60,000 mace Nov. 23, 1874. The Master would have the right to inquire into all the circumstances connected with that entry, and to treat the charge, so far as Allen, Stephens & Co. were concerned, as if it had never been made. The Master, however, was to ascertain whether or not the whole or any part of that charge constituted any claim by the bank against the New York firm, and report his findings to the Court.

THE FIDELITY.

In the case of the Fidelity Savings Bank, the Receiver filed a report yesterday stating that, in accordance with the order of the Court, he had again advertised for bids for the S. E. M of Sec. B. 37, 14, and had received the following

from Port Colborne, where he has a brother and sister residine, and unmarried, and only about 22 years of age.

A LARGE FLEET UNDER WAY.

Yesterday morning the wind, which had been blowing briekly from the northwest during the previous afternoon and night, gradually wove around to the eastward, and by early afternoon came from about southeast. Captains of grainladen vessels were quick to note the change and take advantage of it. Then came a season of unrest for the tug managers. They were besieged on all hands for boats, in many cases by men who had made up their minds to start no less than a dozen times cach day for the past three days, and relented whenever tugs were placed at their disposal. The managers, like shoemakers and tailors, were lavish in making promises, yet slow in fulfilling them. The fact was, they had not tugs enough at their disposal to accommodate the rush. However, all who wished to leave port, with perhans one or two exceptions, were accommodated by nightfall, when perhaps not above fifteen or twenty grain-laden sail vossels remained in port. The scene in the harbor and bay, particularly during the afternoon, was endivening. For two or three hours there was a constant movement of tugs with vessels toward the lake, as many as four or five tows being stretched in close order, at one time, from Rush street bridge to the end of the harbor piers. The opening and closing of bridges and tooting of tug whistles were incessant. At 6 o'clock last evening the lake, from Grosse Point to the harbor, was thickly dotted with the white sails of departing vessels, not less than sixty being in sight. Of this fleet, many were light, bound down the east and west shores for coarse Treight. The reporters found it almost impossible to obtain the names of all of the grain vessels that left port. Still the list appended is quite full: Schooners Hartford, F. M. Knapp, Parana, Helvetia, Flying Mist, Higgle & Jones, City of Chieago, John Miner, Mary L. Higgie, Lafrinier, Jamaica, Exile, Harvey Bisself, Golden West, J

GRAIN AND COARSE FREIGHTS.

Between the pressure gradually brought to bear by shippers, the anxiety of owners of idle vessels to obtain cargoes, and, it is hinted, a joint arrangement between shippers and agents concerning cargo insurance, a break of half a cent in the rates of grain freights was effected yesterday. Engagements were reported as follows: To Buffalo—Schooners Grace Murray, Kate Bariey, Bertha Harnes, and Nellie Gardner, corn at five and one-half cents; propeller Statucca, corn on through rate; schooner Skylark, oats at four cents. To Oswego—Schooner Mary Collins, corn on private terms. Capacity, 16,500 bushels corn, 25,000 bushels oats.

There was quite a rush of carriers yesterday for coarse freights, but shippers were not anxious to charter at the going rates, feeling certain that they could obtain vessels at a decided reduction. The only charter amounced openly was the seow Schma, hemicok ties from White Lake to Milwankee at six centaspince. A rumou, apparently pretty well founded, was circulated in the evening that the schooner Lyman Davis and steam-barges Annie Laurie and Geo. Dunbar had accepted \$1.25 on dry lumber from Muskeyon to Chicago; the schooner Robert Howiett \$1.57\forall on dry lumber from Luddington to Chicago; and several vessels not named \$1.57\forall on dry lumber from Eod River managers were applied to for cargoes they would not offer more than \$1.57\forall and appeared indifferent about securing vessels. The offerings of coarse fruights bul-GRAIN AND COARSE FREIGHTS.

VESSEL TRANSFERS. Palmeter to Lawrence W. Nuttall, of Manistee, and De Witt C. Palmeter and Charles H. Ruddock, of Chicago, one-fourth, \$3.

Barge Windsor—Asro B. Leonard, of Manistee, to De Witt C. Palmeter and Charles H. Ruddock, one-eighth, \$1,000.

Schooner Gerritt Smith—E. P. Sheldon, Martin House, and C. A. Davidson, of Cleveland, and S. A. Spear, of Norwalk, O., to Honora Myers and Patrick Loftus, of Chicago, the whole, \$6,000.

BUFFALO.

CHEBOYGAN. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.
CHEBOYGAN, Mich., April 7.—The propeller Grantic State cleared for below last evening, and this morning was within two miles from here fast in the ice, where she remained all day unable to get through. A shift of wind blocked the channel in the locality. Wind porthwest. the channel in the locality. Win out with this wind this evening. South channel still firm. Schooners Antelope and Muir are bending their canvas, and will probably load with timber for Garden Island.

TOLEDO. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna,
Tolemo, O., April 7.—Arrived—Hmeu, Buffalo;
Holt, Detroit; St. Peter, Buffalo.
Cleared—Niagara, Port Colborne, corn; Prindiville, Erie, corn; Graves, Adams, St. Peter, Holt, and Tuttle, Buffalo, corn and whoat.

Charters—St. Peter, wheat to Buffalo, 24 cents; propeller Chicago, schooners J. F. Joy, G. B. Jones, barge Dictator, corn to Buffalo, 24 cents; pchooner Emeu, corn to Buffalo, 2% cents.

MILWAUKEE. MILWAUKEE.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.
MILWAUKEE, April 7.—The tug Welcome left here this morning to wreck the schooner E. M. Davidson at Pilot Island.
Sailed for below: Schooners Lottie Wolf, E. Fitzgerald, Guido Phister, Saveland, George G. Houghton, Swallow, J. I. Case, and J. Maria Scott.
The tug Caroline Williams has completed repairs, and returned to Manistee this evening.
Cleared—Schooner Mary Lyon.

ERIE. ERIE.

Special Dispate to The Chicago Tribuna.

BRIE. Pa., April 7.— Arrival— Propeller Egyptian, Toledo, 40,000 bushels wheat; schooner Pellem, 49,000 bushels corn.

Cleared—Schooner Our Son, Chicago, 1,100 tons soft coal; schooner Jennie Mathews, Chicago, 600 tons soft coal; propeller Fletcher, Chicago, light.

BAY CITY.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

BAY CITY, Mich., April 7.—The steam-barge Inter-Opean was released this afternoon by lightering some of her load. She leaves early to-morrow morning. The schooner Ogarita, number laden, sails to-morrow morning for Chicago. There is a large amount of salt here awaiting shipment to Chicago. BAY CITY.

EAST SAGINAW. EAST SAGINAW.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

HAST SAGINAW. Mich., April 7.—The advent of a large fleet of lumber carriers in the river earlier than usual has had a tendency to weaken earlier than usual has had a tendency to weaken lumber freights, and charters are reported as follows: Barges Meisel, R. J. Carney, and J. L. Ketcham, Saginaw to Buffalo and Tonawanda, at \$2.75 per thousand.

Brecial Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

DETROIT, Mich., April 7.—Passed up—Schooners Hattie Johnson, Mary Copely, Joseph Page, Zach Chandler, Lady McDonald, Cape Horn, H. A. Kent, Neille Redington, J. C. King, Bay State, and Pathfinder. PORT JOTTINGS. A few snowflakes sailed through the air on the lake yesterday.

Vessels which arrived here yesterday morning

were covered with snow, which fell during Tuesday night.

Quite a number of complaints have already been made here concerning the classification of vessels in the new Inland Lloyd's register. Numerous instances are mentioned where insurance has been taken on vessels at a better grade than the register gives them. In most all such cases the insurance agents here had the vessels inspected themselves. Where doctors disagree, who shall judge?

The schooner L. M. Mason arrived here yesterday with railroad ties, her deck-load looming from eight to nine teet above the rail.

The schooners Rosa Belle, W. H. Willard, Louise McDonald, Souvenir, Mars, S. Bates, Kewannee, and Cuyahoga were at the lumber market yesterday with cargoes.

The tury J. A. Crawford and Red Jacket will go into one of Miller Brothers' dry-docks to-day. According to private letters received here, there is now a channel of thirteen feet of water in Ashtabula harbor, which will be increased to fourteen feet within a week.

A. Meyers will command the schooner H. J. Webb, vice L. C. Réson.

Last evening the tug Annie O. Waters arrived here from Michigan City with the scow S. P. Wilson, recently stranded at that port. The Boow had a steam pump in operation on board.

POBT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVALA

Stor Alpens, Muskeyou, sundries.

Tur A. O. Waters, Michigan City, towing.

Prop Skylark, Benton Harbor, sundries.

CLEARANCES.

AMUSEMENTS.

M'VICKER'S.

"Much Ado About Nothing" has since Monday occupied the attention of the company now playing at this house. Miss Cavendish was the Beatrice and Mr. Piercy the Benedick. We have heard a good deal in praise of Miss Cavendish's personation of this great comedy character. Her assumption is not a disappointment. Beatrice may be called a counterpart of Mercutio. She is one of the most fascinating female characters that Shakspeare ever drow, and her portrayal has always claimed the study of the best minds,—such actresses as Miss O'Neill, Ellen Faucitt, Mrs. Nesbitt, Ellen Tree,—indeed, all the great comediennes in the personation of Beatrice have won their brightest laurels, just as men like Charles Kemble have in such characters as Mercutic and Benedick,—personations that require more delicate treatment than the Othellos, the Hamlets, or the Richards. The poet hurried utterance, but we must admit that by nature she is rarely gifted for the assumption of such a character. She has the right spirit of comedy, and from what we have seen of her in this part should imagine her to step into the body of Lady Teasle and accurately reproduce her. Her Beatrics is warm, generous, frank, joyous,—a woman in the very exuberance of life and health, and a woman withal who has a Benedick in her wind out of ranch likens. Miss Care

of the ready sarcasm, the wit, the audacious railiery of the character, but of that frank generosity which arouses Beatrice's warm indignation at Cloudio's insult to Hero. Her action is light, graceful, and dexterous. She girds at Benedice with hearty and maidenly good humor, and when she overhears the conversation among the women, and thinks herself suspected of disdain and scorn by those she loves and trusts, and discovers that Benedick loves her even "better than reportingly," she frankly and fully resolves to throw aside the humor that had been misconstrued and tame "her wild heart to his loving hand," inward goodness of heart and outward gayety of conduct, in brief, are the characteristics of Beatrics, and these characteristics are finely developed in Miss Cavendish's portrayal. The scene in which she perhaps excels is that at the end of the fourth act with Benedick, where she urges him to avenge the insult offered Hero. Mr. Piercy as Benedick rendered able support. He played with a charming vivacity, lightness, grace, and essee, and appeared to feel himself in the atmosphere of the comedy. This gentleman, however, marrod his assumption by too hurried and often careless reading. Miss Helen Sedgwick, for the Hero of truth and sweetness, conscious innocence, and bounteous affection, gave us a very hard and affected character, with a dash of the coquet in her nature; Mr. Archie Cowper was wearisome as Claudio; Mr. J. F. Hagran presented an uninteresting Don Pedro; Mr. Laurence Eddinger made of Don John a sort of low-comedy villain; Dopberry, by Mr. E. A. Eberle, a good actor, lacked unction; while the Leonato of Mr. J. L. Cahart might have been taken for an Anabaptist, so eminently respectable was he,—indeed, the entire company, with the exception of the two leading people, seemed to be playing without the spirit of the piece. "As You Like It" will be given to-night, Miss Cavendish personating Rosalind.

HAVERLY'S.

"As You Like It" will be given so-night, miss Cavendish personating Rosalind.

"Enchantment," which comes from New York indorsed by the press of that city, was produced at Haverly's on Monday night. The preliminary flourish of trumpets has filled the house at every performance, but we fancy the vast audiences have not found "Enchantment" to be all that its title implied, or all that the Kiraliys and New York correspondents had led them to believe. As a spectacle the affair does not warrant the patronage Chloage is bestowing upon it. The costumes some months ago might have been attractive; now, with usage and knocking about, they are tawdry. The scenery, with the exception of that in the last act, is not particularly worthy of mention. That scene is said to be by Sigñor Magnani. It pictures "The Palace of Buchantment," and is a marvel of color, design, and execution. As for the ballet, the premieres Castatt, Cappelini, Cornalba, and Zalio are all from a good school, but none of them are superior to either Rosa or Bonfante. The secondas—about twenty-four, we think—are generally can dance, but they are exceedingly careless in their work. The rest of the women are gathered apparently with an utter disregard to their looks. They are soragy, scrawny, homely, uninviting to the eye, and they would turn the stomach of any with the faintest sense of the beautiful. When an entertainment of this sort is set before the public, and when that public patronize it so liberally, degent female anatomy on the stage should at least be insisted upon. Whether the Kiraliys or Haverly is responsible we do not know, but it is evident that they are trying to work the affair on the economical racket, trusting for their success here upon the New York "boom." Passing from the ballet to the variety features, there are two well worthy of notice,—Molva, the Russian gymnast, and the Herbert Hrothers. We have left the piece itself until the end of our notice. It can be described in two words,—unadulterated rot. It is duli to the verge of stupidi

THE OLYMPIC. Mrs. Alice Oates and her company, now appearing nightly in a version of "Der See Cadet" named "Fanobette," were honored last night by the presence of the delegation of Crow Indians in the city on their way from Montana to Washington. Their blankets and themselves filled two boxes, and they were charmed with the fair Alice, one of the Chiefs, it was understood, making a bid to young Watkins for her to come and comfort him in his distant wigwam,—a proposition which young Watkins very properly and indigmantly refused. Among the notabilities in the crowd were Old Crow. Medicine Crow, Long. Elk, Pretty Eagle, Two Billy, Plenty Cues.

MUSICAL.

The Mendelssohn Quintet Club concerts Saturday afternoon and evening of this week are arousing a widespread interest, the sale of seats which began resterday indicating that the idea of a popular series of first-class concerts at popular prices which Mr. Carpenter is preparing to introduce, if he recoives the public support, will undoubtedly prove successful.

MAPLESON'S OPERA NEXT SEASON.

New York, Aprils.—Col. Mapleson announced in his speech at the Academy of Music to-night, where he was having a benefit, that he had just received a telegram from Gerster, saying she had accepted his contract for next winter. He said, also, that he had signed to-day a contract with Christine Nilsson for next winter. This secures a good opera for this country next season.

TELEGRAPH WAR.

ST. LOUIS.

St. LOUIS. Mo., April L.—The hearing of the telegraph cases was continued to-day before Judges McCrary and Treat, the whole day being occupied by arguments of counsel for the Union Pacific Railroad Company and the American Union Telegraph Company. The papers on file in the cases are exceedingly voluminous, among the recent additions being the cross-bill of the American Union Telegraph Company, and affidavits in support thereof. Judge McCrary intimated during the afternoon session that time would be allowed the complainant to file any further papers in answer to this cross-bill upon the points not aircedy covered by the pleading. The papers show, among other things, that the Western Union Telegraph Company, which is complainant in one of the bills, constructed the telegraph lines of three wires from Kausas City, Mo., to Denver, Celo., a distance of 636 miles, under the contract with the Kansas Pacific Railroad Company of Oct. I, 1865. The Railway Company furnished the poles and one of the wires, but the Telegraph Company supplied all the labor, the two other wires, and the machinery, instruments, and batteries required for the use of the telegraph lines. The work was done subject to acceptance by the United States Government Inspector, and, as the reports show, was done very satisfactorily. From the date of its construction up to last February, the actly and entered made by the Austrace Pacific and Western Union Telegraph Companies
in the faithful performance of the contracts
which are now sought to be thrust saide by the
Union Pacific Company and its Gould ally, the
American Union-Telegraph Company.

During the day some queries were propounded
by Judge McCrary to counsel for the Union Pacific Railroad Company. Early in the morning
session the Judge pointedly remarked to Mr.
Poppleton that he would like to hear him on the
question whether the defense of altra viris could
be resorted to by a corporation without it first
returned the property it had received under the
contract sought to be set aside.

Mr. Poppleton, in reply, referred to the celebrated West Jersey Railroad case, just decided
by the United States Supreme Court, and broadly contended it was the duty of the Union Pacific Railroad Company to break the contract
under any circumstances.

the character of the contract between the parties."

Judge Usher said the Railroad Company didn's care by what term the contract was called, and insisted, in a humerous strain, that the Unior Pacific Company was the master and the Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph Company only its certaint, whom it could send home when it pleased But the Judge's queries remained unanswered Gen. Swayne followed for the American Unior Telegraph Company, and the arguments will be closed to-morrow morning by Judge Beckwit for the complainant.

OPIUM-POISONING.

A Sad Case in New York.

New York, April 6.—Dr. B. C. Miller, fo merly of Chicago, who is successfully intro ducing the cinchona-rubra cure for drunken ducing the cinchona-rubrs cure for drunkenness, reported to the police to-day the suicide of a lady whom he had treated for a confirmed habit of opium-eating. The patient was Mrs. Deutsch, née Van Buren, a direct descendant of the historic Van Buren familya. She was the daughter of the well-known Dr. Peter Van Buren, of this city, and a niece of Judge Van Buren, of Chicago. In 1876, at the age of 25, beautiful and cultivated, she estranged herself from her family by marrying Deutsch. Unhappiness followed, and by her changed circumstances and cruel treatment Mrs. Beutsch was driven into taking landanum as a relief. She was much degraded physically and mentally when Dr. Miller was asked to treat her. He watched her carefully, and succeeded in breaking up the asked to treat her. He watched her carefully, and succeeded in breaking up the oplum habit and restoring the unfortunate woman to fair health, but the circumstances remained against her, and though some philanthropic ladies tried to surround her with better influences, Mrs. Deutsch had not strength of will left to save herself. Saturday Dr. Miller was told she was taking beer against his orders, and learned she had taken it with her husband. This rendered him hopeless of effecting permanent reformation. Yesterday he was summoned hastily. The patient had stolen out and bought a vial of laudanum, which she took at a dose, with fatal results.

Nutrition improved, strength restored, and disease arrested by Malt Bitters. MEDICAL PREPARATIONS.



RICORD'S VITAL RESTORATIVE

Pully 25 per cent of the human race are victims to partial or complete impotency. This startling assertion will be fully corroborated by every intelligent physician. The principal causes producing this disease are indiscretions or excesses. Some of the common symptoms are loss of vizor, spormatorhose, pain in the back discrete production of the common symptoms are loss of vizor, spormatorhose, and in the back discrete production of the painting o

Celebrated Bicycles.

THE STANDARD OF EXCELLENCE IN A BICYCLE. Extreme rigidity combined with moderate weight; the isolation of the rider from all metallic vibration; ease and power of running; eloseness of build and elegance of form; but materials and work-manship. We claim that the combination of patents of which we control the monopoly is necessary to realize this high standard, and that without hom it is impossible to make the best Heyde in the markst. Fully flustrated brice-list free on application. Special terms to American purchaser. First-class Agents wanted throughout the Union.

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CORNS STEPHENS, THE CHIROPadist, IN Dearborn-st, gives
instant relief, Stephens Allflight Salve for burns, bolis,
corns, cuts, bristes, &c, dray,
gists have it. Se per box.

WILLIAMS GOLLEGE CLEE CLUB, To-Night.

and \$1.00. For sale at Box Office. CENTRAL MUSIC-HALL.

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REMEMBER, AT USUAL CHEAP PRI KIRALFY BROTHERS'

ENCHANTMENT!!

ROBSON CRANE

CARD.

To Crowded Houses Nightly.

M'VICKER'S THEATRE. CAVENDISH, ROSALIND AS YOU LIKE IT

W. SPRAGUE

ALICE OATES FANCHETTE, THE GIPSY.

HAMLIN'S THEATRE. Every evening this week and at the Matinees Saturday and Sunday, OOFTY GOOFT (Mr. Gus Philips) New York Combination in Daiy's colebrated Sensa-tional Drama. UNDER THE CASLIGHT.

FINANCIAL MUSGRAVE & CO., BANKERS,

No. 29 Pine-st., New York.

DEPOSITS received subject to check at sight, and interest allowed on daily balances.
GOVERNMENT BONDS, STOCKS, and all investment securities bought and sold on commission.
DRAW BILLS OF EXCHANGE ON London Joint Stock Bank, London. 21, 200 returns in 30 days on \$100 invested by on stock options of 40 to 50. Address T. POTTER WIGHT & CO., Bankers, 25 Wall-st., New York.

PROPOSALS.

Proposals for Physicians' Saddle Rags.

DEFOT QUARTERMANTER'S OFFICE.

HOUSTON STREET, CORNEEL OF GREEN'S.

NEW YORK, March 26, 1800.

Sealed proposals in triplicate, will be precised at this office until II o'clock, noon, April 25, 1800, at which time and place they will be opened in the presence of bidders, for furnishing and delivering at this depot 100 physicians' saddle-bags, for veterinary use. Bidders will submit with their bids a sample of the article they propose to furnish, and state when they will commence and when complete the delivery.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals. A preference will be given to articles of domestic production, conditions of price and quality being equal.

Blank proposals, and information in regard to the inic of saddle-bags required, will be furnished on application to this office.

Proposals the little of the saddle-bags, and addressed to the understance. L. C. EASTON, Colonel and A. O. M. Gen?,

Depot Quartermaster.

Proposals for Furnishing Dredges, Tage, and Scows.

UNITED STATES ENGINEER OFFICE, 180, 2 No. 3; Washington-av., Dernort, Mich., April 1, 180, 1 Sealed proposals in deplicate, will be received at this office, until 12 o'clock noon, on May 3, 183, at which time and pines they will be opened in the presence of bisders for turnishing two (2) dredges, two (2) tage, and four (4) dump-scows for excavaling in the channel of the St. Mary's River.

The Government reserves the right to reject any or all proposals.

Blank proposals and full information as to the manner of bidding, conditions to be observed by bidders, and terms of contract and payment, will be furnished on application to the other proposals about the marked:

"Proposals for furnishing Dredges &c, for St. Mary's River," and addressed to the undersimed.

G. WEITZEL, Major of Engineers. COUGH LOZENGES.

KEATING'S



LADIES C.E. WISWALLS CO.,

LIEBIQ COMPANY'S EXTRACT

oon Saturday night runs to Centralia only, bon Saturday night to Gilman only, con Saturday night runs to Peoria only. Chiengo & Alton.
Union Depot, West Side, near corner Canal and Van Buren-st, near Van Buren-st, bridge, and Twenty-third-st. Ticket Offices, at Depota, 89 South Clarkst, Grand Paetite Hotel, and Palmer House. Eanses City & Denver Fast Ex. 12:30 pm 2:00 pm 6:00 pm

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Entr-popot, corner of Van Buren and Sherman sia 71 Offices & Charles S. Sherman House, Palmer Ho Grand Pacific Stotel, and 75 Canal, corner Media Grand Pacific Stotel, and 75 Canal, corner Media Daveaport Express.

Omahis Express.

Charles City, Leavenworth & Aleftleon Express.

Fore Accommodation.

Sight Express.

Daily except Sundays. † Daily except Saturdays.

Michigan Central Malireed
Depot foot of Lake-st and foot of Twanty-second-streets office of Clark-st, grutheast certain of Handolph, Grand Facilie Hotel, and at Palmer House. Leave. | Arrive.

Lake Shore & Michigan' Southern Rallway Ticket offices at depots, Van Buren-st, head of I Sails, Twenty-second-st, and Forty-third-st. Tick and freight office under Sherman House, and tick offices in the Grand Pacific Hole and Fainer House

| Leave. | Arrive.

Chienge & Eastern Hitnets Railroad.
(Danville Routs.)
Theret Offices, 17 Clark-its., Palmar House, Grand Facilie Hotel, and Depot corner of Clinton and Carroll-its.

NO PAY! DR. KEAN,
173 South Clark-st., Chicago.
Commit personally orey mail, fees of charts, on shronia nervous, or special dismass. En. J. hand he only physician in the city who warrants curse to per.

To all who are suffering from the larrors and lack cretions of youth, norveus weakness, sarry dear loss of manhood, etc., I will send a recipe that we cure you, FREER OF URLANDE. This great remedy we dispose the lack of th

ns temperature yesterday, as observed by name, optician, 88 Madison street, TRIBUNA iding, was at 8 a. m., 37 deg.; 10 a. m., 30; 12 48; 3 p. m., 48; 8 p. m., 38. Barometer, 8 p. m.,

Libweld, General Manager Red Libert, Buffalo, N. Y.; A. Kimball, Super-Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Rati-venport; C. A. Griscom, General Man-orican Steamship Company, Philadel-C. A. Swineford, Superintendent Bara-

annual meeting of the Calumet & Chi-al & Dock Company, held at their office, fo. 40 Dearborn street, yesterday after-following Directors were elected for ing year: Xavier L. Otis, Robert A. imuel Gehr, Franklin H. Watriss, Hen-oe, A. Sidney Downs, and William E. ain.

ary executors, including Messrs.

igne, Melville W. Fuller, and Henry
the estate of the late Judge Sidney
goes to sell his library at acction in
soffice Saturday, at 2 o'clock. In the
included full sets of the Democratic
ek's "Gasetteer," Peck's "Guide,"
History of Illinois," Butler's "Kenlistory of Vincennes," Vandalia Regiscook as faras 1850, and other valuable

leged the following officers were dent, D. J. Wrenn; Vice-Presi-sth, J. S. Cosgrove, P. D. Doyle, tohell: Recording Secretary, Pe-corresponding

has been rumored for some time past that vashington Libbey was negotiating for the mass of the furniture and lease of the out House now owned by John A. Rice, rell known that Mr. Rice will be manager e great Rockaway Beach Hotel this summed he, it was understood, was willing to it, desiring to give his whole attention to ew enterprise. Mr. Rice, it was undernaked \$100,000 for his interests, and \$85,000 ferred. The negotiations fell through

ne the dutiable goods received: Moseback & Humphrey, 77 packares caustic soda; Rothshild, Schroeder & Ellel, 67 bales leaf tobacco; J. B. Osborne & Co., 20 cases brandy; Public Abrary, I case books; Field, Renedict & Co., 4 asset dry goods; O. R. Keith & Co., 2 cases millinery goods; Mandel Bros., 1 case dry goods; Wandel Bros., 1 case dry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases dry goods; Mowing and Heaper Machine Company, 206 cases steel rive; Van Schaack, Stevenson & Co., 1 case rive; Van Schaeck, Stevenson & Co., 1 case gry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case ry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case ry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case ry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case ry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case ry goods; Wilson Bros., 2 cases hosiery; J. case musical instruments.

THE West Side Woman's Christian Temperance Inion held a meeting yesterday afternoon in lecture-room of the Leavitt Street Congrestional Church, Mrs. Milton George, President of the Union, in the chair. After the usual decotional exercise, Miss Baker, Secretary, read he report of the Gospel Temperance Commitative for March, which showed that during hat month the Union had held one business neeting, three Gospel meetings at No. 704 West ake street, four at No. 431 Ogden avenue, and on at the California Avenue Mission, on the orner of Madison street. An addition of sixen three three months were arranged as follows: feekly temperance prayer-meetings. The meetings for he call for the case of the company whose stablishment in this city was sold to the "Conolidated Fire Extinguisher Company, whose stablishment in this city was sold to the "Conolidated Fire Extinguisher Company, of Louisille, 450,000; John V. Parwell, \$15,000; the hampion Fire Extinguisher Company, of Louisille, 450,000; John V. Parwell, \$15,000; and the Great merican Fire-Extinguisher Company, of Louisill

any one on the line of any of the roads of Chicago desire to cooperate with the of Chicago in supplying food to the Persians, they can communicate with handolph, Scoretary of the Board of George Stewart, Chairman of Committell furnish them full particulars as to cite. It is trusted there will be a generate to this call.

came that Gen. Stiles should be telephoned, as the authorities were undecided as to whether or no they should allow the prischer to go forth from jail to attend another trial. Presently, Deputy-Sheriff Tom Sennott came into court bringing a message from State's Attorney Mills to the effect that the prosecution would take the matter directly before the Grand Jury, and directing Justice Hammer to dismiss the oase against Patten. And so the matter stands. The Sheriff stated that it would be lawful to take Patten over to the Justice Court and try him for a crime, even though he was serving out one sentence, but that the State's Attorney had decided to bring both Patten and Gribler before the Grand Jury on the first day of the new term, and it was better to let the thing go in this way.

way.

The Board of Officers of the First Regiment held a meeting at the Armory last night for the purpose of discussing the subject of the proposed summer trip of the organization. After considerable discussion it was resolved that the regiment should go to Oconomowoc this season, and that the time set should be Saturday. July 17, and that the encampment should last one week. The Committee who went to Oconomowoc to make arrangements consisted of Col. E. D. Swain, Maj. Truman W. Miller, Maj. J. D. Bangs, and Quartermaster A. L. Boll. Upon the strength of their report, the Board decided to make Oconomowo the objective point for the excursion and encampment. The

THE CITY-HALL. THE TRIBUNE is in receipt of a comm eces of pavement on Chicago avenue, betwee pleces of pavement on Chicago avenue, octween the bridge and Milwaukee avenue, and used the blocks to repair other streets, etc., leaving the street there almost impassable. The Superin-tendent of Streets was spoken to on the subject yesterday, and said he knew of the matter, and that if the blocks had been removed it must have been before his appointment. He concedes that the street is in a bad condition, but he thinks it is because the blocks have worn out, and not because they have been removed. CITY PRINTING.

cluded what he will do in the matter.

How the mayor fraits.

The Mayor is a little surprised at the result of the election, especially on the West Side. He had done his utmost to carry the day for his party, and smooth the way for this fall; had even advised the Definocracy to unite with the Communists in the hope that the way might be opened up to him to take Davis place in Congress, but he cannot see, in the result, that he made much headway. He thinks, however, that he could bring out the vote a great deal better on the ticket than he did off of it, and in the meantime can nurse the Communists, and about half-way declares himself a candidate for Congress. The Aldermanie election does not suit him generally, for the reason that he does not see in the new members many of his admirers, nor yet many whom he has any good reason to believe he can control. But he takes a hopeful view of affairs, on the whole, and laurhingly says that he will be able to do pretty much as he wants to.

williams college was held by the college was held last evening in the ladies' ordinary of the Tremont House. There were sixty-eight present, who engaged in the festivities of the evening and embraced the opportunity to renew old acquaintances, strengthen old ties, and testify their memory of folly times at their a.ma mater. After a half-hour devoted to talk, the alumni in a body adjourned to the banqueting-hall, where a bounteous supper claimed attention.

Officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows: President—V. C. Tremer, '46. Vice-President—Henry M. Lyman, '58; George B. Goodwin, '54; and Charles W. Keyes, '46. Secretary—Townsend MacCoun, '68. Treasurer—Dr. J. S. Mitchell, '63. Executive Committee—R. W. Baoon, '82; J. P. Truesdel, '67; Kirk Hawes, '64; R. W. Patterson, Jr., '71; and J. B. Adams, '74. Prayer was offered by Father Kent, of the class of 1824.

After full justice had been done to the excellent dinner, with the coffee and clears came the toasts, the pastor of the Thfrd Presbyterian Church of this city acting as toastmaster. The feature of this part of the evening was the singing of the old college airs by the Glee Club, who acquitted themselves in a manner justifying the promise of an overwhelming success at their concert to-night.

Interesting and witty addresses were made by the President of the Association, and by Dr. Chadbourne, President of the Callege: Prof. Swing, on behalf of the Western colleges; Prof. Swing, on behalf of the Western colleges; Prof. Swing, on behalf of the Western colleges, Prof. Swing, on behalf of the Western colleges. Prof. Swing, on

SMALL-POX.

SMALL-POX.

A NUMBER OF DANGEROUS CASES REPORTED. The Health Department was very much disturbed early yesterday morning by several new cases of small-pox being reported in the city, and also by reports that two infected persons had reached here from Om. a the day before and were at large, and that in Du Page County and neighboring points on the Illinois Central Railroad the disease was quite prevalent.

A reporter set out to investigate the reports, and found that there was really some cause of alarm. To start with he was informed that a case had been reported the day before from No. 251 West Twentieth street, the patien, being a Pole and living in a thickly-settled neighborhood. The source of his infection could not be learned, but if was found out that the Health Officer and had to actually break into his bouse and fight a brigade of women arms, with broomsticks before he could remove him to the Small-Pox Hospital. The case was a very bad one, and, the unfortunate having been brought into contact with his neighbors,—none of whom had been vaccinated,—it was feared by

pital, and the promised and the inmates vac-cinated.

The next case reported was from No. 182 West Adams street, from which vicinity a patient hid been taken some weeks ago. The unfortunate proved to be a young man named Ormes, who had been working in a laundry, and he is sup-posed to have caught the disease in handling in-fected clothing.

The next case was a Miss Ida Brown, of No. 32 West Indians street. An examination showed that she had been sick some days, and that on the 4th she had been reported to the Health Depart-ment as having the measles, since which here

west indiana street. An elamination showed that she had been reported to the Health Department as having the measles, since which time she has been treated for that disease, and been in contact with a family of nine boarders and five children,—the children all attending the Washington School. Her case proved the worst which has yet appeared, and the circumstances surrounding it were more alarming. She was removed, of course, and the salcon in connection with the house where she lived was closed, and an officer was placed in charge of the premises to see that there was no coming or going. The children were then taken from school, the premises, clothing, and everyothing thoroughly fumigated, and everyother possible precaution was taken to prevent the spread of the disease. Yet it is feared they will be unsuccessful. This morning, as a further precaution, however, Dr. De Wolf will have the school visited by the Medical Inspectors, and all of the children examined to see whether or not they have been thoroughly vaccinated at once.

Several other cases were reported during the day,—one from No. 66 West North avenue,—but they did not prove genuine. They are to be watched, however, for developments, for it is believed that the disease is among us, and that it will take the greatest care to ward it off and prevent its spread, especially since reports are rife that infected persons from other localities are arriving here every day. In fact, Dr. De Wolf is satisfied that one or more persons with the disease have been secreted and harbored somewhere in the city for weeks past, and attributes this sudden outbreak to this fact. He has searched for such cases, but in vain; but wherever a case is found it will be dealt with promptly and vigorously, and he calls upon the physicians of the city to assist him in the good work.

SUBURBAN.

The Board of Trustees met Monday, the full Board being present.

The Clerk reported that applications for twenty-eight saloon licenses had been flied in his office, and that he had posted notices to that fiect.

The Superintendent of Water-Works reported 9,030,723 gallons of water pumped in March, and total expenses \$330.

The Town Collector was instructed to turn over to the County Collector as, delinquent all special assessments remaining in his hands on the county is the control of the county of the county collector as the control of the county collector as the collector

special assessments remaining in his hands on or before April 13.

The Board then adjourned to meet Monday.

The Lake View Veteran Club will have a meeting in Cook's Hall, on Lincoln avenue, Saturday. It is expected that all ex-Union and honorably discharged soldiers residing in the town will attend, as it is proposed to print the full list of membership—company, regiment, rank, and present residence—in the constitution and by-laws.

EVANTOR.

The Village Trustees met Tuesday evening in the Village office. Present, Crocker, Williams, Parkhurst, Crain, Ducat. It was ordered that the President of the Board procure estimates for a two-foot brick sower from Greenwood to Davis street, between Himma and Chicago avenues. It was ordered that the Street Commissioner open up Michigan avenue through Bell Park, During the present year the total receipts have been \$74,000 and the disbursements \$50,000, which latter includes \$15,000 of Water-Works bonds and \$2,000 sewer bonds that have been canceled. The credit of the village is exceptionally good, Water-Works bonds as 'ng at \$1.15 and sewer bonds at \$1.10. The reports of the several officers were as yet incomplete, and the Board will held an extra meeting next Tuesday evening to complete what business is yet unfinished.

The caucus for village officers will be held Saturday evening.

SPORTING.

PEDESTRIANISM. New York, April 7.—Dobler and Hart are the erroes of the contest for the O'Leary belt. Both returned to the track at half-past 1, and at 3 o'clock Hart maintained the lead of one mile which he had held on retiring. Dobler at 6 o'clock was one mile ahead of Hart. Pegram helps his colored friend, Hart, and was himself booked for second place. Dobler wears a brighter face to-day, but shows rather weary in form.

Nine o'clock score: Hart, 236; Dobler, 255; Pegram, 235; Allen, 227; Howard, 228; Merritt, 222; Krohne, 236; Williams, 230; Melntyre, 196; Hanawaker, 191; Jaybee, 105.

The excitement of the morning was the spurt between Hart and Krohne, in which an effort to "pocket" Krohne was made by Pegram and Hart. This was broken by Merritt, who, taking "the pole" in front of Hart, slacked pace, so that Krohne could pass Merritt while Hart could not without breaking the rules.

Twelve o'clock score: Hart, 276 miles; Dobler, 255; Pegram, 249; Howard, 228; Allen, 238; Merritt, 238; Krohne, 237; Hanawaker, 392; Merritt, 238; Krohne, 237; Hanawaker, 392; Howard, 276; Allen, 277; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 278; Allen, 277; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 278; Allen, 277; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 278; Allen, 278; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 278; Allen, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Allen, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Allen, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Allen, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Allen, 279; Dobler, 307; Hanawaker, 279; Allen at 8 o'clock Hart maintained the lead of one

THE OAR.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

DEFROIT, Mich., April 7.—At a meeting of the Executive Board this afternoon, it was decided to hold the regatta of the Northwestern Amateur Rowing Association at East Saginaw June 23, 24, and 25. J. K. Stevens was elected Commodore and F. H. Heyt Vice-Commodore.

FIRES.

AT ALTA, IA. Ita, a station on the Illinois Central, sevent Alta, a station on the lillinois Central, seventy miles east of this city, at 1 o'clock this morning, and by daylight half the business part of the town was in ashes. Most of the goods in the stores burned were saved. The loss on fifteen buildings burned is put at \$25,000, on which the insurance was but \$5,000. The origin of the fire is supposed to have been incendiary.

AT WAVERLEY, MO. Sr. Louis, Mo., April 7.—A Republican special says a fire at Waverley, Mo., last night burned a large brick warehouse and 25,000 bushels of grain, principally corn, and considerable other property. Loss and insurance not stated, but the Phenix, Amazon, Scotch Commercial, and Springfield Fire and Marine Companies are in-

AT ROCHESTER, N. Y. BOCKESTER, April 7.—The manufacturing establishment owned by the Isaac Butts estate and occupied by sash, door and blind manufacturers, burned to-night. Loss about \$100,000 Insurance, \$20,000.

INDIAN NEWS.

The expedition against the roving bands of hostile Sioux who have strayed from Sitting-Bull's camp has partially succeeded, as will be seen from the following tardy report which reached headquarters yesterday.

O'Fallon Cheek Station, via Reogh, April 3.

—The pursuit of a war-party by Capt. Huggins, Lieut Coale, and Lieut. Brett, with sixty men, for nearly 200 miles, resulted in the capture at the head of this creek of five warriors, forty-five head of borses, mules, and ponies. The remainder, tweive or fifteen, escaped in the night on foot. Capt. Huggins and his troops are entitled to much credit for their skill, zeal, and endurance. Sergt. Johnston. C Company, Second Cavalry, was killed in the fight. These Indians are thirty-four days out from Sitting-Bull's camp, and say they were told by the white chief on the other side of the line to come over and steal stock.

OCEAN ETEAMSULE NEWS

OCEAN STEAMSHIP NEWS. ador, from Havre, London, April 7.—The State of Indiana an Trinacria, from New York, and Atlas, from Bos-ton, have arrived out. New York, April 7.—Arrived, Gellert, from

Amburg.

Queensrown, April 7.—Arrived, Polynesian, rom Baltimore.

The Eldredge Sewing-Machine.—It leads the world, and is the best for you to buy. Sold on monthly payments. 199 State street.

Roy-checked misses and pretty boys buy their candy at Dawson's, 211 State street.

THE RAILROADS.

Proceedings of the Recent "High-Joint" Meeting at New York.

Failure to Enforce a Uniformity of Interior-Foreign Freight Rates.

Signing of the Lease of the Chicago & Pacific to the Milwaukee & St. Paul.

HIGH-JOINT PROCEEDINGS. So little has been divulged regarding the pro-cedings of the late meeting of the Joint Executive Committee at New York that the managers of the Western roads, very few of whom were present at that meeting, have been anxiously looking for the official report to learn what action had actually been taken. After two weeks

looking for the official report to learn what action had actually been taken. After two weeks of waiting the report has come to hand and shows that considerable business was transacted of which no account has been given. The report this time contains a new feature. It is headed with the following notice:

"The proceedings of the Executive Committee are printed for the use and information of the members of the Committee only, and not for general publication. Copies of the proceedings will hereafter be sent only to members of the Committee, who will designate how many copies they desire to have for the use of the officers of the Company."

This notice is to prevent the newspapers hereafter from publishing the proceedings of the "High Joints." Mr. Fink evidently does not like the criticisms of the press, and therefore attempts to convert the Joint Executive Committee into a "Star Chamber" arrangement, the proceedings of which are to be kept a secret to the outside world. In Mr. Fink's opinion it is none of the people's concern what the railroads are doing or how they are run; all the people have to do is to pay the rates without asking any questions. This action on Mr. Fink's part hardly corresponds with the remark he made to a Tribuns reporter when he was last in this city. At that time he said he had not the least objection to publishing the reports, as the railroads had no secrets, and they wanted the public to know what the railroads are doing.

The report shows that the following roads were elected new members of the Joint Executive Committee at the last meeting: Chicago & Grand Trunk, to be represented by Gen. J. H. Wilson.

The chairman on opening the meeting stated that he had to bring to the attention of the meeting but two subjects of general interest to all members of the Committee which had to be considered and acted upon by the Committee as a whole. The questions of general interest to all members of the Grand Trunk Railway to-

The relations of the Grand Trunk issues wards the other companies represented on the Committee.

In regard to the Grand Trunk compileations, Mr. Fink said that, in accordance with the resolutions passed at the meeting of the High Joints in Chicago, the report of the Investigating Committee was referred to the Chairman of the trunk-line Presidents, who requested him to center with the executive officers of the Grand Trunk Railway, who expressed their willingness to cooperate with the other companies in all matters relating to the maintenance of rates and the conservative conduct of business in which they were jointly interested.

At a subsequent meeting of the trunk-line Presidents resolutions were passed that the Presidents invite the Grand Trunk to attend, by officers fully authorized to set, the meeting of the Trunk Line and Joint Executive Committee, to be held in New York March 24. At the said meeting the questions of tonnare divisions at Chicago, Detroit, and elsewhere, between the Grand Trunk and other companies, the questions of foreign through rates from the East, and all-questions at issue, except matters of local interest to the New York roads and the Grand Trunk Company, be taken up and fully considered, and if the said Committee cannot agree upon said general questions they should be promptly referred to the established Board of Arbitration for conclusions to bind all parties until a new agreement is arrived at or the conclusions as announced are changed by arbitration.

On motion of Mr. McCullough, it was resolved

mentioned in the resolution of the Presidents of the trunk lines and the Central Vermont Railrond.

Mr. Blanchard offered a resolution that the Trunk Line Executive Committee and the Grand Trunk Line Executive Committee and the Grand Trunk Line Executive Committee and the Grand Trunk Line proceed to definit action as to equal foreign through rates Eastward via all ports, according to the plan adopted by the Joint Executive Committe for carrying out the same through a trunk line Foreign Freight Agents' Committee at New York.

Mr. Sargeant, of the Grand Trunk, said the proposition that all ports through which the Grand Trunk works are to be placed upon the same footing as New York and other American ports was-not in the nature of things, and, therefore, hie did not want to committ the Grand Trunk to a resolution which rendered them liable to be hauled over the coals from time to time, as had been the practice. Owing to the fact that his Company had some 800 miles of interior roads with which the American lines had little to do, and from which by far the larger portion of traffic via Portland was derived, he could not agree to be bound by the same rates as from American ports. After a long discussion Mr. Blanchard's resolution was adopted, the Baltimore & Ohio, Central Vermont, Marietta & Cincinnati, and Ohio & Mississippi voting against it.

The Chairman called attention to the protests received from the Board of Exchange at St. Louis and the Beards of Trade at Chicago and Indianapolis against making through foreign rates the same via all ports, and, on motion, they were referred to the Committee on Consideration of Foreign Rates in connection with the Grand Trunk.

A resolution introduced by Mr. Smith, of the Baltimore & Ohio, that all resolutions and proceedings regarding the adjustment of rates between Western points and European ports which do not conform to the agreement executed by the trunk lines are restinded and made void was after a heated discussion lost.

In this condition the matter now remains, and

THE CHICAGO & PACIFIC. The contempt proceedings against the stock-colders of the Chicago & Pacific Railroad Company for ignoring Judge Jameson's injunction at the late meeting held for the purpose of leas-ing the road perpetually to the Chicago, Mil-waukee & St. Paul Company, were dismissed by Judge Jameson yesterday, and he declined to enter the rule and dissolved the injunction. The Judge said he could see no cause why an in-junction should be issued, and stated that in his populor the lease of the property to the Milwau-kee & St. Paul was the best thing under the circumstances that could be done with the road. Mr. Edwin Walker, the attorney of the Milwau-kee & St. Paul, offered a bond of \$34,000 to Mr. Robert Law, but that gentlemen refused to ac-cept it.

kee & St. Paul, offered a bond of \$34,000 to Mr. Robert Law, but that gentlemen refused to accept it.

As soon as the injunction had been dissolved yesterday morning the lease and mortgage were executed. It is signed by Mr. Alexander Mitchell, President of the Milwaukee & St. Paul, and Mr. Edwin Walker, President of the Chicago & Pacific. It was not known heretofore that Mr. Walker was the President of the Chicago & Pacific. The matter has been kept secret to prevent the Blair party from getting out injunctions against him and thus delaying the consummation of the scheme. It proves that The TRIBUNE was correct in the statement made heretofore that the alleged syndicate that purchased the Chicago & Pacific was the Milwaukee & St. Paul itself.

The road is to be redeemed to day, when the money for which the road was bid in by Mr. Blair, something over a million of dollars, will be paid into court. The payment will be made by the First National Bank of this city, and, Judging by the remark made by the President of the bank that the Court will have to handle about a ton of money, he evidently means to make the payment in gold and silver.

The dissatisfied stockholders have now commenced attachment proceedings against the Chicago & Pacific Railroad Company.

P., C. & ST. LOUIS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicage Tribusa.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 7.—The annual report of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati & St. Louis Road for 1879 shows that the Company new controls 1,330 miles of road, much of which was formely operated with loss. In the face of beavy reductions in freight and passenger tariff, the road has gained during the past year \$551,-757.72 over the preceding one. Of this, \$412,000.51 was a clear profit. For the division entering this city the gross earings increased \$138,183.19, while the expenses increased but \$13,953.07. On the Little Miami Road, the gross earnings increased \$105,503.53, while the expenses decreased

\$56,607.51. On the Columbus, Chicago & Indiana Central division the gross earnings increased \$471,506.88, and the expenses \$18,209.11. The gross earnings on the Vandalla increased \$303,-868.51, and the expenses \$63,908.77. The entire gross earnings of the system for 1879 were \$10,-701,002.99, an increase over the previous year of \$1.305,748.61, while the gross expenses increased \$117,701.48.

SOUTHERN COMBINATION.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

ATLANTA, Ga., April T.—Newcomb, Wadley, Brown, and Alexander have agreed to and signed a contract whereby the Louisville & Nashville and all the railroads in Georgia and part of South Carolina become as one in all but management. They unite for mutual benefits, and for through business. An office is to be established in New York, and Savannah and Charleston are to be terminal ports. The agreement is ton are to be terminal ports. The agreement is equally advantageous to Chicago as Louisville or St. Louis. A grain elevator is to be constructed in Atlants.

of St. Louis. A grain and the control of the railroad Presidents of Georgia have been in session for the purpose of consulting with President Newcomb, of the Louisville & Nashville. The conference closed to-day with the announcement that a close alliance had been formed between Newcomb and the Central, Western, and Atlantic, and Georgia Roads by which the course to the sea is cleared and all lines combined in one system. Newcomb made no leases, but has, it is said, assurances that the alliance will be permanent. The through line will at once be organized, and an office opened in New York.

TEXAS CATTLE SHIPMENTS. Mr. T. F. Oakes, General Manager of the Kan-sas City, Fort Scott & Gulf Railroad, and Messrs. ass City. Fort Sooit & Gulf Railroad, and Messra. R. Stevens and J. A. Ikehard, of the Committee of Texas cattle-raisers lately appointed to make arrangements to drive the Taxas cattle through the Indian Territory, instead of shipping it by the Missouri, Kansas & Texas and St. Louis & Iron Mountain Roads, the raise of which are almost proscriptive, were in the city yesterday to conclude arrangements with the Chicago roads for the transportation of the cattle east from Kansas City. The cattle are to be driven through the Indian Territory to the terminus of the Kansas City. Lawrence & Southern, and theanca shipped over that road to Kansas City. The Kansas City. Lawrence & Southern is being rapidly extended, and Mr. Oakes expects to reach Moriden Oreek, Indian Territory, by the 1st of June next. This will open up the best grazing fields of the Indian Territory, and make the line the most convenient for the transportation of Texas cattle.

SELMA. ROME & DALTON. SELMA, ROME & DALTON.

New York, April 7.—At a meeting of the Directors and large holders of the first and second mortgage bonds of the Selma, Rome & Dalton Railroad held this afternoon, it was decided to organize for the purchase of all classes of securties of the road. The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company was appointed the transfer agent for the stock. The meeting agreed that an appeal be taken from the recent decision of the State Court of Alabama to the United States Supreme Court.

A NEW PROJECT. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. ADRIAN, Mich., April 7.—The Hon. Philo Parons, John H. Wendell, President of the Boar of Trade; and Messrs. George W. Balch and Joh N. Brady, of Detroit, had a conference with a number of leading citizens here to-day in regard to a new railroad from Detroit to Butler, Ind., via this city. A committee of fifteen was chosen to visit Detroit and promote the desired project.

SALARIES ADVANCED. Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune. BLOOMINGTON, Ill., April 7.—To-day ManaceMullon ordered an advance of 10 per cent the salaries of all men employed here in the machine-shops of the road, excepting those of foremen and engineers of stationary engines.

AT MARIETTA, O. CINCINNATI, O., April 7.—A Gazette special from Marietta says the shops of the Marietta, Pitts burg & Cleveland Railroad burned this morning with their contents, including three locomotives Loss, \$7,000; no insurance.

The Chicago & Alton Railroad Company has decided to advance the wages of all the men in their shops at Bloomington 10 per cent, the advance to date from April 1.

wance to date from April 1.

Mr. Henry Villard, President of the Oregon Railway & Navigation Company, and William Endicott, Jr., President of the Burlington-Nebraska Railroad, passed through this city yesterday on their way to Oregon to inspect the property of the former Company, in which both gentlemen are largely interested.

Maj. S. E. Cary, late General Passenger and Ticket Agent of the New Orleans & Mobile Railroad, has accepted the position of General Ticket and Passenger Agent of the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans Railroad Company, in place of Mr. France Chandler, resigned. Mr. Cary enters upon the discharge of his new duties May 1, and will no doubt prove a valuable acquisition to the road that has been so fortunate as to secure his services.

MINOR ELECTIONS.

ILLINOIS.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribune.

RIGIN, Ill., April 7.—The following was the result of the Tuesday's election: James Carlisle, Democrat, elected Supervisor by 375 majority over D. R. Jencks, Republican; H. E. Perkins and William Grote, Assistant Supervisors, elected over. A. W. Root, all Republicans; Ed W. King, independent Republican, elected Collector over H. T. Plummer, regular Republican, and over F. Kramer, Democrat; William F. Sylla, elected Town Clerk over R. W. Podelford, both Republicans. The following Republicans were also elected: Garret Rosenkrans, Assessor; F. L. McClure, School Trustee; H. N. Patchin, Highway Commissioner. William Hintze and A. S. Barry, Republicans, were elected Library Directors over M. H. Thompson, Republican, and John Martin, Democrat. There was a light vote polled.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Ottawa, Ill., April 7.—William Stormont was elected Supervisor of Ottawa Township over Silas W. Cheever by the close vote of 708 to 617. The Assistant Supervisors are John Mathers and Matthew White; Assessor, E. J. Wall; Collector, Nicholas Downey; Clerk, J. G. Armstrong; Highway Commissioner, William Galvin. The main Issue before the people was whether mortgages upon real estate should be taxed. The officers elected are in favor of taxing those securities, as well as the property secured.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Lincola, Ill., April 7.—The election yesterday in East and West Lincoln Townships was hotly contested, resulting in the reflection to the Board of Supervisors of Robert. Soarth in the former by Timajority and H. L. Petroe in the latter by 102 majority.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Galena, Ill., April 7.—The clouny esterday in Jo Daviess County resulted in a decided victory for the Republicans in nearly every township except East and Wess Galena. The Board of Supervisors, as usual, will be larguly Republican. The Bast Galena delegates to the State Convention are Gen. W. R. Rowley, the Hon. B. H. McClellan, David ILLINOIS.

new Council stands: Democrats, 10; Republicans, 8.

Returns from all the towns in Sangamon County show that the Republicans elected I? Supervisors and the Democrats 16. This is the first time the Republicans have had a majority in the Board since 1890.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

CLINTON, Ill., April 7.—The election returns are all in for De Witt County, and show a gain of one Democrat for Supervisor, giving the Democrats a working majority.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

PRORIA, Ill., April 7.—The Democrats met with an overwhelming defeat at the polls yesterday. The Republicans elected their Assessor by 1,309 majority over the Democrats, and a Collector by 433 majority. The Democrats, and the Republicans five Supervisors. The next County Board will be Republican by one majority. The Irish, who ran the caucuses, undertook to portion out the offices, giving one or two to Americans, two to the Germans, and taking the rest themselves. The result is, not an Irishman on their ticket was elected.

INDIANA.

Special Dispatch to The Osicage Tribuna.

Indianaporties were given in this county for the constitutional amendments: First, 3,300; second, 3,900; third, 3,907; fourth, 4,61; fifth, 4,465; sixth, 4,194; finth, 4,465. The total vote for the several measures was as follows: First, 11,208; second, 10,853; third, 11,273; fourth, 11,071. This indicates that the hardest fight was made against the first, and that at least 1,000 more Democrats voted against it than against the ninth, which limited municipal indebtedness. These figures indicate also the prajudice of the Democrats' heart in this, that several hundred refused to vote either way for those amendments striking out the word "white," thus recognizing the political equality of the colored man. Another straw of great political significance is the fact that the falling off in the National vote in the county from that INDIANA.

RHODE ISLAND. ROYDENCE, R. L. April 7.—The State election lited in no choice for Governor and Lieuresulted in no choice for Governor and Lieutenant-Governor, the Democrats having polled a considerable vote in the latter part of the day. Returns from thirty towns, including one ward of this city, give Littlefield 6,250; Kimball, Domocrat, 4,290; Howard, Prohibition and Independent Republican, 2,314. The towns generally exhibit irregular and surprising results. Some Democratic districts show Republican successes, and strong Republican towns divide their votes between the three candidates. Newport gives Littlefield 448; Howard, 42; Kimball, 316. The Republican candidates for Secretary of State, Attorney-General, and General Treasurer are elected by about the usual majority, there being no third candidates for those offices.

The General Assembly will be three-quarters Republican candidates for Secretary of State, Attorney-General, and General Treasurer are elected by about the usual majority, there being no third candidates for those offices.

The General Assembly will be three-quarters Republican, insuring the election of Littlefield by that body. It is understood the large majority of the Assemblymen-elect favor the relection of Senator Bu raside.

The returns from all the towns in the State except Block Island give Littlefield 10,014; Kimball, 6,821; Howard, 5,006.

WISCONSIN. WISCONSIN.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

Milwauker, April 7.—News has been received from Centralia, Wood County, to the effect that the Hayden Greenback ticket is elected. Contratia was the home of Judge Hayden, Greenback candidate for Attorney-General in 1877, who was shot a year ago by Cochran, a banker, and since the killing all political events in that place and Grand Rapids are governed by the sympathies of the people for or against Cochran. Three weeks ago the Hayden people were beaten in Grand Rapids, but yesterday they were victorious in Centralia, so far as the city ticket is concerned, with the exception of one Alderman,

concerned, with the exception of one Alderman but a brother of the banker, Cochran, was elected Supervisor. Illegal voting is charged against the Haydenites. Cochran's trial for the shooting of Judge Hayden is set down for May 11. May 11.

Special Disputch to The Chicago Tribune.
FOND DU LAC, Wis., April 7.—Gilson is elected.
Circuit Judge over McLean by 6,000. Gilson's
majority in Fond du Lac County is 2,100. MISSOURI. St. Joseph, Mo., April 7.-The election her

resterday was closely contested, but resulted a victory for neither party. The Democra elected the Mayor, Register, and Recorder; the Republicans, Collector, City Attorney, and Mashal. Two Republicans and three Democra are elected Councilmen. The Council is no a tic. a tie.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 7.—The city election yesterday resulted in the election of the entire Democratic ticket except Treasurer, who is a Republican. The result is: C. A. Chase, Mayor; Will Vincent, Auditor: A. C. Waimsley, Treasurer; H. Finney, Recorder; M. Burke, Supervisor of Registration. The Democrats gained one Councilman, and have control of that body by one majority.

MINNESOTA. MINNESOTA.

Special Dispatch to The Chicago Tribuna.

St. Paut. Minn., April 7.—Additional returns have been received to-day from the charter elections throughout the State. Faribault elects a Democratic Mayor, on a light vote, for the first time in the history of the city. In Mankato the Republican candidate for Mayor was elected by about 100 majority. In Lake City a Citizens ticket was elected without division on party lines.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES. CINCINNATI, O., April 7.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day voted unanimously to sub-scribe \$1,000 to the guarantee fund of the Mill-ers' International Exhibition, to be held here in June.

New ORLEANS, April 7.—The Sharpe creves was closed this afternoon and the water on the overflowed plantations is running off rapidly the breaks on the Donaldsonville & Morgan Roads will be repaired and trains run through I Monday.

Indigestion, dyspepsia, nervous prostration, and all forms of general debility relieved by taking Mensman's Peptonized Beef Tonic, the only preparation of beef containing its entire nutricious properties. It is not a mere stimulant like the extracts of beef, but contains blood-making, force-generating, and life-sustaining properties; sinvaluable in all enfeebled conditions, whether the result of exhaustion, nervous prostration, overwork, or soute disease; particularly if resulting from pulmonary complaints. Caswell, Hazard & Oo., Proprietors, New York. For sale by druggists.

CAMPBELL—The funeral of Mrs. Annie Campbell will occur at No. 118 Indiana—av. on Friday at 2 o'clock p. m. 10 Oakwoods.

BUEL—Wednesday, April 7, at 18:30 p. m., Harriet A., beloved wife of James M. Buel and sister of the late J. Seeley Walince, aced 67 years.

Remains taken to Valparaiso, Ind., for interment Friday.

atUNSON—Tuesday evening at 10 o'clock, April 6, as the residence of his son, S. B. Munson, Jr., at Mount Forest, Ill., Samuel Blahop Munson, aged 7s years.

Funeral at Mount Forest Thursday morning at 11 o'clock.

EF New Haven papers please copy.

MURPHY—At 96 West Jackson-st., Limite and Michael, youngest children of John and Kale Murphy.

Michael, youngest children of John and Kate Murphy.

Funeral Thursday, April 8, by cars to Calvary.

Funeral Thursday, April 8, by cars to Calvary.

KING—April 7, at the family residence, 315 Thirtichth-8t., Budora, wife of William T. King, aged 29 years.

Funeral from residence at 2 p. m. April 8.

KELLEY—On the 7th day of April, John Kelley, in the 53d year of his sac, of typhoid pneumonia.

Funeral from his late residence, 105 North Marketst., Friday, at 10 am. High Requirem Mass will be said at the Cathedral of the Holy Name, thence by carriages to Caivary.

RADLEY—April 7, at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. M. Roach, 191 West Twelfth-8t., Johannah Radley.

Funeral Friday, at 10 e'clock, to Jesuit Church.

Funeral Friday, at 10 e'clock, to Jesuit Church.

Sadley.
Funeral Friday, at 10 e'clock, to Jesuit Church thence by carriages to Calvary Cemetery. ANNOUNCEMENTS.

A MEETING OF THOSE INTERESTED IN THE Home for the Incurables will be held this after-noon at 2 o'clock at the First Methodist Church, corner of Clark and Washington-ats. THE REV. W. C. WILLING, PRESIDING ELDER of the Chicago District, will lead the noon meet ing to-day.

FLAVORING EXTRACTS.

Rich Flavors ASK YOUR GROCER FOR THE

ROYAL FLAVORING EXTRACTS. ROYAL VANILLA and LEMON pre serve to the highest degree the troe flavors of the fruit. For peculiar delicacy and richness, as well as great strength and perfect purity, they have no equal.

As proprietors of the Royal Baking Powder, we assure our patrons that the same standard of excellence is adopted for the Royal Flavoring Extracts as in the Baking Powder.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY THE PUBLIC WILL TAKE NOTICE gainst the Mails of the Louisiana State Lottery Company is RESCINDED.

Registered Letters and Money Order
can be sent through the Mails as formers.

THE LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPAN The scheme has stands and the school of Kangon.

IS GRAND SINGLE NUMBER D STREETING have been held, and the SECOND TO ENDAY of month was fixed upon as the regular ay.

The scheme has steadily been as ft. lower CAPITAL PRIZE SU. A.

ECAPITAL PRIZE SU. A.

ECAPITAL PRIZE SU. A.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 Capital Prize.

By GEO. P. GORE & CO.,

80 and 82 Wabash-av. Thursday, April 8, at 9:30 a.m. REGULAR TRADE SALE CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE We shall offer at this sale, in open lots, 100 pkgs. assorted W. G., C. C., and Yellow West, 1,500 pkgs. Glassware. Also fall lies Lamp Fixtures, Brackets, etc.

Goods packed for Country Merchants.

GEO. P. GORE & CO., Auctioness.

SPECIAL TRADE SALI Thursday, April 8, 9:30 a. m.

Two Hundred cases Straw Goods. One Hundred cartons Ribbons. Fifty cases Fur and Wool Hats. Fifty lots Parasols. GEO. P. GORE & CO., At Thursday, April 8, at 10 o'clock,

120 pkgs. Unclaimed Baggage By ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO.,

Chattel Mortgage Sale 278 EAST OHIO-ST. 14 ROOMS,

THURSDAY, APRIL 8, AT 10 A. M., Parlor Suits, Marble-Top Chamber Sets. Brussels and Wool Carpeta. Bids and Badding Dining saois and Kitchen Puni-nice, Crockery, Glass, and Plated Ware, and god re ods in good order. ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO., Austra AT RESIDENCE,

110.1048 MICH.-AV. Near Twenty-ninth-st.
Friday Morning, April 9,
Exemptory Sale at AUCTION Entire Contents a
ve number.
SARLOR, CHAMBER, &

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE CARPETS, ETC.
Sherr, Glass and Plated Ware, general outs by
sakeopting. First-class Sale.
ELISON, FLERSHEIM & CO. By HENRY FRIEDMAN & SONS, Auctioneers, 199, 201, and 20 Randolph-st.

enry Friedman & Sons, 99, 201, & 203 E. Randolph-st., REGULARLY LICENSED **AUCTIONEERS.**

Special attention given to sales at Private Residences, Stores, etc.

No charge for appraisement when we sell goods.

209 SOUTH HALSTED-ST., On Thursday, April 8, 10 a. m.,

By POMEROY & CO. No. 1084 West Harrison-st., NEAR OAKLEY. Swell Front Brown Stone Residence

Thursday Morning, April 8, at 10 o'clock, Will be sold the Elegant Furniture of a prival family, consisting of Parlor, Chamber, Dining-root, and Kitchen Furniture, Brussels and Wool Carpet, Beds and Bedding, Crockery, Plated Wars, Oil Parl ings, &b., &c. Also One Steinway Square Grand Piane.

Bale peremptory.
POMEROY & CO., Anctioneers, 78 and 30 Randolph By WM. MOOREHOUSE. On Thursday, April 8, at 9:30 a. m., fill be sold the entire contents of the three-story Marble-Front Residence,

No. 1642 Wabash-av., Corner of Thirty-first-st., consisting of Parior Suits and Suk and Plush, Marble and Wood-Top Chambers, State Brussels Carpets, etc., etc., all new within the last year. Sale without reserve.

WM. MOORRHOUSE, Auctioness. Mortgage Sale! Thursday, April 8, at 10 a. m.,

2121 Wabash-av. (New Number)

CANDY Send St. St. St. or S for a many box. by express, of the st. or S for a many box of the

VOLUME

MEN'S. CLOTHIN And have come ness has been ap aim to keep cons Clothing Establi mark everything by a straightfore

LEADING We cordially want to show Trade of the W MAB

SSOCIATE HOUSES-

MAIN

We have a

Cloth, Satin de Dolmans, togetl line of Jackets a popular low price 50 All-Wool Ja ting, at \$5.00. 200 Jackets, NEV at \$3.50, \$4, \$5 50 Elegant All-V ets at \$6, \$8, \$ 200 Diagonal a Dolmans, rich Silk, Fringe, ries, at \$8, \$10 Satin de Lyon D trimmed in Pa Fringe, at \$30, Ladies' Ulsters \$10.00.

PARDR MAIN 114 & 116

PULVER. **U**HOYN RETAIL STATIONE 118 and 12

EDDING AND RECEPTS

CLUB AND PARTY

A full line of Fine Correles in Cards for Notes, Res PLAIN AND CO OCEAN NA NORTH CERI
NORTH CERI
Seew York Let
Steamer sail every Sain
Southampton and Bremen
London and Paris at iowest
RATES OF PASSAGE—
ampton, London, Havre,
Sittly second cabin, Nily stee
at reduced rates—Off. R.
Green, N. Y. H. CLAUSEN
at., Agents for Chicago.

STATI derry, from N. Y., every to sta according to the according to Delin Blegen, Wester ANCHOR LINE ARCASSIA, April 15, 9a m THIOPIA, April 17, 11 am

HENDERSON BROT CUNARD M Balling twice a week to an ee Tickets from Liverpoo biblin, Belfast, and Lone Company's Office, corner hieseo. Drafts for £!, and P. H. DU VERNE

WHITEST NEW LINE OF STEAMERS I

R. BAL

RUPTURE DR. PARKER is curing the anumeturors of the corresponding trust the grade is made in the grade i